

Five Killed in Boston Strike Riots

Coolidge Asks Daniels For Naval Police

RATIFICATION OF TREATY URGED

Minority Members of Senate
Foreign Relations Commit-
tee Submit Report

Says Amendments Would
Mean Sacrifice by U. S. of
All Concessions Gained

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Reflection of the peace treaty with its League of Nations covenant or adoption of amendments would mean sacrifice by the United States of all concessions obtained from Germany under a dictated peace, minority members of the foreign relations committee declared in a report presented today to the senate.

For Speedy Ratification

The report, prepared by Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, ranking democratic member of the committee, urges speedy ratification of the treaty without amendments or reservations. It deprecates "the long and unnecessary

ADDRESSED CAR SHOP EMPLOYEES

Employees of the Boston & Maine carshops in North Billerica were addressed this noon by John J. Gilbride, James P. McCready and George F. Toye, members of the committee in charge of the campaign, to secure members for the post of the American Legion.

Fully 200 ex-service men, who are now employed at the Billerica plant, were signed up for the legion, the eloquence of the speakers having the desired effect. Secretary McCready answered the questions of interested former service men and the other speakers explained in detail the advantages to be derived from membership in the organization.

The campaign to secure a membership of 1000 for the Lowell post, which was inaugurated yesterday, is meeting with real success, but the officers in charge of the drive admit that there is still chance for improvement.

Next Monday evening at 8 o'clock at the legion headquarters in the rooms of the Community Service club in Dutton street a mass meeting will be held in the interests of the membership campaign and a number of prominent speakers have been secured to address the meeting. The principal speaker will be Seaman Edward A. Sullivan of Boston. Next Sunday announcements will be made in all the local churches urging service men, whether of the army or navy, to join the legion. The campaign is to last 10 days.

FAVOR IRELAND'S CAUSE

Leather Workers Adopt Res-
olutions Favoring Self-
Determination for Ireland

A feature of yesterday's late session of the second annual convention of the United Leather Workers' Union of America was the adoption of a set of resolutions favoring recognition of the people of Ireland and it was voted to send copies of the resolutions to President Wilson, Vice President Marshall and Senators Lodge and Walsh of Massachusetts.

The session was presided over by



WILLIAM F. BUCKLEY,
President of Convention.

Chairman William F. Buckley, of this city. The roll call of delegates showed everybody present. A general debate and discussion was given over to the committee on constitution, who were instructed to go into executive session and report their recommendation on amendments to certain articles of the constitution dealing with the officers representing the national organization. Under the head of the good and welfare of the organization interesting remarks were made by Matthew Goren.

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TOOK WEAK SPELL

Joseph Blondin, an aged man, residing in West Adams street, suffered a weak spell while alighting from an electric car at Merrimack square shortly after 9 o'clock this morning and was carried into the waiting room. The ambulance was summoned and the sick man was removed to St. John's hospital, where after receiving treatment he was able to return to his home.

SLIGHT FIRE

A slight fire in the barn in the rear of Bunlet's grocery store in Dutton street was responsible for a telephone alarm at 8:25 o'clock this morning. No damage.

WILSON'S PLEA TO MONTANA PEOPLE

Ratification Question Whether
U. S. Will Fulfill Pledges to
Its People and World

President Speaks at Billings
Before Large Crowd—
Gets Ovalion

BILLINGS, Mont., Sept. 11.—Laying his appeal for the peace treaty before the people of Montana today, President Wilson declared the question of its ratification was a question whether the United States would fulfill its pledge to its people and to the world.

There were two addresses on his day's program, Mr. Wilson speaking at the Billings Auditorium before noon so that he could reach Helena in time for a meeting at night. The auditorium here was crowded.

Mayor W. Lee Mains, introducing the president, said that where a man went across the sea and did the major portion of the work of "righting the whole world's troubles, he was some man." Yells from the crowd greeted the declaration.

Mr. Wilson said he had come west "to consult with the people in the light of circumstances which affected the whole world." Everywhere, he declared, the human heart beats the same and on both sides of the ocean there was sincere desire that there should be no more war.

It was a mistake, therefore, the president continued, to debate the peace treaty as if it were an ordinary treaty. It was not merely a treaty with Germany, he said, but a treaty affecting a settlement of the affairs of the world.

ENLISTMENTS FOR MEDICAL CORPS

A detachment of men from the United States medical corps recruiting service came to Lowell this morning in three large auto ambulances and waged a brief campaign for enlistments. The detachment was in command of Major Keyes. One of the ambulances was stationed at the Middlesex street depot, another in Bridge street and the third in Merrimack street near the army recruiting station. A large Red Cross banner and the intermittent blasts of a bugle helped to draw attention to each ambulance.

The men in charge explained the details of the medical service to a number of interested civilians and the sides of each machine were adorned with scenes from actual life in the service. Enlistments in the medical corps are for one, two or three years. The recruiting party came here from Worcester and will proceed to Lawrence this afternoon. The local army station at 117 Merrimack street will accept recruits for this branch of the service at any time.

ASK FOR

SWAN - RUSSELL HATS

WORN BY WELL-DRESSED MEN

If There Is Anything in a Hat
That You Would Like Try

DELORME
The Hatter

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Large Sizes a Specialty

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NAP-A-MINIT
For Aching Teeth
DR. A. J. GAGNON
109-466 Merrimack Street

Farrell & Conaton
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND
WATER FITTERS
243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513

Five Dead, Score Wounded Up to Noon

All Bay State Guards Now On Duty

Authorities Act to Prevent Catastrophe

Three Men Killed in Rioting Last Night—Woman Shot When Troops
Fired Upon Mob Dies—Sailor Shot Dead Trying to Flee From
Soldiers—Move to Secure Federal Aid to Guard Against Cata-
strophe With Firemen and Others Threatening to Join in Strike—
Soldiers Charge Crowds and Engage in Severe Street Fighting

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Five dead and a score of others wounded was the penalty paid up to noon today for the lawlessness begun when most of the police force deserted their posts Tuesday night.

One Woman Killed

Three men were killed in the rioting of last night. Margaret Walsh, wounded during the night in South Boston, when the state guard fired upon a mob, died this morning. Raymond Bayers, who wore a sailor uniform, dropped dead from a bullet in the neck when he tried to escape from soldiers who had broken up a dice game on Boston common. A party of men were gambling on the spot of the common where religious services

CARMEN MAY TAKE STRIKE VOTE TONIGHT

In compliance with an order issued yesterday by the joint conference board in Boston all local unions of employees of the Eastern Massachusetts (Bay State) Street Railway Co. will hold special meetings tonight to decide upon the question of beginning a strike on the system tomorrow or Saturday.

The Lowell union, local 250, will meet at 8 o'clock and again at midnight to accommodate the men who work on late shifts. Whether the men will take a vote on the question of a strike is not known. This would appear unnecessary inasmuch as the special meetings held two weeks ago registered the sentiment of the men as being in favor of such a move.

It is believed that the meetings will be held in Lowell for the sole purpose of getting the men together and allow the union officers to have them with a view to reaching the strike board. Because of the fact that all deliberations are being carried on in Boston and because the entire matter has been placed in the hands of the joint conference board, no developments are recorded in individual

localities throughout the system. The original strike order was to have gone into effect on Tuesday morning last, but was postponed until Friday. Now the board orders a decision by the men regarding a walk-out either tomorrow or Saturday.

The public trustees and division managers have nothing to say regarding the situation, other than their reiterated statements to the effect that the public is asked to submit to a strike rather than give up what they term to be the "sacred obligations of arbitration."

If the men in Lowell go out tomorrow morning Lowell will face a condition practically identical with that of a few months ago when the men left their cars and remained on strike for a week. jitney conveyances and other vehicles were pressed into service and people were transported to and from work with some degree of consistency. It is not believed that the company will resort to the employment of strike breakers, but will stagnate and not attempt to give even limited service until a settlement is reached. Both sides seem reluctant to an extreme degree and the possibilities of a strike and abandonment of service for a considerable length of time is very probable if the men decide to leave their work.

Leo Emery, a member of the state guard on duty in the Roxbury section, was beaten by a crowd of toughs and was taken unconscious to a hospital. The hospitals treated many cases of broken heads while a far greater number nursed their wounds in private.

The strong arm of the law exemplified in a judicious use of shot and shell had its sobering effect upon those who had terrorized the city un-

der the state guard arrived last night. During the day there were isolated outbreaks of violence and toughs lost no opportunity to set upon a lone soldier or loyal policeman, but those who were brave in numbers slunk to cover when confronted with any considerable force. Throughout the city the state guard did patrol duty over regular beats, at street junctions directed traffic and kept the crowds moving.

335 Policemen Stick to Posts

They carried guns with fixed bayonets and made an impressive and effective appearance. In addition to the state guards the volunteer police continued to render excellent service to law and order. A press survey of the police on duty showed that a great

number of patrolmen had remained faithful to their trust than have been claimed. Out of a total of 1635 police officers in the department, 335 answered roll today. This nucleus of the old guard gave new courage to volunteers and others who might become regular members of the department.

No Move to End Strike

Mayor Peters took a firm stand today when he declared that he would not initiate any move at the present time to settle the strike. Having taken over control of the department, the mayor now is in a position to say when negotiations will be resumed with the strikers, if they are resumed.

Continued on Last Page

SERG. E. J. McNERNEY IS DOUBLY HONORED

Two national governments have been so appreciative of the services of Sergt. Edward J. McNERNEY of this city and the gallant part he played in the world war that each of them have bestowed upon him one

Continued on Last Page

WAS FOUND DEAD IN HER ROOM

Mrs. Victor Rainville, aged 49 years, and employed in a local mill, was

found dead in her room in the rear of 12 Cabot street last evening at about 9 o'clock. The body was later viewed by Medical Examiner T. B. Smith, who stated that death was due to natural causes.

Mrs. Rainville left her work at about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon and went to her room. She informed the landlady that she was no feeling well and would take a short nap. At 9 o'clock the landlady went to the room and found that the woman had passed away. The body was removed to the funeral parlors of Undertakers Amdees Archambault & Sons in Merrimack street. Mrs. Rainville has no known relatives in this city, but it is believed that her husband is living somewhere in Rhode Island and an effort is now being made to locate him.

Report Americans Captured by Mexicans

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The American embassy at Mexico City is investigating an unconfirmed report that three Americans, including two named Jones and Ferguson of Tampico, were captured by bandits who blew up a train between San Luis Potosi and Tampico.

Report Serious Riots in Fiume

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Unconfirmed reports received in responsible quarters here tell of serious rioting in Fiume, between Italian and Yugoslav troops. The allies have been compelled to intervene. The rioting is continuing, it is stated.

Bolsheviki Report Capture of 12,000

LONDON, Sept. 11.—A bolshevik wireless despatch from Moscow today claims the capture of nearly 12,000 prisoners from Admiral Kolchak's All-Russian forces in the region of Atkinbinsk and Orsk, in the province of Turkestan, southern Russia, south of the Orenburg district. It is declared the surrender of the remainder of Kolchak's southern army is expected.

Concert and DANCE

By the
LEATHER WORKERS INTERNATIONAL UNION OF AMERICA
LOCAL NO. 2

KASINO, TONIGHT

Music—Boston Jazz Orchestra

TICKETS 35c, including War Tax.

OPEN FOR ALL ENGAGEMENTS—SEASON 1919-1920

Bachelor's Overseas Orchestra

ALL A.D.P. MEN

Leo Hefenreuter Piano
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Don't accept coffee as La Touraine unless it's in the La Touraine bag.
La Touraine Tea is just as attractive to all lovers of quality. Ask
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FRIDAY ALL DAY SPECIAL
PEACHES and SUGAR

14-qt. Basket BOTH 5 Lbs. Fine
Fancy Large \$1.49 Brown
Elbertas Sugar

FAIRBURN'S MARKET

12-14 MERRIMACK STREET 15 BRIDGE STREET

ON THE SQUARE

BOY GETS WAR CROSS

16 Year Old Lad Goes Away
-Stowaway, Returns a Hero
—Saved Y. D. Officers

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Although he left this country a stowaway concealed in a barracks bag dragged aboard a transport by sympathetic soldiers nearly two years ago, Maurice Bailey, 16 years old, of Jackson, Me., landed from the transport Northern Pacific yesterday, the hero of one of the most interesting episodes of the world war.

An ugly scar over his right eye is his only service record, because he was never officially recorded a member of the American Expeditionary Forces, but a French war cross pinned on his tunic bears silent testimony of his heroism on that autumn day in 1918 when he crawled over a shell-torn field in the Toul sector and rescued a colonel and two majors of the 26th division who were lying wounded in No Man's Land.

His brother, Alfred, who enlisted in the 103d Infantry, and his father, Victor, a sergeant in the 157th Infantry, whom he followed to France, were among the immortal army of Americans destined never to return.

Against the advice and pleadings of his father and brother, Maurice decided to "do his bit" by going to France. He followed the colors of his brother's regiment until the war was over.

While carrying chocolate, cigarettes and water from a Y.M.C.A. canteen to the men at the front in the Chateau-Thierry operations in July, 1918, Maurice was struck by a piece of shrapnel.

Two months later he rejoined the company, which was then about 20 miles from Toul. It was there that he won his decoration.

"We were just fighting again and I saw two majors lying wounded," he said. "I got a soldier from the company and we went over to them, and also found a colonel lying wounded nearby. One of the majors was wounded in the arm and the other's leg was half cut off by a shell. The colonel had a bad wound on top of his head and couldn't see. The soldier picked up the major with the wounded leg and carried him on his shoulder. I put the other major's arm around my neck and we made it to the hospital."

In the St. Mihiel push Maurice was gassed and spent another month in the hospital. From the time of the armistice until his return Maurice has been referred from one officer to another in the effort to get home, but he finally made his way to Brest and enlisted the aid of the crew of the Northern Pacific. Upon his arrival here the Red Cross promised to take care of him, and see that he got home in safety.

POLICE SEND TICKET
SELLERS ON WAY

Three blythe young women and a blythe young man whizzed into Merrimack square shortly after noon yesterday and proclaimed to all who cared to listen that they were here to sell tickets for the small sum of one dime each, in connection with the carnival being held this week at Salisbury beach and the man, woman or child who got the ticket with the winning number would be presented a handsome silver when the carnival closed.

All went well until the blythe young woman and the blythe young man were noticed by two blythe young police officers, O'Neil and Moore, to be exact. Then business, which had been decidedly brisk, suddenly fell off to an alarming extent, and the blythe young man, who gave the name of William Stonehurst of Haverhill, accompanied the two officers aforesaid to police headquarters.

Over at the station William was informed that this selling of tickets would have to come to a sudden end. It was a lottery, explained the police officials, and lotteries in Lowell had gone out of style long, long ago, and they had no desire to see the time-honored custom revived.

William argued and protested. He said he had been unmolested in other towns in which he and his heavy of maidens fair had visited, but to no purpose. The police were firm in their convictions that the best place for William was on some road leading away from the city, and finally he was forced to agree that they were right.

So William went. He went precisely at 3:11 p. m., still protesting, as the silver sped off along the road to elsewhere that it was a gosh darn tough world.

"MY NEW CURATE"

Members of the Sacred Heart parish are making arrangements for the presentation of "My New Curate" at the Lowell Opera House, about the latter part of October, in aid of the parochial school fund. Rehearsals have been under way for some time past, and if the care and familiarity with which the various roles are being enacted may be taken as an indication of the success of the ultimate performance, local theatregoers may truly look forward to anticipatory pleasure, to an excellent presentation of this delightful production.

ANOTHER FLU CASE

Another case of influenza, the second within a week, has been reported at the office of the board of health. The first case was reported Monday and the second this noon.

BLISS NATIVE HERB TABLETS

TO-NIGHT AT BEDTIME

If you feel out-of-control, run-down or "all in" from over exertion, or if you are constipated, or your liver is out of order, take BLISS NATIVE HERB TABLETS. In severe cases of headache or rheumatism, two tablets may be taken. You will get up next morning feeling very much better. Bliss Native Herb Tablets are really but effectively on the kidney, liver, and bowels. The dollar box contains 24 tablets, and usually lasts for six months. Get the genuine and look for the trade mark and money back guarantee on each box. Two sizes. \$2.00 and \$1.00. Sold by leading druggists and local agents everywhere. Made by Alonzo O. Bliss Co., Washington, D. C.

QUEEN QUALITY SHOES FOR WOMEN

Agents for Ladies' Home Journal Patterns

October Patterns Now Ready

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We Sell Nothing But First Quality Merchandise At All Times

Fall Styles in Fashionable Dresses

We are going to double our Dress Dept. We intend to double our dress business. We have prepared a wonderful assortment of the last word in style.

NEW YORK'S LATEST CREATIONS CAN BE FOUND HERE



Without Doubt the Largest Assortment of High Class Dresses Ever Shown in Lowell

REMEMBER Every Bon Marche Dress

Has the best tailoring, best of style, best of material and for the quality; you cannot equal our prices. Only the best and absolutely reliable garments sold here. No sweat shop make—no camouflage materials, but everything the best.

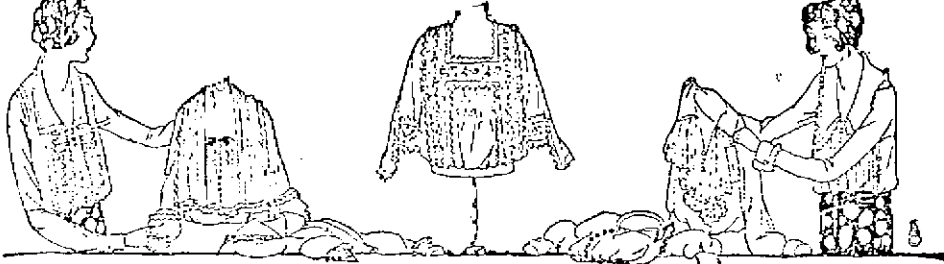
We have exceptionally pleasant salespeople that will be glad to show you the complete assortment—

Tricolette, Tricotine, Mannish Serges, Poirer Twill, Satin, Charmeuse, Georgette, Paulette, and Duvi de Laine

Priced \$19.95, \$22.50, \$25, \$27.50, \$29.50, \$35, \$37.50, \$39.50, \$42.50 to \$69.50

VISIT LOWELL'S LARGEST WAIST DEPARTMENT

Have just received big shipment of new waists for fall—All bought before the advance in price, and we have a tremendous assortment. Buy now and save money. You cannot find an assortment, you cannot duplicate our prices, not in our quality this season. We have protected our customers.



New Georgettes, New Crepe de Chines

New French Voiles, New Hand-Made Waists, New Striped Waists

Priced \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98, \$7.98, \$9.98 up to \$21.50

Children's School Dresses



We have today the largest and best assortment of Dresses we have ever had. They are exceptional values because we ordered them before the big cotton advance, in fact they are the best values we have shown for the last year.

GINGHAMS, CHAMBRAY, SERGES AND P. K. CORDS

Made in the Smartest Styles for Stylish Girls

\$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$7.98, \$9.98, \$12.98, \$14.98 to \$29.50

SPECIAL SALE OF P. N. Practical Front Corsets



Regular Price \$8.50—Friday, Saturday and Monday..... **\$5.00**

Hats of Distinction

Here Is a Display of Fashion Millinery Creations for the New Season

BLACK HATS

Of Panné Velvet combined with Lyons, in colors, trimmed with burnt ostrich, culture and flowers. Priced

\$10, \$12.50, \$15

HATS

In black and colors, including saucer hats, turbans and plain sailors, ostrich, ribbon and flower trimmed. Priced

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SPECIAL BLACK HATS

With colored facing, ostrich trimmings to match facing. Special at..... **\$5.00**

BIG ASSORTMENT OF BANDED HATS

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Our stock is complete with medium and heavy weight undergarments. All reliable makes, rightly priced.

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS

Medium weight ribbed cotton, low neck, sleeveless, hand top, ankle and knee length, regular and outsize, extraordinary value.

\$1.25

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS

Forest Mills, medium weight, ribbed cotton, in all the wanted styles, regular sizes..... **\$2.00**

Outsized..... **\$2.25**

MISSES' VESTS

Forest Mills, no hand weight, ribbed cotton, in all sizes. Also pants and skirts to match. Extra sizes..... **\$1.00**

Outsized..... **\$1.25**

MISSES' VESTS

Medium weight, Dutch neck and half sleeves, all sizes..... **75c**

MISSES' MEDIUM WEIGHT UNION SUITS

Dutch neck, ankle length, all sizes..... **\$1.50**

WOMEN'S KNIT CORSET COVERS—Medium weight cotton, knee length, Dutch neck, short sleeves, regular sizes..... **\$1.00**

Outsized..... **\$1.25**

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Throughout our entire stock will be big bargains in Wall Paper. Big savings are represented in the items listed below. Act quickly. Don't make up your mind to buy when the best choice is gone.

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Suitable for attics, chambers, kitchens, back halls, all desirable colorings and designs.	Suitable for dining-rooms, den or halls with 9-inch straight or cut-out border to match.	All have cut-out borders, straight borders to match if desired, very special at
9c roll	14c roll	17c roll
In all desirable colors, papers suitable for living rooms, dining-rooms and halls and a very remarkable value at	PAPERS	FABRIC WEAVE DUPLEX PAPERS
35c roll	Large assortment to pick from for any room, with 18-inch border to match, 12 1/2c roll	In all the popular shades, most of these papers have the binder and cut-out border to match..... 39c roll
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29c roll	3 Lb. Bag of Paste	59c roll
50c	SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY	Papehangers Furnished
DELICATE SATIN STRIPE CHAMBER PAPERS	GRASS CLOTH FABRIC WEAVES, ALSO TAPESTRY AND OOZE LEATHER PAPERS	
Floral stripes, floral allovers and black and white effects.		

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Full fashioned hosiery of all kinds is very scarce, but we anticipated our wants one year ago and can supply your wants in silk, silk lisle and cotton hosiery at prices averaging 1-3 less than the market price of today.

WOMEN'S SILK and FIBRE HOSE

Full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black and cordovan, **\$1.50 pair**

WOMEN'S ALL SILK HOSE

Full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels, in black, white, gray and cordovan, **\$3.00 Pair**

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, with lisle tops and feet, double soles, high spliced heels, in black and white and wanted colors to match the new shoes..... **\$2.50 Pair**

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE, full fashioned, double soles, in cordovan, dark navy, white and medium brown, **\$2.00 Pair**

WOMEN'S FINE SILK LISLE HOSE, full fashioned, double soles, high spliced heels, in black and cordovan, **75c Pair**

WOMEN'S EXTRA FINE QUALITY SILK LISLE HOSE, full fashioned, double soles, high spliced heels, in black, white, cordovan and gray, **\$1.00 Pair**

Outsized in black and white only.

WOMEN'S OUTSIZE SILK HOSE, full fashioned, double soles, high spliced heels, in black and white..... **\$2.50 Pair**

WOMEN'S MEDIUM WEIGHT COTTON HOSE, full fashioned, double soles, high spliced heels, Regular and outsized..... **75c Pair**

45 ADRIFT AT SEA

CANNOT SIGN TREATY

All in Distress and Without Food or Water—Ships Lost in Hurricane

MIAMI, Fla., Sept. 11.—A wireless message received here early today said 45 persons were adrift in small boats between Fowey Rock lighthouse and Cape Florida, about 15 miles from Miami. All were reported in distress and without food or water. It was presumed they were members of crews of ships that went down during the hurricane that swept this section early yesterday.

BALTIMORE WELCOMES CARDINAL MERCIER

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 11.—Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium, was welcomed to Baltimore yesterday afternoon by a throng which filled the streets from the railroad station to the residence of Cardinal Gibbons, whose guest he will be until next Wednesday. Standing on the top steps of Cardinal Gibbons' residence, he blessed the people of the city, an unusual event in religious annals of this country. Company E, of the 17th Infantry from Camp Meade, escorted the visitor from the station. Cardinal Mercier came down the steps of his car, smiling, moving easily, more like an athlete than a man of 68.

In the station the two aged cardinals greeted each other cheek to cheek and exchanged the kiss of peace. Cardinal Mercier, tall and stalwart bent low and Cardinal Gibbons raised his head and their arms were about each other's shoulders.

A large chorus greeted the Belgian primate at the station with the singing of "Viva Cardinal," while children tossed flowers at the prelate's automobile.

WAGES DUE MACHINE SHOP EMPLOYEES

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Sept. 11.—Representatives of the national war labor board and ordinance department of the war department are now at work computing the retroactive pay of the machine shop employees of the Bethlehem plant of the Bethlehem Steel company for the period from August 1, 1915, to March 1, 1919.

Approximately 9000 machine shop workers who have pay coming under this award have been told off since the armistice was signed, and the employees' committee wants to get the name and address of every machine shop employee who was employed during the period stated above, so that a claim can be put in for the wages due, and all cases be properly taken care of.

Between two and three million dollars will be paid by the government to settle the claim of these machine shop employees, and all former machine shop employees of the Bethlehem plant are urged to send their name and address at once to David Williams, Care of International Association of Machinists, 605 Hamilton street, 3rd floor, Allentown, Pa. All information concerning the award and rules governing the disbursement of the money allocated under the award will then be forwarded by the committee.

Serbian Delegation Waits for Instructions from New Cabinet

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The Serbian delegation advised the peace conference today that because of the fall of the government in Belgrade it was unable to obtain instruction concerning the signing of the Austrian treaty. The delegation said it would have to wait for such instructions until a new cabinet was formed.

DOORS CLOSED FOR FIRST TIME SINCE 1872

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—For the first time since the big Boston fire in 1872, the massive steel doors at the Milk street, Water street and Postoffice square entrances to the federal building were closed last night at the suggestion of United States Marshal Mitchell, upon whose shoulders rests responsibility for protection of United States government property in this city.

Arrangements providing for every eventuality were put in force yesterday. No chances were taken and it is known that regardless of whatever measures may be adopted by the state and city authorities, the officials of the United States are ready for instant action against lawless rioting or intruders upon Uncle Sam's domain.

Two doors were open at the postoffice building after dark, one at the office building after dark, one at the corner of Devonshire and Water sts., and the other at the corresponding end of the building at Devonshire and Milk streets. And from an early evening hour these doors were carefully guarded.

REPORT MANY KILLED IN EXPLOSION

COLOGNE, Sept. 11.—Ammunition magazine exploded in the neighborhood of Neuwied today. Two hundred persons were injured and it is believed many were killed.

OPEN GOLF PLAY AT MERRIMACK VALLEY

None of the September open tournaments appeal more to the player who likes week-end golfing matches than the "open" at the Merrimack Valley Country Club in Methuen. The play will be on Friday and Saturday, Sept. 20-21.

Tom Dean, the professional at Merrimack, says the course now is better than ever and he wants every player in Massachusetts and New Hampshire to try it out.

As usual the first day will be medal play for suitable prizes and match play will be held Saturday.

In the part of Russia controlled by the Bolsheviks, school children can dismiss teachers they do not like.

HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Take this good old family medicine For Scrofula, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Dyspepsia.

Having superlative merit it has given entire satisfaction to three generations. Fine purifier and tonic.

Ratification Urged

Continued

delay in which the treaty has been subjected while locked up in the committee, whose recommendations were from the start a foregone conclusion," and asserts these recommendations could have been made in July.

Senator Shields, Democrat, Tennessee, did not sign the report, having announced that he favored league covenant reservations prepared by Chairman Lodge. It was stated that he would not present a separate report. Those signing, in addition to Senator Hitchcock, were Senators Williams, Mississippi; Swanson, Virginia; Pomeroy, Ohio; Smith, Arizona and Pittman, Nevada, all Democrats.

Doubts Lodge's Claim

The minority denies the claim put forth in Chairman Lodge's report that the peace conference still is in session and has power "to bring German representatives to Paris," saying such power of compulsion has been exhausted, and that Germany has closed the chapter by signing and ratifying.

"If any amended treaty is not signed by Germany," the report adds, "then it is in none of its parts binding on her."

The report mentions 12 concessions the United States will lose by failure to ratify the treaty, including industrial and economic advantages and agreements.

Reservations proposed by the majority, the report says, are "for the purpose of destroying the league" which has "stood the test of world wide criticism and unlimited attack."

Not Divinely Perfect

The minority recommends that the work of the peace conference be confirmed and the peace of the world advanced by ratification of the treaty which is described as the best hope of the world, "even if, like all instrumentalities, it be not divinely perfect in every detail."

The report contends that the industrial world is "in ferment," the financial world in doubt, and commerce halted, while delay on the treaty has been caused "by a majority of the committee known to be out of harmony with the majority of the senate and the majority of the people."

This is declared to be government by obstruction as well as by minority.

Export trade, the report says, has suffered because of delay in ratification. It is declared that private credit waits for peace, and that this government, which has been advancing credits to European governments, has about reached the end of the authority given it by congress. Private enterprise, it says, from now on must keep up American commerce with Europe. Answering the majority, the report says exports to Germany since the armistice have amounted to only 14 cents worth of American products for each person in Germany, or two cents per person per month.

Condemn Majority Report

Referring to the action of the majority of the committee, said the report, "we unite in opposing and condemning the recommendations, both as to textual amendments are concerned, we see no reason to discuss their character at length. In our opinion, they have no merit, but whether they be good, bad or indifferent their adoption by the senate can have no possible effect except to defeat the participation of the United States in the treaty. None of them could by any possibility be accepted, even by the great nations associated with the United States in the war and none of them could by any possibility be dictated to Germany. To adopt any one of them, therefore, is equivalent to rejecting the treaty."

"The suggestion of the majority report that the peace conference is still in session in Paris and could consider any textual amendments to the treaty made by the senate and that German representatives could be brought to Paris for that purpose indicates a total misconception of the situation. The peace conference has acted finally upon this treaty. Great Britain has ratified it. France is about to do so, and with the action of one other power, it will in all human probability be in actual operation even before the senate of the United States reaches a decision. Moreover, the peace conference possesses no further power to bring German representatives to Paris. The power of compulsion has been exhausted. Germany was told where to sign and when to ratify, and Germany has closed the chapter by signing and by ratifying. Germany cannot be compelled to do anything more or different with regard to this treaty by being confronted with an amended treaty whether once a month, day or week. There must be a finality to the ultimate in a treaty by compulsion. If an amended treaty is not signed by Germany, then it is in none of its parts binding on her."

U. S. Will Sacrifice All Gains

"To adopt an amendment or to reject the treaty, means that the United States will sacrifice all of the concessions secured from Germany by a dictated peace. While these concessions are not so large as those which other nations associated with us secure in reparations, they are nevertheless of tremendous importance and could be only secured under a dictated peace. Among the concessions which the

United States would sacrifice may be

included the following: "First, Germany's acknowledgment of responsibility for the war and her promise to make restitution for damages resulting from it."

"Second, Germany's promise to us in the treaty that she will not impose higher or other customs duties or charges on our goods than those charged to the most favored nation and will not prohibit or restrict or discriminate against imports directly or indirectly from our country."

"Third, Germany's promise to us in the treaty that she will make no discrimination in German ports on shipping bearing our flag and that our shipping in German ports will be given as favorable treatment as German ships receive."

"Fourth, that for six months after the treaty goes into effect, no customs duty will be levied against imports from the United States except the lowest duties that were in force for the first six months of 1914."

Fifth, Germany's agreement with us that the United States shall have the privilege of reviving such of the treaties with Germany as were in existence prior to the war as we may alone desire."

"Sixth, Germany's promises to us to

restore the property of our citizens seized in Germany or to compensate the owners."

"Seventh, Germany's very important agreement validating all acts by the United States and by the alien property custodian by which we seized and proceeded to liquidate \$500,000,000 worth of property in the United States belonging to German citizens."

"Eighth, Germany's agreement that the proceeds of the sale of these properties may be used to compensate our citizens in Germany if Germany fails to do so, or to pay debts which Germany or Germans owe to American citizens, or to pay American pre-war claims against Germany for property destroyed and lives taken similar to the losses because of the destruction of the Lusitania."

"Ninth, Germany's agreement that she will compensate her own citizens for property, patents and other things belonging to them in the United States seized during the war by our government."

"Tenth, Germany's agreement that no claim can be made against the United States in respect to the use or sale during the war by our govern-

ment, or by persons acting for our

government, of any rights in industrial, literary or artistic property including patents."

"Eleventh, Germany's agreement that the United States shall retain over 500,000 tons of German shipping seized in American ports, which must more than compensate us for shipping lost during the war."

"Twelfth, we would lose our membership on the reparations commission which will be the most powerful international body ever created, and commission."

which will have enormous control over

the trade and commerce of Germany, with the rest of the world to come. It not only supervises the use of German economic resources and the payment of reparations, but it can restrict or expand Germany's imports and distributes much of her desirable exports, including dyes. In no way can the United States assure itself against discrimination in German imports and financial policies unless we have a member upon this great reparations

Don't get sick

Don't hurry your meals. Don't eat when overtired, rest a few moments before eating. It will pay you. Don't borrow time for work that belongs to rest or sleep. Don't neglect the first symptoms of illness or disordered digestion. Don't allow the bowels to become constipated, but if you are so unfortunate, DON'T delay taking one or two teaspoonsful of "L. F." Atwood's Medicine on retiring at night. It has a record of sixty years and never fails to relieve constipation and biliousness. All dealers have it in large bottles for fifty cents. Be sure to get the "L. F." kind. A generous sample mailed free on request by the "L. F." Medicine Co., Portland, Me.

AT OSTROFF'S

193 AND 195 MIDDLESEX ST.

The Last Three Days of Our NO PROFITEERING SALE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 12th, SATURDAY, SEPT. 13th AND MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th

SPECIAL

LADIES' BUNGALOW APRONS, good quality Percales and Gingham, loose and elastic belts. Positively \$1.50 value, for 69c

Limited 1 to a customer and only between the hours of 7 to 9 P. M. on Friday, Sept. 12th, and Monday, Sept. 15th.

Ladies' Onsize Blue and Light Colored Aprons, \$2 value, sale price..... \$1.50

Ladies' Flannel Petticoats, \$1.25 value, sale price..... 75c

Ladies' Black Petticoats, mercerized finish, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

Ladies' Good Quality Black Sateen Petticoats, \$1.95 value, sale price..... \$1.49

White Sateen and Seersucker Petticoats, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

LADIES' HOSE

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, Durham brand, first quality, 25c value, sale price.... 13c

Ladies' Heavy Cotton Hose, 39c value, sale price..... 23c

Ladies' Black Fine Lisle Hose, first quality, 50c value, sale price..... 39c

Ladies' Black and Cordovan Fine Lisle Hose, seam back, first quality, 69c value, sale price..... 47c

Ladies' Black Half Silk Boot, 50c value, sale price..... 39c

CHILDREN'S HOSE

Children's Hose, 25c value, sale price 13c

Children's Black and White Hose, fine ribbed, 30c value, sale price..... 23c

Boys' Ribbed Hose, 39c value, sale price 25c

Boys' Heavy Ipswich Hose, all sizes up to 11, 50c value, sale price..... 39c

Boys' Extra Heavy Hose in outsize, 75c value, sale price..... 50c

Boys' and Girls' Hose, large sizes, 30c value, sale price..... 19c

LADIES' CORSETS

Ladies' Pink Brocade Corsets, \$4 value, sale price..... \$2.98

Children's Dresses in fancy plaids, all sizes, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

Children's Dresses, 2 to 6, in good quality gingham, \$1.98 value, sale price.... \$1.49

Children's Dresses in white burgundy, slightly soiled, \$2 to \$3 value, sale price..... 98c

Children's Dresses in pink and blue, sizes 2 to 6, 98c value, sale price..... 43c

Misses' Heavy Dresses, consisting of blue serges, poplins and mixed goods, in all the wanted styles, from..... \$2.98 and up

Children's Dresses from 6 to 14, in Anderson's Gingham, \$2.98 value, sale price..... \$2.00

Children's Bloomers, sizes from 2 to 12, 49c value, sale price..... 29c

Children's Flannel Princess Slips, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

CHILDREN'S WINTER UNDERWEAR

Children's Shirts and Drawers, jersey ribbed, all sizes, 75c value, sale price..... 49c

Children's Jersey Ribbed Union Suits, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

Children's Flannel Nightgowns and pajamas, \$1.75 value, sale price..... \$1.25

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S MILLINERY

One Lot of Children's Tams, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

One Lot of Children's Tams, all colors, \$2.00 value, sale price..... \$1.50

One Lot of Beaver Tams, \$2.75 value, sale price..... \$1.98

PANTS

Men's Work Pants, \$2.50 value, for \$1.39

Men's Heavy Work Pants, fancy stripes, \$3.50 value, for..... \$2.49

Men's Heavy Mole Skin Pants, best Merri-mack mills make, \$5 value..... \$2.69

Men's Fancy Worsted Pants, \$6 value, for..... \$3.98

Men's Fine Blue Serge Pants, \$5.50 value, for..... \$3.98

Men's Very Fine Blue Serge Pants, well made and good color, \$7.50 value, for \$4.49

Men's Khaki Pants, \$2 value, for \$1.49

Men's Khaki Pants, \$3.50, \$4 value, for \$2.49

Boys' Khaki Knickerbockers, some are government khaki, very strong and durable, \$1.25 value, for..... 69c

One Lot of Boys' Knickerbocker Pants, in mixed goods, \$1.25 value..... 69c

MEN'S UNDERWEAR

Buy your Woolen Underwear now. Take advantage of the sale and get them at low prices.

Glasterbury Woolen Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, \$2.50 value, sale price \$1.98

Glasterbury Australian Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, \$5 value, sale price \$2.98

Blue Woolen Contocook R. Shirts and Drawers, \$2.50 value, sale price \$1.69

Contocook Natural Wool Underwear, \$3.50 value, sale price..... \$1.98

Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, 75c value, sale price..... 45c

Heavy Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, \$1.25 value, sale price..... 79c

Ribbed Light Weight Union Suits, \$1.25 value, sale price..... 79c

Men's Jersey Ribbed Heavy Weight Shirts and Drawers, Hanes make, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

Men's Jersey Ribbed Heavy Union Suits, Hanes make, \$3 value, sale price \$1.98

MEN'S HOSE

Men's Cotton Hose, in black and white, heavy weight for the fall, 25c value, 2 pairs 25c

Men's Silk Hose, \$1 value, in all colors, 37c pair, or 3 pairs \$1

Men's Lisle Hose, very fine quality, in all colors, 50c value, sale price..... 25c

Men's Cashmere Hose in gray only, 39c value, sale price..... 17c Per Pair

Men's Contocook Hose, 50c value, sale price 27c Per Pair

Men's Bear Brand Hose, in black and tan only, very durable and good weight, sale price..... 25c Per Pair

WORK SHIRTS

One Lot of Men's Blue Chambray Work Shirts, \$1.00 value, sale price..... 79c

One Lot of Men's Ansonburg Blue Chambray Work Shirts, \$1.25 value, sale price 89c

One Lot of Blue Chambray O. K. Work Shirts, \$1.75 value, sale price..... \$1.00

Black Satin King Kote Work Shirts, \$1.75 value, sale price..... \$1.15

One Lot of Jack Rabbit, Congress and Star Brand Work Shirts, in black and blue chambray, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

One Lot of Men's Flannellette Work Shirts with two pockets, \$2 value, sale price \$1.25

One Lot of Military Khaki Shirts, \$5 value, sale price..... \$2.98

OVERALLS

This is our stronghold.

Boys' Blue Denim Overalls, sizes from 8 to 15, \$1.25 value, sale price..... 69c

One Lot of Children's Slipover Overalls, sizes 3 to 8, \$1 value, sale price.... 47c

One Lot of Boys' Overalls, red trimmed, sizes 3 to 8, \$1.25 value, sale price 47c

Youths' Heavy Blue Denim Overalls, \$1.50 value, sale price..... 98c

Men's Blue Denim, Crown Brand Overalls, \$2 value, sale price..... \$1.39

Men's Extra Heavy Brown Check Overalls, Crown Brand, \$2 value, sale price \$1.39

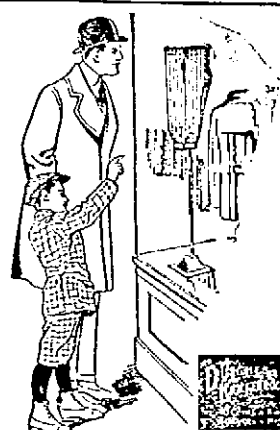
One Lot of Extra Heavy Brown Check, Double Knee, Double Buckle, \$3 value, sale price..... \$2.19

One Lot of Covert Overalls, \$1.75 value, sale price..... \$1.39

One Lot of Milkmen's Pin Check Overalls, \$1.75 value, sale price..... \$1.39

Crown System Men's Overalls, the heaviest, strongest and best make, none better, \$3.50 value, sale price..... \$2.49

Men's Lee Unionalls from \$3.49 and Upwards



DUTCHESS

One Lot of Boys' Guaranteed Knickerbocker Pants, \$2.50 value, for..... \$1.49

Boys' Long Khaki Pants, \$1.08 and \$2.50 value, for..... \$1.49

LADIES' CORSETS

Very Useful for Kitchen Work.

Ladies' Hip Corsets, all sizes, 98c value, sale price..... 59c

Ladies' Full Size Corsets, \$1.50 value, sale price..... \$1.00

SWEATERS

We carry the largest and best assortment of Sweaters in the city; prices positively the lowest.

One Lot of Children's Worsted Sweaters with shawl collar, in navy, tan and cardinal, \$3 value, sale price..... \$1.49

One Lot of Fancy Woolen Slipons for children, \$3.50 value, sale price..... \$2.25

One Lot of Boys' Military Khaki Sweaters with long sleeves and military collar, or could be used as V-neck, positively \$6 value, sale price..... \$2.98

One Lot of Boys' Slipon Sweaters with no sleeves, \$3 value, sale price..... \$1.49

One Lot of Boys' All Wool Slipons, V-neck, \$5 and \$10 value, sale price..... \$3.98 and \$5.49

One Lot of Ladies' and Men's Sweaters, \$2 value, sale price..... \$1.25

One Lot of Ladies' All Wool Sweaters, \$12 value, sale price..... \$7.50

One Lot of Men's Wool Mixed Sweaters, in heather color with shawl collar and V-neck, \$5 value, sale price..... \$2.49

Children's Cotton School Sweaters, \$2 value, sale price..... 89c

OPEN THURSDAY ALL DAY SPECIAL THURSDAY and FRIDAY

QUALITY FISH

At Lowest Prices

MACKEREL—Fancy fresh, medium size, lb. 19c

HADDOCK—Live shore, all dressed, lb. 6c

BLUEFISH—Boston, sliced, lb. 12 1/2c

STEAK COD—Cocktail, sliced, lb. 15c

FLOUNDERS—Fresh black back, lb. 10c

SALMON—Fresh Eastern, lb. 35c

SWORDFISH—Center cuts, lb. 35c

HALIBUT—Fancy Eastern, lb. 33c

FAIR

APPEALS FOR TREATY

Wilson Says Issue Involved in Tour Was "Question of War or Peace"

BISMARCK, N. D., Sept. 11.—President Wilson told a Bismarck audience yesterday that the issue involved in his speechmaking tour for the treaty was "a question of war or peace."

There was only one way in which peace could be maintained, he said, and that was by such a concert of nations as was proposed in the League of Nations.

Should the movement for world concert fail, the president said, the heart of mankind would be overwhelmed by a "despair" which would result in chaos.

"Men in despair do not construct governments," he said. "They destroy governments. If we stay out, or if we qualify our acceptance in any way, then the world will say 'There can be no peace.'"

If the world were in disorder, asked the president, who would buy the wheat of the United States?

All the processes of international economic rehabilitation, the president said, waited on a complete peace basis, because the world was waiting. The great coal fields of Europe were not being worked to capacity and the whole industry of the world was "chilled," he continued.

"While we debate," he went on, "all the world is raging today. Why does America hesitate?"

He declared there was no more danger of America staying out of the league eventually than of reversing all the other processes of her history. But it was the delay, he added, that was upsetting affairs everywhere.

Referring to proposals to separate the peace terms from the League covenant, he said the covenant had been put first in the treaty because without it the rest of the treaty would be worthless. That conclusion was reached unanimously at Paris, he asserted, because the peace conference realized that having set up a peace settlement there must be some way to enforce it.

Replying to objections to Article 10 of the covenant, he reiterated that the article had no binding force without the assent of the United States under the unanimous vote required for action.

"Unless it's our way," he continued, "we can't be dragged into a war without our consent. That's an open and shut proposition; it's the heart of the treaty. You have either got to take it or you have got to throw the world back into that old contest over land battles. There is no other way to quiet the world and if the world isn't quieted, then America sooner or later will be drawn into the melee."

The present asked whether anyone thought the United States could stay out of the league without being "hated" and intrigued against by the other nations. Should the American nation refuse to accept the treaty, he asserted, it would be in the position of repudiating its promises to those who fought the war and of saying it did not like what had been accomplished by its armed forces. The peoples of Europe, he said, were "in a revolutionary state of mind," and in danger of "substituting one kind of autocracy for another."

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Below is what the press agents of the different theatres say of the current attractions and of others to come:

OPERA HOUSE

Miss Helen Scott, the clever little ingenue of the popular Emerson, Premier Players at the Opera House, is giving a most entertaining and amusing characterization of a young wife who has become incriminated as a result of excessive indulgence in "housewife" duties. She does it with the slightest signs of vulgarity. Her work is unusually good, but it may not better the Miss Priscilla Knowles interpretation of the role of "Selvia Pennypacker," whose age is given as "22 years, approximately," and who falls into all kinds of trouble while trying to help out a couple of divorce specialists. Miss Fields and Mr. Mc-

1000 PAIRS U. S. NAVY SHOES

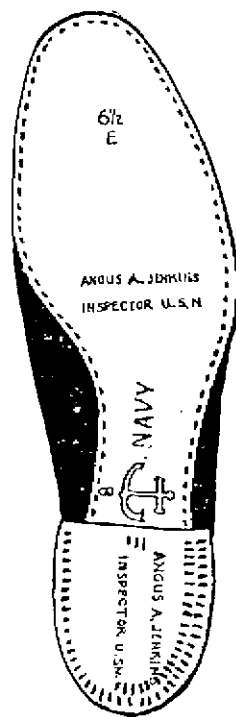
On Sale Friday Morning

At \$7.50 Pair



These Shoes are made from the best selected leathers. Upper and Bottom Stocks are the very best.

Style blucher cut. Full vamps, seamless quarters, sole leather insoles and counters.



Calf Tops—GOODYEAR WELTS—Sizes 5 to 11

A GOOD LOOKING ALL AROUND SERVICEABLE SHOE—SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

Men's Down Stairs Shoe Department

Every shoe bears the stamp of the U. S. Navy Inspector. These shoes are displayed in windows numbered 11 and 12. After you take a look at them you will buy a pair.

ESTABLISHED 1875
Chalifoux's
CORNER

THE STORE OF ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION

Plenty of sizes and plenty of shoes. 1000 pairs in the lot. Remember we close Saturday evening at 9 o'clock.



"Isn't It Fine After Shaving?"

Do you shave yourself? The next time wash your face with a little bit of Palmer's SKIN-SUCCESS Soap. Note the feeling of cooling relief and supreme comfort. Note the clean feeling. Especially note the feeling of relief and supreme comfort. Why not try the old reliable Palmer's SKIN-SUCCESS Soap, which not only thoroughly cleanses the skin and the pores but acts as a gentle and thorough antiseptic? It is especially great for the face and is superior to ordinary soaps. Try it just once!

Ask Your Dealer.
PALMER'S
"SKIN-SUCCESS"
Soap
SOAP SKIN-SUCCESS Outlets 25c-50c. For the best results, wash face with this soap, then use the cream. The Merges Drug Co., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Almost as Necessary as YOUR FOOD

Dr. Grady's Tablets should be in every home as they are all sugar coated and sell for

10 Cents a Box
Everybody's Medicine

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

Ninth Anniversary week—the present one—at the B. F. Keith Theatre, will go down in history as one of the most interesting the theatre has ever known. The bill is an exceedingly good one, being headed by Charles Grapewin and Ann Chance in Grapewin's own comedy, "Jed's Vacation." It is full of laughter from start to finish. The action of the play is especially noteworthy. For fun only is the turn of Val and Ernie Stanton, a pair of funsters who can make laughter out of almost any situation. The pair are surely an infectious couple. Jim, the Jazz King, is a cinnamon bear who dances, and wrestles, and Manager Pickett hands up a prize of 425 for the man who will fool Jim. It's some job, to be sure, but it can be done. Sylvester and Vance have a neat singing and talking comedy, and other good acts on the bill are: Walsh & Edwards, in singing and dancing; Black & White, acrobats; El Gota, xylophonist; the Keith News Weekly; Bruce Scenic and Topics of the Day.

THE STRAND

Bayard Veiller's wonder-play of suspense and mystery, "The 13th Chair," with tense moments, thrills, and the most mysterious of all mystery plays, will be the big attraction on the bill at The Strand for the remainder of the week. Beginning with tonight, it's gripping. It's tense—it's wonderful! See it. Miss Ladouce, a clairvoyant, is called upon to solve the mystery of the killing of Stephen Lee. The people concerned in

Cadum Ointment
for
Skin Troubles

It stops the itching at once and is very soothing and healing wherever the skin is irritated or inflamed. Much suffering from skin troubles may be avoided by the timely use of this wonderful remedy. Cadum Ointment is good for eczema, pimples, blotches, chafings, piles, rash, scabs, ringworm, sores, burns, etc. [Cadum Ointment is a French preparation made in America from the original formula.]

the murder are invited to a dinner party and then told that madame will treat them to a seance. Thirteen people gather about the table in the dark. The man in the thirteenth chair asks her to call the spirit of Stephen Lee. Immediately after asking the spirit to name Lee's murderer, the questioner himself is stabbed to death. Who killed Stephen Lee and who killed Edward Wales? There have been no witnesses to either crime. Though people were present on both occasions, if you like, a mystery story that really deserves the name, you'll revel in "The 13th Chair," which is splendidly enacted by a cast headed by Yvonne DeLo and Crispin Hale, and including Marie Shotwell, Marc MacDermott, Christine Mayo, Walter Law, Suzanne Colburn and George Denebourg. Renowned critics said of this picture story: "Holds interest to the end. Ingenious, absorbing and breath-snatching melodrama. Whoever sees it will be quite sure of getting all the thrills that he wants."

"Peggy Does Her Darndest," a play of spirit and brilliant comedy, with May Allison in the stellar role, is to be the other feature, and this also contains all of the elements that go in the making of a remarkably good picture story of its kind. A new comedy and Weekly will also be shown.

Don't forget the pony contest.

The pony is here. Have you seen it?

MANY VISIT FAMOUS SHRINE AT LOURDES

PARIS, Aug. 30. (By mail).—A crippled French civilian was slowly making his way up the long approach to the famous shrine in the grotto at Lourdes. In pre-war days thousands of cripples visited the shrine and many walked away, leaving their crutches behind.

Just ahead of the French civilian was an American soldier, a sergeant of infantry. As he neared the shrine, he said to his companion: "Excuse me a minute, I'm going to pray."

He entered a pew before the shrine, dropped to his knees and uttered his prayer in silence. Perhaps it was a prayer of thankfulness for deliverance, for he had been through the thickest of the fighting.

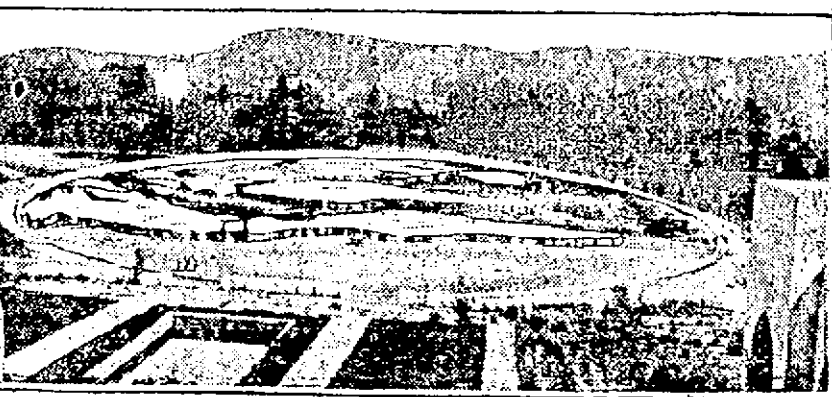
In a few moments he rejoined his companion. "Do you know," he said, "I have enjoyed my stay here more than at any place in France. There is a feeling of rest and repose here. I came all the way from the school at Lyons to spend my holidays, and it is the best time I've had in France."

There is something about the atmosphere of Lourdes that betrays contentment. The town rests in a delicious atmosphere. Everywhere are stores that sell only delicious goods. In statues and souvenirs one sees perpetuated the marvelous story of Bernadette, the peasant child who was



AROUND THE WORLD IN THIRTY SECONDS

Here is a glimpse of "Boyland," near Santa Barbara, Cal., a self-governing junior republic founded in 1916 but abandoned when America entered the war. "The world in miniature" (shown in the circle) is now a playground for youngsters and can be "circumnavigated" in 30 seconds by a fleet-footed boy, passing continents, oceans, lakes, mountains, equator and both poles en route.



SQUEEZED TO DEATH

When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1896. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three days, all druggists. Guaranteed as represented. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

privileged to see the visions of the Virgin on the spot where the shrine has been erected.

Into this community the men in knickerbockers are making their pilgrimage each day, and many look upon it as one of the greatest pleasures they have enjoyed in France.

While Lourdes is not a leave area, it is not far from Pau and Calcutta, which are conducted jointly by the

army and the Y.M.C.A. About 200 soldiers are conducted each day from the "Levy" at Cantiers. Parties are also taken there from Pau, Bagnères, Luchon and sometimes from Toulouse.

The parties are formed into one group and turned over to a Catholic chaplain, Fr. A. J. Baxillan of Brazil, Indiana, who explains the wonderful legends. He then conducts them on a pilgrimage up Calvary hill, where at each of the stations of the cross he lectures on the significance of the figures. At the grotto the men often kneel at the shrine.

THEATRICAL MANAGERS' ASSN.

The Lowell Theatrical Managers' association held a regular meeting late yesterday afternoon in the board of trade rooms and transacted a lot of routine business. A communication from A. S. Black, president of the Exhibitors' League of America, to Congressman Rogers, asking the latter's support of measures to repeal the theatre ticket war tax, was read and approved. The officers of the association were re-elected for another year as follows: President, Walter J. Nelson; vice president, Benjamin Pickett; secretary, John J. O'Rourke.

BUFFALO SOCIAL CLUB

The following officers for the ensuing term were elected at a recent meeting of the Buffalo Social club,

held in their temporary quarters in Edison school: President, John Cox; vice president, Joseph Markham; secretary, W. J. Rogers; and treasurer, Terrence O'Longhilla. A list of routine business was transacted, and a

report made by Thomas Cassidy, chairman of the recently appointed committee to represent the club in the coming South end celebration. John Spillane presided.

The Wholesome Sweetness of
Grape-Nuts

is due to self-developed sugar from the long baking of wheat and barley. This natural sweetness never disturbs digestion as do some other forms of sweets. Give the children all they want. *It's good for them.*

PRES. WILSON TO MEET SEATTLE LABOR MEN

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11.—President Wilson has agreed to meet a delegation of representatives of north-west organized labor here next Sunday for a conference which, it is declared by local labor men, will deal with the release of "political" prisoners.

Word that the president would meet the labor men was received today by L. W. Buck, secretary of the Washington Federation of Labor, in a telegram from the president's secretary. Mr. Buck is expected to act as spokesman for the labor men at the conference.

JUDGING TEAMS FOR EXPOSITION PICKED

There has been keen rivalry among the boys and girls who are in any of the various boys and girls' clubs which are under the direction of Prof. G. L. Farley, of the Massachusetts Agricultural college, to win a place on one of the judging teams that are going to the eastern states exposition. The teams have been chosen and will be composed of boys and girls who have won honors in judging or demonstration work in their local communities.

The following projects will be represented and the teams that will judge them will come the following counties: Garden judging, Middlesex county; garden demonstration, not yet announced; corn judging, Hampshire county; corn demonstration, Hampshire county; potato judging, Nantucket; potato demonstration, Plymouth county; pig judging, Norfolk county; pig demonstration, Middlesex county; poultry judging, Essex county; poultry demonstration, Middlesex county; sewing judging, Worcester county; sewing demonstration, Hampden county; bread judging, Barnstable county; bread demonstration, Hampden county; stock judging, chosen from entire state; stock demonstration, Norfolk county; canning judging, Franklin county; canning demonstration, Middlesex county; sheep judging, Franklin county; sheep demonstration, Berkshire county.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

The following marriage intentions have been filed recently at the office of the city clerk:

Louis Bilodeau, 577 Central, 41, operative; Marie Patrick, 397 Central, 35, operative.

Peter Poirier, New Bedford, 43, architect; Sarah A. Legere, 753 Moody, 35, Lawrence housewife.

Andrew Dabalis, 64 Dummer, 35, coffee house proprietor; Iolani Bouka, 61 Dummer, 21, mill operative.

Alvan H. Ayer, 259 School, 22, operative; Evelyn P. Smith, 13 McFarlin avenue, 19, operative.

Raymond R. Loughlin, Boston, 25, musician; Eudavilla B. Ryder, 19 Second, 16, at home.

Max Wolff, 122 Chelmsford, 21, junk dealer; Sarah Mariner, 59 Washington, 22, at home.

Leo G. Lemelin, 4 Jollette avenue, 21, U.S.N.R.P.; Jennie Wante, 225 Cheever, 15, waitress.

Elphège Phaneuf, 514 Moody, 25, printer; Luella Giroux, 161 White, 21, housewife.

Oscar Johnson, Gloucester, 47, master mariner; Hilma P. Holmstead, 135 Fifth avenue, 38, at home.

Joseph L. Sylvester, 155 Fletcher, 24, operative; Maria L. Helrose, 539 Moody, 25, operative.

Charles A. Sweeney, Farragut house, 31, salesman; Rachel D. Harris, Greenfield, 24, saleslady.

Frank Phillips, 3 Fernald, 45, machinist; Minnie McCrady, 3 Fernald, 35, dressmaker.

Japan is paying 35 cents a pound for Hawaiian sugar and buying it in large quantities.

Safe Home Treatment for Objectionable Hairs

(Boudoir Secrets)

The electric needle is not required for the removal of hair or fuzz, for with the use of plain delatone the most stubborn growth can be quickly banished. A paste is made with water and a little of the powder, then spread over the hairy surface. In about 2 minutes it is rubbed off and the skin washed. This simple treatment not only removes the hair, but leaves the skin free from blemish. Be sure you get genuine delatone.—Adv.



**FROM
FAR AWAY
DENVER**

From Denver, Colorado, comes an order for Coburn's Roach Death. Mrs. Dempsey now residing in Denver, says there isn't anything for the same purpose in that city to equal Coburn's Roach Death. She asks that we send a package of the effective exterminator at once. This is only one of the many interesting testimonials received from distant points.

ROACH DEATH is an odorless white powder. Sprinkle it where the pests are found and they will quickly disappear.

½-lb. 30¢—1-lb. 50¢

Free City Motor Delivery

C. B. COBURN CO.

63 Market Street

New Fall Merchandise Arriving Daily

At your Big Corner Store. Every department is on the alert—our buyers keep in constant touch with the New York market and thus selecting your Autumn models at Chalifoux's is equivalent to having your Suit, Coat, Dress or Gown come direct from a smart Fifth Avenue shop. A few of the tempting values to be found in various departments throughout the store follow:



Smart Serge Dresses



For Early Fall

Navy blue serge dresses trimmed with silk braid and fancy bone buttons. Tailored models .. **\$18.50**

Jersey dresses, smart, becoming styles in pretty colors such as copen, blue, rich brown, navy and taupe, .. **\$18.50**

Silk dresses, black satin, blue taffeta, all popular and becoming models .. **\$25.00**

A Real Happening

An out of town lady, while visiting relatives in Lowell had occasion to come into our store to make a small purchase. While going through the store she found so much better merchandise than she expected to find that before she left our store she spent several hundred dollars and had her purchases shipped to her home which is a good distance from Lowell.

This lady took the trouble to tell Mr. Chalifoux of her experience and complimented him on having such a good line of merchandise.

This is only one of the many instances where people coming into our store find that we are much better equipped to handle their needs than they realized before entering our door.

Picturesque Millinery Modes

At the beginning of the Fall season large hats are always good and these flaring, soft, straight brimmed styles are refreshingly original.

They are made of duvelene and velvets and all are tastefully if simply embellished.

Since no hat is more dear to a woman's heart than the small, close fitting types, plenty of turbans and minute sailors are developed of the soft textured fabrics in vogue.

Many are draped and others are trimly tailored but almost every Autumn interpretation introduces brown or one of its allied shades.

Extra fine untrimmed Beaver Hats, colors are brown, taupe, navy blue and black. Shapes rolled sailors, plain sailors and drooping brims .. **\$5.00**

Children's and Misses' Tams, in colored broadcloth. Colors are light blue, navy blue, brown and red. **\$1.48**

Children's and Misses' Black Plush Tams .. **\$2.98**

Trimmed Hats, medium and small, and large shapes. Black and colors, trimmed with fancy feathers, ostrich feathers, flowers and ribbons. **\$5.00**

Other Trimmed Hats .. **\$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.98, \$15 to \$25.00**

In all the newest and most popular styles.



SNOW WHITE 'KERCHIEFS FROM THE HANDKERCHIEF SHOP

SHEER LAWN PURE LINEN
CREPE DE CHINE FINE SILK

WOMEN'S NOVELTY HANDKERCHIEFS, of colored crepe de chime. Lovely colors to select from .. **25¢**
WOMEN'S MADEIRA HANDKERCHIEFS, fine quality, exquisite material .. **3 for \$1.00**
MEN'S SILK HANDKERCHIEFS with embroidered initials, **35¢**
CHILDREN'S NOVELTY HANDKERCHIEFS, embroidered kiddies in corner .. **3 for 29¢**

THE RIBBON SHOP GAY COLORED RIBBON



HAIR BOW RIBBON, lovely colors to select from such as copen or navy blue, Nile green, old rose, turquoise, all shades of pink and coral. **39¢, 49¢ and 59¢ Yard**

FANCY RIBBON, for making up bags, gold and silver embroidery. **\$2.75 and \$2.98 Yard**

BAL FRAMES, old silver and bronze style. **\$1.25**

NARROW CAMISOLE RIBBON, yard. **25¢**

HERE'S SOMETHING FOR LITTLE GIRLS TO READ

GIRLS' SLIP-ON AND BUTTON DOWN FRONT SWEATERS, in all the wanted shades. Sizes 2 to 16 years. Prices start at **\$1.69** for the small sizes and go as high as .. **\$6.98**

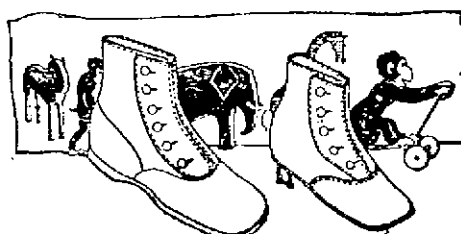
GIRLS' GINGHAM DRESSES, with and without bloomers. These dresses wash well and are practical and dainty .. **\$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$4.98**

APRONS

DRESS APRONS, of percale with elastic belt, square neck with trimmings of rick rack braid, also aprons with belt in medium and large sizes, checks, flared and striped percales. **\$1.69**

RUBBER KITCHEN APRONS, with bib, in black and white checks, splendid to use for canning, preserving, or laundry purposes, as they help to keep your dress clean and dry, two sizes. **79¢ and \$1.25**

THE LITTLE GREY SHOP'S OWN SHOE DEPARTMENT



CHILD SIZE CHAIRS FOR CHILDREN

INFANTS' FIRST STEP, WALK RIGHT SHOES, black and tan, patent vamp, neat top, button style. **\$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50**

FAT BABY SHOE, in black and tan, plain toe, button style, just the thing for the stubby little toddler .. **\$2.25 and \$2.50**

CHILDREN'S "WALKRIGHT" SHOES, sizes 4 to 8, in black, black patent vamp and white buck top, button style with washable kid top .. **\$3.50**

CHILDREN'S WALKRIGHT SHOES, sizes 4 to 8, in grey and brown top. Button style .. **\$3.00**

CHILDREN'S "WALKRIGHT" SHOES, in tan, unlined, will stand a lot of rough wear, particularly good for school use, sizes 7-12 .. **\$1.00**

MISSSES' "WALKRIGHT" SHOES, in gun metal, sizes 11½ to 2 widths B, C, D, E. **\$4.00**

MISSSES' SHOES, in patent button style, also lace patent styles with grey tops, sizes 1½ to 2. **\$4.50 and \$5.00**

MISSSES' WHITE BUCK LACE SHOES, sizes 1½ to 2. **\$5.00**

NEW STYLES IN FALL BLOUSES

Are Arriving Daily in the Blouse Shop



WOULD YOU LIKE A SHEER FRENCH VOILE BLOUSE, so sheer that the resemblance between that and georgette crepe is startling? This blouse in particular is trimmed with the daintiest of val lace and tiny tucks. Crochet buttons are used. The price of this dainty little blouse. **\$5.00**
GEORGETTE CREPE BLOUSE, flesh color, trimmed with flowing ribbons, navy in color. Notice the bell sleeves, so youthful and yet so quaint. **\$5.00**
MANY PRETTY STYLES IN WHITE VOILE BLOUSES, some trimmed with val lace, others with embroidery .. **\$1.98 and \$2.98**

LOVELY NIGHT GOWNS AND DAINTY UNDERTHINGS

MUSLIN CREPE SATIN



GOWNS, of sheer nainsook, yoke of lace and shirring, and bows of ribbon, shirred shoulder and lace trimmed sleeve, in slip over style .. **\$2.50**
CAMISOLES, of wash satin, lace and insertion trimmed, shoulder straps of ribbon, in flesh and white. **98¢**
ENVELOPE CHEMISE, several pretty styles, lace and medalion trimmed, also hand embroidered yokes. **\$1.50**
SKIRTS, of nainsook, with embroidery trimmed flounce or flit. Lace and insertion. All finished with dust ruffle. **\$1.98**

Smart Styles in Fall Footwear Street Floor Shoe Shop for Women



Women's High Lace Boots with 9 inch tops, dark brown kid with buck tops, high Louis heels.

Women's Black Russian Calf Lace Boots, 9 inches high, made with welted soles and military and Louis Cuban heels.

Women's Dark Brown Russia Calf, 9 inch Lace Boots, with welted soles and high leather Louis heels.

Women's Black Glazed Kid, 9 inch Lace Boots, with welted soles and high leather Louis heels.

Women's Patent Calf, 9 inch Lace Boots, with pearl grey cloth tops, turn soles and high Louis heels. Prices from **\$7 to \$11**

YE STORE NEWS

Have you seen the new rubber aprons? Housekeepers will find them to be a splendid thing to wear especially while canning or preserving. Sold in the House-dress Department on the second floor.

Kiddies' Barber Shop—Second Floor.

Call Lowell 5000, the store of absolute satisfaction. Experienced salespeople will gladly give your order careful attention.

Charge customers are urged to bring their identification coins with them. By presenting this coin to the clerk, when purchasing, you will experience no delay as no further identification will be necessary.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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THE NEW CAR FARE

The people of Lowell perhaps should felicitate themselves upon the reduction in car fares so that 16 rides may be had for \$1.00, while single rides still cost ten cents. Most people are of the opinion that the company might have served its own interests better if it had sealed the rate of fare down to the old time nickel. The Lowell committee that appeared before the trustees, however, argued strongly for the five-cent rate but could not induce the board to make such a sweeping reduction. Time, however, may convince the trustees that a five-cent fare in such cities as Lowell will bring more revenue than the 6 1/2 cent fare. For some time past the company has been experimenting with different rates of fare between five and ten cents and we venture to say there has been no material increase in revenues as the result of the increased fare. The five-cent fare on a shortened route and without transfers in cities like Lowell would probably bring the company the increase of revenue for which it is clamoring.

JOHN MITCHELL

Sorrow for the death of John Mitchell, the courageous young labor leader, will not be confined to the ranks of labor or the organizations with which he was identified.

John Mitchell was loved and admired by the people throughout this country for his boldness in asserting the principles of justice and right as applied to labor problems. There was nothing of the Bolshevik spirit in John Mitchell. He was a firm believer in the principle that in this country we have a government of law, rather than of men. He believed in upholding the law and that if reforms are necessary, they can be secured through the proper channels. John Mitchell believed that it is not the proper course for labor to violate the law, even if it be unjust. His plan was to expose its injustice so clearly and forcibly that the law makers of the land would hasten to right the wrong. We need more men of the Mitchell stamp, especially at this time when the Bolshevik spirit is abroad and when disrespect for all laws seems to be more widespread than ever. The cause of labor and that of law and order lose a staunch friend and loyal supporter in the death of John Mitchell.

TREATY RESERVATIONS

It seems that the United States is not the only country asking for reservations in treaties adopted by the peace conference. The Rumanians refuse to sign the treaty submitted to them without changes and reservations. Their principal reasons are that under the provisions of the document presented to them their hands would be tied commercially and economically, so that they could not effectively carry out the work of reconstruction. They also complain that the guarantee provided for minorities in annexed territories would overthrow Rumanian sovereignty and lead to further trouble. Both these protests seem to be well founded and in every way reasonable. Rumania made many sacrifices during the war on the side of the allies and she should be accorded more consideration than the countries which stood with Germany all through the strife.

Greece and Serbia respectively enter protests in their own behalf against treaty provisions, so that the peace conference is likely to have considerable trouble in reconciling all the conflicting interests that are presented in the various claims of the Balkan states. The protests of the small nations, however, are of slight importance compared to failure on the part of the United States to ratify the German treaty and the covenant of the League of Nations without amendments or reservations. One of the chief results of such a course by the United States would be to prolong the declaration of peace and thereby to promote the industrial and commercial unrest and uncertainty that are working so much injury not only to this nation but to various others at the present time.

CARDINAL MERCIER

Cardinal Mercier comes to the United States to thank the nation and its people for what they did to save Belgium when threatened by extermination by the might of Germany. Mercier is the only man

who successfully defied the might and ruthlessness of Prussian officialdom. He cared not for himself, but he continually proved his readiness to die if necessary in shielding his people and inspiring them with courage to resist the edicts of Germany to the utmost. His weapons were those which the apostles used against the tyrant rulers of their day—courage, zeal, faith and spiritual invincibility. To these he added an open appeal to the moral sense of the world which made even the German autoocrats wince. The famous pastorals issued by Cardinal Mercier when his country and his people were being crushed by the conquering hosts of Germany will live in history as expressions of the most sublime patriotism. The king of Belgium had to flee, but Cardinal Mercier took up the reins of control and by voice and pen alone, he made the Von Bessings and their hirelings quake while through his bishops he inspired the Belgian people with courage to meet and rise triumphant over all their afflictions. In one of his pastorals Cardinal Mercier in the face of threats of death from the Germans, thus advised his people against allegiance to the foreign sway imposed upon them:

"I do not require of you to renounce any of your national desires. On the contrary, I hold it as part of my episcopal office to instruct you as to your duty in face of the power that has invaded our soil and now occupies the greater part of our country. The authority of that power is no lawful authority. Therefore, in soul or conscience you owe it neither respect nor attachment nor obedience."

"The sole lawful authority in Belgium is that of our king, of our government, of the elected representatives of the nation. This authority alone has a right to our affection, our submission."

The German authorities appealed to the Vatican but every act of the great cardinal was approved by the Holy See.

BOSTON POLICE STRIKE

It is really astonishing to find mob violence breaking out in the city of Boston immediately after the police had gone on strike. This occurrence indicates that the Bolshevik spirit is not wanting even in cultured Boston. But why should the mob be criticised when that same spirit is shown by the police department?

At the present time the question is whether the state can uphold the supremacy of law. Governor Coolidge and his police commissioner bear a heavy responsibility in this strike. It devolves upon them and Mayor Peters to provide substitutes for officers and to see that the law is strictly upheld throughout the city and that life and property are duly protected against all kinds of marauders and mob violence.

The police of Boston made a grave mistake in declaring a strike. The labor organizations that have offered to strike in sympathy with them have also blundered.

As well might a military company go on strike as the officers engaged to enforce law and order in any community. As well might the crew of a ship claim the right to mutiny. While the right to go on strike is denied the police department of Boston some official body should be provided to deal in a judicial way with the grievances of the men when submitted for settlement or adjudication. This is where the administration is lame. The men claim that they repeatedly appealed for amelioration of their grievances, but without result.

Who is responsible for the obstinate refusal to bring about the necessary reforms demanded by the police? Why were not their claims for higher wages and better working conditions met in a proper manner and in accordance with the trend of the times and the high cost of living? Commissioner Curtis of course can properly condemn the policemen for striking; but public opinion may equally condemn him for allowing the grievances of the men to go unheeded. We notice a disposition between the commissioner and the city officials

of Boston, each to blame the other for refusal to grant the men higher wages or to make some of the other changes which had been proposed.

The authority, it seems, vested with Commissioner Curtis and it has been too obdurate he is in a measure responsible for the consequences.

Now, however, that the strike has occurred, the whole question will be thoroughly ventilated and it is hoped that out of it all will come a new order of things that will absolutely prevent, and even penalize strikes by policemen or firemen, and provide a means of dealing with their grievances in an impartial and equitable manner.

RAILROAD PROBLEMS

(By the N. E. A.)

Our railroad history has been one of the world's wonder tales of industrial enterprise. It also contains chapters filled with shameful stories of colossal fraud and almost unbelievable corruption. In the building of the roads an empire of land and a nation's ransom in bounties were largely misappropriated. The scandals that came with the growing of the continent with iron highways, when followed by the riot of rebates and discriminations which made and wrecked cities and industries, and founded the trust dynasty against which democracy is now revolting, provoked the uprisings of Grangerism and Populism and brought regulation through the state and Interstate Commerce Commission.

This ended laissez faire and extreme individualism. It also introduced the new era of manipulation, speculation and consolidation. Profits were sought in handling stocks and bonds rather than freight and passengers. The great valuable constructive work of this era was the combination of wastefully competing roads into great systems. Its evils formed the main material upon which the school of muckrakers worked. Few today would urge return to the then so highly lauded competition. Fewer still would urge that we go back to the earlier and even more highly lauded individualism in management. These things at least are behind us.

The war came at the close of the second era. It found the roads combined in great systems, but sunk beneath seas of watered capital, neglected and gutted physically and almost bankrupt financially. Once more private enterprise had done its best and its worst. It had now performed the two tremendous tasks of building and then consolidating the management of the roads.

But it had neglected or denied the existence of two more important social duties. The largest and least powerfully organized group of workers had been denied a living wage. The roads had become incapable of performing their primary function, that of transporting the nation's goods. The plant had been neglected until it broke almost flat when confronted with the war crisis.

These problems were pressing for solution when war came. As in so many other fields the war but precipitated an already overdue crisis. While the government operated the roads it raised wages and re-created the plant. It also guaranteed and paid dividends that were otherwise extremely doubtful. It is largely a different and far better plant whose disposition we are now considering, than the one that existed in 1916.

It is, therefore, not a simple thing to return the roads to their owners. Here, as everywhere, it is impossible to return to the status quo ante bellum. That status is gone forever.

Owners do not want the property they had. They want a guaranteed dividend yielding property. Judge Lovett, president of the Union Pacific railroad, recently told a congressional committee: "If the railroads were turned back to their owners today under existing conditions it is not too much to say that half of the roads would go into bankruptcy and the dividend paying roads would have to reduce their dividend payments."

All plans propose changes in pre-war conditions. All would prevent past vested wrongs from becoming future vested rights.

Labor will have living wages and a democratic voice in industry. Owners demand dividends on capital actually invested. The public demands service, competent management and no payment for which value is not given.

The securing of these things requires a new era in our railroad history. This is recognized by those who are seeking solutions.

Of all the plans now before congress there is not one that does not in some way provide for the direct participation of labor and government along with the owners in the management of the railroads. The government in this case represents the public.

The real problem lies in the just apportionment of that participation.

SEEN AND HEARD

"Did you ever play in Hamlet?" Inquired a theatrical manager of a recent acquisition to his company.

"Ever," exclaimed the newcomer. "Why, I've played in every hamlet in the world."

A news despatch from Washington says the government has so much "bait of the realm" that it actually bulges out of the walls of the vaults containing it. The treasury has asked congress to appropriate \$1,500,000 to make the vaults secure and provide additional ones. The treasure is gold and silver accumulated during the war.

What a pity to spend a million and a half to take care of this coin. We know a half dozen fellows right here who would be glad to have that pleasure and it wouldn't cost the government one penny.

Try This

"I won \$5 yesterday."

"How?"

"I bet my dog would stay under water five minutes."

"And did he?"

"Yes, he's still there!"

Some Girl, Is Mary

Mrs. Caller—I suppose you find your daughter very much improved by her two years' stay at college?

Proud Mother—O, yes; Mary is a carnivorous reader now, and she frequently poverishes music. But she ain't a bit stuck up, she's unanimous to everybody, and she never keeps a caller waiting for her to dress; she just runs in, non de plume, and you know that makes one feel so comfortable!

Politeness Didn't Pay Here

Down on Water street, Augusta, Me., the other day, two men met at the corner of the street and they both stepped to the outer edge of the walk to avoid two ladies whom they met.

Both men said in chorus: "Pardon me," then both sidestepped to the left. When they met again both sidestepped once more, this time to the right, and met again. Then they both stood still, and as one man turned to the right, extending his arms above his head as he flattened himself against the building, he said to the other man: "Say, when you get by, whistle."

"De Ole Bird"

A colonel of a colored regiment coming in about 1.30 o'clock was challenged by the sentry and responded: "Col., officer of the camp."

The sentry tried his best to pierce the darkness, gave it up, and finally said: "Look, 'eah, man, yo all ah de fo'th man what's done tried to make me think he's Cannel —. Go away wid dat stuff!"

The colonel pretty warmly reaffirmed that he was the colonel. The guard, unmolested, told him to step up so that he could see him. The colonel walked up to him in a rage, and you can imagine his consternation when the sentry took hold of the silver eagle on his shoulder, looked up at him with a grin on his face and said:

"O, Lawdy! 'Tis de ole bird ain't it?" —The Bayonet.

Limehouse Wharf

O, have you been to Limehouse wharf? Where many sailors go?

The bowsprit of the ships stick out over the wharf in rows.

And some ships come from China (It's a long, long way from China) Hongkong and Valparaiso

And Cork and Callao!

Do you know Jim the Limmer's house?

Down by the water-side?

The bowsprit of a ship one day That came up with the tide—

A ship that came from China (It's a long, long way from China)

Made a hole-right through the window Ever so round and wide.

O, ship that came from China, I wonder why you came.

For you bring tea, I wonder.

Or sugar, or rice, or gram?

Or did you come from China (It's a long, long way from China)

Only to make that big round hole In our ship's window?

A. H., in London Spectator.

MAN ABOUT TOWN

The following bit of conversation relative to the shortage of sugar in this city was recently heard between a grocer and one of his customers, a housekeeper:

"May I have a pound of sugar today?"

"Impossible, madame. I have not had an ounce of the sweet stuff in my store for the past four days."

"Do you expect some pretty soon?"

"As soon as the wholesaler will come across."

"How is it that you can't get sugar and Mr. — across the way gets all he wants?"

"He's in right, I suppose."

"How long is this shortage going to last anyway?"

"I can't tell you, madame."

"This is really too bad, for I have a lot of fruit on hand I wanted to can and unless I get sugar it will all go to waste."

"I appreciate that, madame, but do you realize that you are not supposed to can anything this year, for you know this canning business was for the duration of the war only, and the war is now over."

At this point the grocer's remarks

Stopped Pain

For CRAMPS, COLIC and DYSENTERY

Radway's Ready Relief

Does not contain any harmful drugs. It is a pure, safe, and reliable remedy for all the above named ailments. Price, 25c. Sold everywhere.

At your dealer's

were cut short by the woman, who said she realized that the packers had probably something to do with the shortage of the sweet stuff which occurs right in the midst of the canning season. She said she also realized (with an accent on the realized) that there was someone responsible for such conditions, and announced that the packers would not get the best of her for she immediately purchased a large quantity of cane syrup and said she would can anyway.

Much extra parcel post business resulting from the freight embargo caused by the strike of railroad mechanics three weeks ago, has been retained by the local postoffice, so Postmaster Meehan tells me. "While some of this business has dropped away with the resumption of regular freight schedules," said Mr. Meehan, "a good deal of it has come to the postoffice to stay. I cannot say just what the increase will be, but Lowell business men who did not know of the ability of the parcel post to handle heavy packages before are showing a tendency to have as much of their business as possible handled through the postoffice. It has been my experience that every time the parcel post business here is increased through some temporary disarrangement of the regular scheme of things, part of the business always remains, which possibly may account in some measure for the tremendous growth of our parcel post department in the last few years."

Following closely upon the footsteps of the reasonable berries and the house-to-house canning industry which in normal years assumes great proportions in the city, now comes peaches in cartloads. The price per basket is tumbling steadily downward, the fruit must not be too ripe when canned, it is flooding the market, yet there is practically no sugar to be had. It is not only unfortunate in the present, but will seriously cripple the usually plentiful larder during the winter months. In view of excessive prices, housewives planned on canning to the limit this season and thereby create a little leverage against high retail cost this winter. Some canning has been done, to be sure, but the huge peach crop will be criminally wasted unless sugar rolls in—not brown or powdered—but the real fine granulated kind, which, by the way, is the only brand which can be successfully used.

It may be a trifle premature, but, nevertheless, the thought has struck us regarding Christmas shopping. To what extent will Lowell people observe this feast day this year? Under present conditions, it seems that many Christmas extravagances and foibles will be brushed one side to make room for real necessities. We imagine shoes, handkerchiefs (even more than usual) and all sorts of wearing apparel will form the nature of the gifts in a preponderance of instances. In fact, it must be so in a large measure. Folks simply have not the money to put into meaningless gifts—the sort which go out just because the recipient is sure to give "us" something. Perhaps it will be a family Christmas more than usual and households will find joy among themselves in the exchange of gifts useful rather than ornamental.

14 CHANGES UNDER THE LEAGUE OUTLINED

A feature of President Wilson's address at St. Paul not included in the press reports, but sent by a special New York writer with the president's party, is appended. It says:

"The president reduced his recital of the facts regarding the League of Nations to tabloid formula, dealing entirely with essential features of the historic document. During the journey of the train through the bounteous wheat belt from the state of South Dakota he took his faithful typewriter in his lap, as it were, and produced a card index of it for the information of the people of the country, to whom he has declared he only owes any responsibility for his official acts."

He read the card index to an audience of 5000 in the armory in Minneapolis yesterday afternoon and repeated it to a gathering of 10,000 in the auditorium in St. Paul tonight. He asked both if they knew just what the covenant of the League of Nations provided, and when there came a mighty chorus of "No!" in each hall he proceeded to tell them that the League of Nations will make these changes in the conduct of world affairs by every nation:

Changes Outlined

1. It will make certain the destruction of autocratic powers of international control.
2. It substitutes publicly, discussion and arbitration for war.
3. It provides for the boycotting of any and all offending powers that provoke war against an association power.
4. It proposes plans to place the world under an international oversight.
5. It abolishes private fights.
6. It compels the disarmament of all the great fighting nations of the present day.
7. It will insure the emancipation of all the oppressed people of the world.
8. It will prevent the annexation of territory anywhere.
9. It will care for the enslaved and

Try our combination box, large bottle of Liquid and can of Powder —

clean WHITE TEETH

Cleans teeth and mouth, banishes unpleasant odors, hardens the gums. Variety—liquid, powder and paste—suit every condition.

Sozodont

At your dealer's

Boys' New Things For Fall

BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS

—Sizes 8 years to 18—new models, \$8.00 to \$16.00

BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS

—with two pairs of trousers—the new belt model, \$10.50

LITTLE JUVENILE SUITS

—Russian blouse models and Middy—sizes 3 years to 8—most of these have separate white collars and cuffs, \$5.00 to \$11.00

KNICKERBOCKER TROUSERS

—separate trousers, sizes 8 years to 18—serges, dark mixtures and corduroys. . . . \$1.00 to \$2.50

BOYS' SCHOOL CAPS

65c

BOYS' SHOES

Shoes that we know will give satisfactory wear—made from good, honest leathers in medium and broad toe lasts—our prices are much below the real values of these shoes today.

Boys' Gun Metal Calf—strong substantial shoes \$2.95

(Others up to \$5.00)

Boys' Genuine Scout Shoes—oil tanned brown leather, Elk-hide soles, Goodyear welt, from \$2.85

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET

helpless women and children of the world.

10. It will make invalid every secret treaty.

11. It provides that there shall be no private understandings of any kind between nations that any other nation is bound to respect.

12. It will provide protection for defenseless people.

13. It will extend the right standard of American labor everywhere in the world.

14. It will place under the control of the League of Nations every humane agency, like the Red Cross, the control of the opium and liquor habits, the making of arms and ammunitions and other protecting influences for the benefit of mankind.

TO RECEIVE BIDS FOR AUDITORIUM

Sealed bids for the erection and completion of Lowell's memorial auditorium on the site chosen in East Merrimack street will be received by the auditorium commission on Oct. 15 in the aldermanic chamber at city hall between 11 and 11.30 a. m., according to an announcement made by the commission today. The call for bids comes

JUDGE JENNY MOVED TO BENCH OF SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

BOSTON, Sept. 10.—Governor Coolidge today announced the appointment of Charles Francis Jenny of this city, now a justice of the superior court, to the bench of the supreme judicial court. He will succeed Judge William C. Loring, whose resignation becomes effective September 16. Edward L. Shaw, of Easthampton, was named for Judge Jenny's place on the superior court bench.

Lancashire, Eng., has a man who goes from house to house and raps on windows with a bamboo pole to wake the mill girls for "tuppence" a week each. He's known as the "knocker-app."

GET YOUR Fireplace Ready

These Cool Days Will Come Often Now

We have everything for the FIREPLACE

Andirons

Fenders

Grates

Wood Baskets

Shovels and

Tongs

Buy early while the assortment is good.

The THOMPSON HARDWARE Co.

254-6 MERRIMACK STREET

Tel. 156-157

Helen E. Draper

TEACHER OF PIANO

Has Resumed Teaching

20 Ellsworth St. Tel. 4558-W

Veronica B. Rediker

Will Resume

TEACHING OF PIANO

MONDAY, SEPT. 15

At Her Studio

282 Appleton Street

ELLA M. REILLY

Organist of St. Michael's Church

Teacher of Piano

66 10th STREET

Tel. 4914-W

FRANCIS J. GORMAN

Teacher of Pianoforte

HAS RESUMED TEACHING

23 Prospect Street

TELEPHONE 5591-W

SCENES DURING SECOND NIGHT OF HUB STRIKE

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Crowds filled Boston's streets last night, the second day of the police strike. They surged through the business district with accompanying minor disorders and along the streets in So. Boston and in many instances it was only after frequent charges of cavalry men and the use of riot guns were they dispelled. Store windows were broken but the looting was small comparatively, as the troops and volunteer police were rushed immediately to the localities where crowds appeared threatening.

Troops Pour Into City

Eight companies of the Tenth Regiment, Massachusetts state guard, were posted about the city in the early evening and until 3 a. m. today company units of the 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th and 20th Infantry Regiments and the First Troop of Cavalry, First Ambulance Company and First Motor Corps continued to enter the city. The infantry regiments were armed with 45-calibre Springfield rifles and ball cartridges; the cavalrymen carried sabres and automatic pistols, while the motor corps was equipped with riot guns throwing buckshot. Brig. Gen. Samuel D. Parker commanded the troops, subordinate to Mayor Peters, and the mayor appointed Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole, formerly of the 26th Division, as his military adjutant.

The sight of well armed soldiers and cavalrymen on the streets gave most everyone a sense of security today and the expressions of approval among the thousands of commuters were general.

May Bring General Strike

The opinion was heard frequently that the situation would develop into a general strike as the result of the action of the state branch of the American Federation of Labor in ordering a sympathetic strike vote of the Boston unions tonight. Endorsements of the strike already have been given by the Boston Central Labor union, and it was believed that the locals would back the pledge of their delegates. Carmen, firemen, telephone workers and several other organizations already have offered their support.

Traffic conditions in the business sections were improved today with the assignment of volunteer traffic officers. A squad of 50 men, composed largely of automobile salesmen and chauffeurs, organized by the Boston Automobile Dealers' association, at the request of Superintendent of Police Crowley began its duties today.

Mayor Appeals to People

Public co-operation in the restoration of law and order was sought by Mayor Peters in a proclamation, in which he requested that everyone be patient under such small inconveniences as cannot be avoided, and that the public avoid unnecessary crowding and loitering in the streets. The mayor declared that he had ample forces at his disposal and was ready to meet any emergency that could be foreseen.

The volunteer police were men of diversified nationalities and occupations. Mingled with the prominent names of Cabot, Bullock, Frothingham, Russell and Wolcott, were such names as Federkiewicz, Vasiliankas, Moriarty and Goldstein. Their occupations varied from laborer and tradesmen to banker and college professor.

Machine Guns Mounted

Disturbances notable last night were in Scollay square, Bowdoin square, Adams square and South Boston. After frequent outbreaks at Scollay square and in South Boston, with the use of riot guns in the latter district, machine guns were mounted and had a quieting effect on the crowds, which persisted in congregating there. South Boston gave the authorities more trouble than any other section. Hoodlums and excitement seekers gathered early and remained until after 2 a. m.

Guardsmen Attacked

State guardsmen arriving first were

CUT THIS OUT

OLD ENGLISH REMEDY FOR CATARRH, CATARRH, DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES.

If you know of some one who is troubled with Catarrh, Deafness, head noises or ordinary catarrh cut out this formula and hand it to them and you may have been the means of saving some poor sufferer perhaps from total deafness. In England scientists for a long time past have recognized that catarrh is a constitutional disease and necessarily requires constitutional treatment.

Sprays, inhalers and nose douches are liable to irritate the delicate air passages and force the disease into the middle ear which frequently means total deafness or else the disease may be driven down the air passages towards the lungs which is equally as dangerous. The following formula which is used extensively in the damp English climate is a constitutional treatment and should prove especially efficacious to sufferers here who live under more favorable climate conditions.

Secure from your druggist 1 ounce of Eucalypti (double strength). Take this home and add to it 1/2 pint of hot water and a little granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day. This will often bring quick relief from distressing head noises. Cleared nostrils should open, breathing become easy and hearing improve as the inflammation in the earthen tubes is reduced. Eucalypti used in this way acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system and has a tonic action that helps to obtain the desired results. The preparation is easy to make, costs little and is pleasant to take. Every person who has catarrh or head noises or is hard of hearing should use this treatment a trial.

USE
PARLOR PRIDE
SALES
STOVE POLISH
YOUR STOVE WILL
TALK A SHINE
Unequalled Non-Inflammable. Easy on the hands. Standard for years. Price 15 cents. All dealers.
PARLOR PRIDE MFG. CO.
North Andover, Mass.

sent to that district and were greeted immediately with showers of stones and other missiles. The first force of 250 soldiers were quickly supplemented by others with riot guns. Besides being kept busy clearing the sidewalks and street junctions, they were obliged frequently to rescue groups of volunteer police from serious situations.

Troops Fire Into Crowd

Scollay Square, one of the amusement centers of the city, formed the starting point of several big crowds. Thousands would gather only to be sent scurrying down side streets by troops, who used the broadside of their sabres freely. A squad of husky Harvard athletes, who were patrolling the square got badly battered and not until the troops had fired their pistols into the crowd, mortally wounding an unidentified man, did order become restored.

Lights Burn All Night

Petty destruction and looting by small roaming gangs were frequent in several districts. Hundreds of stores were well guarded or protected by barbed wire or boardings, and all street lights burned all night. Continuous rainfall during the night was believed to have acted as a damper on the spirits of the hoodlums, as the small groups of marauders disappeared.

Business and professional men with Harvard graduates and athletes patrolled beats in pairs and were aggressive factors in scattering the crowds. Frequently they were the targets for jeers and missiles. Many of them returned this morning to the police stations to which they had been assigned, bearing numerous evidences of rough handling, but apparently determined to continue.

Striking Policeman Shot

Richard D. Reemis, a striking policeman, was shot and dangerously wounded this morning. At the hospital he said that he had been shot by Police Sergeant John D. McDonald. According to the sergeant the shot was fired by Abraham Karp, a storekeeper in the South End, who explained that he thought someone was attempting to break into his shop and going out to investigate, saw Reemis rushing toward him and fired. Karp was arrested.

The authorities claim that Reemis was one of two former officers who held up two volunteer policemen last night and stripped them of their guns, clubs and badges. Arthur D. Shea, a

striking policeman, and the alleged companion of Reemis, was arrested, charged with robbery.

Brig. General Samuel D. Parker, who is acting as administrative head of the military and police forces that now constitute the city's police department, said that his force was completed for present purposes.

Guardsmen whose bayonets bristled in the streets today on patrolmen's belts, operated out of the police stations with the volunteers ununiformed and marked only by badges and clubs. General Parker set under way an investigation of the shooting in the South Boston district, in which two persons were killed and many injured.

Lowell State Guardsmen in Boston

Cos. B, C and G first units of 11th Regt., to arrive in Boston, reaching South armory at 5.45 p. m. Wednesday. (South armory is on Irvington st.)

Time of arrival just four hours after receipt of orders.

Capt. Albert Bergeron reported with Co. B, 32 men; Capt. Royal P. White with Co. G, 27 men; Lieut. Loring H. Kew with Co. C, 18 men, followed by Lieut. Brackley with 20 additional men. All Lowell companies about two-thirds full strength.

Orders received at 6.30 p. m. to immediately despatch 100 men to Station 10. In response 100 men, all from Lowell, the first on the scene, were sent to Station 10 in furniture trucks. Full equipment—overcoats, rifles, bayonets and full cartridge belts worn outside their overcoats.

At 6.50 Capt. Bergeron reported back by telephone to Col. Thomas F. Sullivan in command at armory that first 100 men had reported to captain of police station No. 10 for duty.

Co. B of Lowell assigned to station No. 9, Roxbury last night and went on patrol in Warren, Dudley streets and Blue Hill avenue.

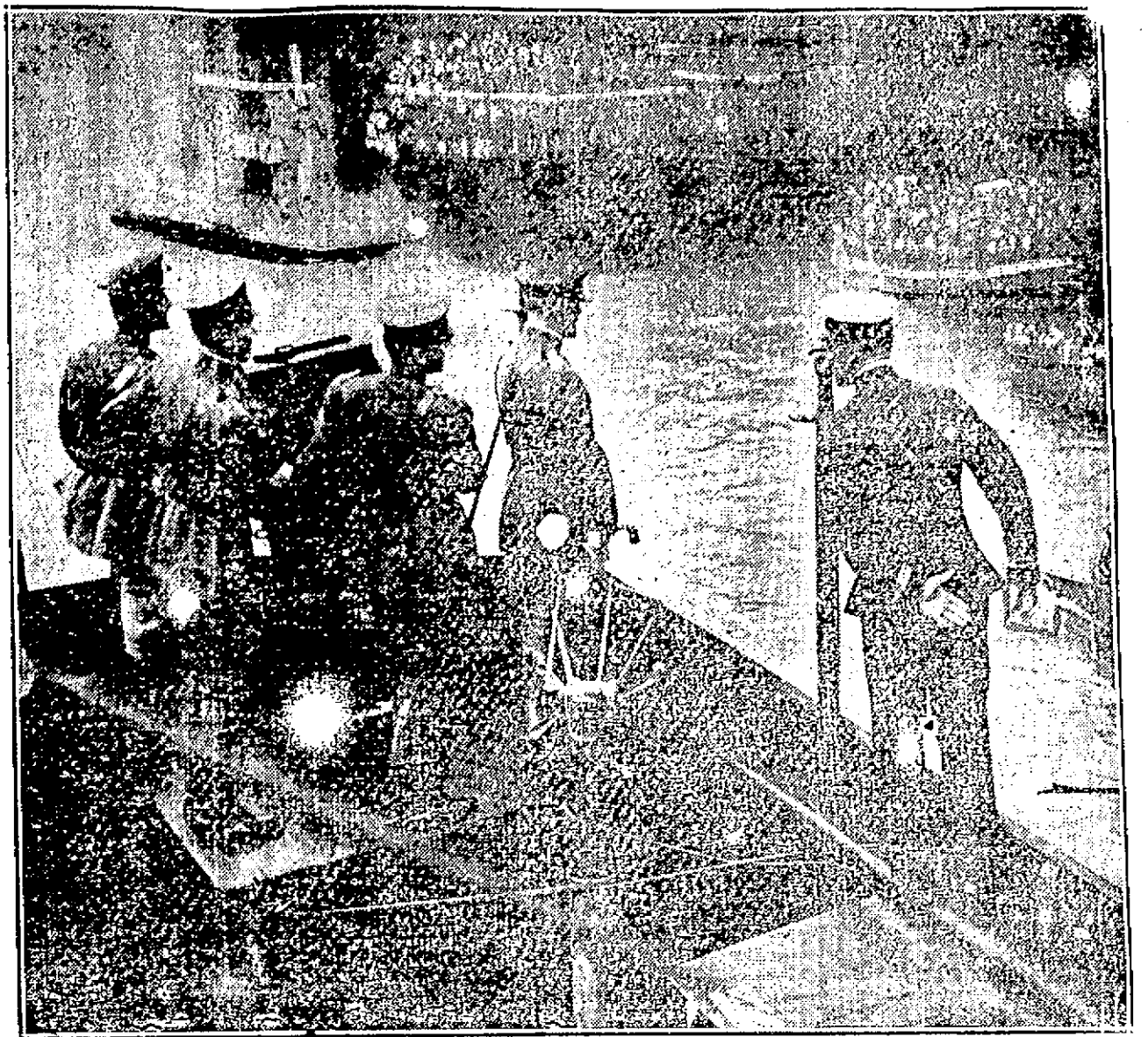
Members of Co. G of Lowell did patrol duty last night at Roxbury Crossing station.

Lowell members of state guard at Knights Templars convolve in Philadelphia received telegraph orders to report for duty in Boston immediately.

\$200,000 Loss

The property loss due to looting and rioting yesterday is estimated at \$200,000. Fifty-three Metropolitan police refused to perform street duty in Boston and were suspended. Another development yesterday was Gov. Coolidge's notification to Mayor Peters that he will communicate with President Wilson relative to calling

Continued to Page 15



PULLING INTO THE DOCK—GEN. PERSHING RETURNS THE GREETING OF THE CHEERING CROWDS

We Serve Our Customers **Open Friday Nights Till 9.30** Our Friday Night Specials Are Resumed.
Best by Being **Take Advantage of the Savings**

QUALITY CLOTHES For Fall

The coming Fall season is going to be a serious one in the Clothing trade. Really good all wool clothes are scarce and hard to get; the man who has a good suit left over is fortunate; it's worth nearly double last Fall price.

THE MERRIMACK

Sells good clothes; they cost a little more than some of the cheap cotton and shoddy suits so plentiful in most clothing stores today—but Merrimack clothes pay for themselves because they are good; they last longer, look better and retain their shape longer.

It's not too early to select your Fall suit now—especially when you can save 10 to 20 per cent. on today's market price.

If you've a Fall Suit to buy take no chances; select it this week at the Merrimack where you are sure of the quality.

MEN'S FALL CAPS

ARE HERE

The new greens and browns, Scotch mixtures, in homespun and chevrons,

\$2.00 and \$2.50

Mallory and Wilson Hats FOR FALL

SEPT. 15th

Is officially the day to discard the old Straw Hat. Don't be caught with a straw hat on after this date—and it's almost as bad to wear last season's soft hat.

A WEALTH OF NEW SHADES AND SHAPES ARE HERE

Style, distinction, superior quality, great variety and supreme values—these are the four big factors that have made the name Mallory or Wilson in a Hat stand for so much.

If you want real Hat comfort and satisfaction try either a

MALLORY at \$5.00 and \$6.00

OR A

WILSON at \$4.00

MEN'S NEW FALL SHIRTS

A wonderful display. Practically every desirable pattern is shown from the dressy wide stripe to the conservative hair-line effects, in fast patterns for every taste.

Bates Street Shirts..... \$3.00

Merrimack Shirts..... \$2.00 and \$2.50

Crepe de Chine Silk Shirts..... \$10 to \$12

NEW FALL NECKWEAR

Thousands of new patterns to select from. Silks are scarce. Select your fall supply now.

65c to \$2.00

SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

50 Dozen \$1.00 Quality Ties at

75c

FRIDAY NIGHT 4 HOUR CASH SPECIALS FROM 5.30 TO 9.30 ONLY

MEN'S \$35 SUITS.....	\$29.75
MEN'S \$15 RAINCOATS.....	\$12.75
MEN'S \$5.00 PANTS.....	\$3.95
MEN'S ODD SOFT HATS (Worth \$4).....	\$1.50
MEN'S \$2.50 CAPS.....	\$1.95
MEN'S \$2.50 SHIRTS.....	\$1.95
MEN'S \$1.00 NECKWEAR.....	89c
MEN'S 50c PURE CASSIMERE STOCKINGS.....	39c
MEN'S FALL WEIGHT \$2.00 UNION SUITS.....	\$1.65
MEN'S ODD UNION SUITS (44 to 46 sizes).....	\$1.00
MEN'S \$1.00 BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR.....	59c, 2 for \$1.00
MEN'S \$5.00 QUALITY SWEATERS.....	\$2.95
MEN'S \$1.00 QUALITY BLACK UNDERSHIRTS.....	29c
MEN'S \$2.00 ODD WOOL DRAWERS.....	89c
BOYS' \$18.00 SUITS.....	\$14.75
BOYS' \$2.50 KNICKERBOCKER PANTS.....	\$1.95
BOYS' \$6.00 SWEATERS.....	\$4.95
BOYS' \$2.50 LONG KHAKI PANTS.....	\$1.95
BOYS' \$1.25 CAPS.....	95c
BOYS' \$1.45 OVERALLS.....	95c
LADIES' ODD SUITS, Values to \$35.....	\$14.50
LADIES' ODD COATS, Values to \$20.....	\$5.00
LADIES' ODD WASH DRESSES, Values \$5.95.....	\$1.98
LADIES' ODD WOOL SKIRTS.....	\$1.98
LADIES' ODD WASH SKIRTS, Values \$3.95.....	98c
LADIES' ODD WAISTS.....	49c
LADIES' \$1.29 BUNGALOW APRONS.....	98c
LADIES' SILK STOCKINGS.....	69c, 3 Pairs \$2.00

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT

Is Ready With the New Fall Suits

SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

BOYS' ALL WOOL SUITS with two pairs of full lined pants,

\$15.00

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS with two pairs of pants at

\$12.75

Merrimack Clothing Comp'y

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

OPEN FRIDAY NIGHTS

HURLS BACK WILSON CHARGE OF QUITTERS

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Three republican senators began here yesterday their campaign in answer to President Wilson's speaking tour in behalf of the peace treaty and League of Nations.

Before the Hamilton club Senator Johnson of California said that "the innumerable facts make the issue with Mr. Wilson." At the very time the president was saying that because of the League of Nations the boys in khaki will not be ordered into foreign lands, "American boys were upon the Rhine, condemned to remain there for 15 years in the future, by virtue of his action, and 7000 American sons were being ordered by the Paris conference (the real League of Nations now), to embark from this country into Siberia to patrol coal mines and police that territory; American youths were being slain in Asia, at Vladivostok and in Siberia, in a war not declared by American people or the American congress, but directed in secrecy at Paris."

"The issue is, shall the republic still be the master of its destiny or shall that destiny be intrusted to foreign nations?"

"In an angry frenzy at St. Louis Mr. Wilson exclaimed: 'Let them show me how they will prove that, having come into an enterprise, they are not absolutely contemptible quitters. If they do not see the game through.' To what 'game' does Mr. Wilson refer?"

"The American people are not quitters. They rose majestically and won a great war. When they had played their game and done their job, Mr. Wilson commenced his game at Paris and his game was for certain definite, plainly phrased principles."

"Who quit the game? We stood behind him when he demanded open covenants of peace, openly arrived at, and in their abandonment it was not the American people, who were contemptible quitters."

"And this it was that the game was played in Paris and the game was the game of the sinister, cynical European and Asiatic diplomacy, in which the American people neither have a part or want a part. This today is the game which Mr. Wilson plays and all who will not play with him he calls 'contemptible quitters.'"

Senators Borah and McCormick also spoke here yesterday.

PLAN PAGEANT AT NORMAL SCHOOL

Two directors of dramatics and recreation, Miss Alice Keith and Miss Higgins, arrived in Lowell last evening to assist Miss Catherine Cronin, of the girls' division of the Community Service club in preparing the pageant to be given by the local girls next Tuesday evening.

As previously announced the pageant



A PURE AMERICAN MARRIAGE

COLORADO SPRINGS.—European nobility has no more ancient pile for a royal marriage than this Santa Clara Pueblo couple who were wedded with Indian ritual amid the ruins of their ancestral homes. It was the biggest Indian affair in the history of Colorado. Joseph Tafeyin, the groom, had just returned from overseas. The bride was Petra Sousa.

will be given on the grounds of the Normal school in Broadway if the weather is favorable, but if it should rain on that evening, the club officers have not decided whether the event will be held indoors or postponed.

TEXTILE COUNCIL TO BACK STRIKERS

At a meeting of the Lowell Textile Council held last evening it was voted to back up the stationary firemen who are on strike in this city.

The stationary firemen went out on strike eight weeks ago after being refused a minimum wage of \$2 a day and an eight-hour day. A couple of weeks ago they offered to return to work if the manufacturers were willing to ar-

bitrate and on the refusal of the latter to do so they again voted to remain on strike and the matter was taken up by the international president of the Firemen's union and International President John Golden, of the United Textile Workers of America, and during the past week special meetings of textile unions were held and a vote was taken as to whether or not the Lowell Textile Council should back up the strike.

The various delegates reported at a meeting of the council last evening and at the close of the meeting the following statement was given out:

"It was the unanimous vote of the Lowell Textile Council after all of the delegates of the different locals had reported to said Textile Council that they had unanimously voted at a spe-

cial meeting to back up the firemen's strike to the full extent in order to win their strike.

"WALTER G. BOACH,
President Textile Council;
"FREDERICK J. SHIELDS,
Recording Secretary."

One of the officials of the council stated last night that the council will not send a demand to the manufacturers, for he said it is up to the firemen to do that.

HEARING ON REVIEW

City Solicitor William D. Regan was notified today that the hearing on review in the case of the widow of Henry Parus vs. the City of Lowell, in which a verdict for the city has been given previously, will be held on Sept. 23 at the state house. It was originally scheduled for yesterday.

British ministry of munitions has realized nearly \$700,000,000 from the sale of war material from tin tanks to tanks.

Gray Hair Tells Tales—Tint it!

TRIAL PACKAGE SENT FREE—Gray hair is a little tale. Don't read it until you are really old. It is at forty you still feel young, then the trouble to look young. For to look and feel young is to be young. It is just as easy to keep your hair young and beautiful as to retain your youthful interest in life and people. Tint the gray, faded, streaked strands with "Brownatone," as thousands of women have done.



"Brownatone is My Best Friend." This wonderful preparation does not rub or wash off. It gives you a delightful shimmer, just enough to make a little "Brownatone" through your gray, streaked, or bleached hair and see it change like magic to golden, soft or deep rich brown, or black—any shade desired. The result is to get off your complexion.

Absolutely Harmless—"Brownatone" is odorless, fragranceless, and positively non-staining. Guaranteed to contain no lead, copper, silver, mercury, zinc, arsenic, or other toxic products. Used for washing, as well as growing hair. Two colors: "Light to Medium Brown" and "Dark Brown to Black." Light brown to black. Two sizes, 25c and \$1.15, at all leading druggists.

Special Free Trial Offer.—Send only 10c with this coupon for free trial package and half a package on the way.

Mail This Coupon Now—The Kanton Pharmacy Co., 162 Copper Bldg., Louisville, Ky. Enclosed find 10c and your color postage, packing and wear tax for Trial Package of Brownatone. Light to Medium Brown or Dark Brown to Black. Mark with X shade wanted and mail with your full name and ad.



She likes to wash with Lifebuoy! It smells so good. It makes such a big, bubbly lather

Children need a soap that more than cleanses

THE little ones get so dirty, they must wash and be washed so often, that they especially need a soap that is beneficial to the skin—not only one that cleans away the dirt.

When they wash with Lifebuoy, it cleanses, and more than cleanses. Its big, bubbling lather carries into every pore the antiseptic recognized as the greatest aid in keeping the skin healthy. It leaves the skin antiseptically clean, and protected.

The skin is covered with the tiny openings of the fat and perspiration glands. They throw off waste matter and perspiration continually. They are constantly exposed to impurities, to dust and dirt.

Unless removed, this cast-off matter

clogs the pores, stops perspiration, and irritates the skin.

Give the children Lifebuoy. See how it keeps their skin free from little irritations, keeps it glowing with health.

The odor tells why

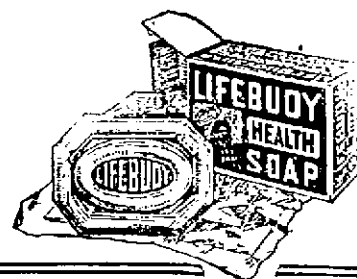
The "health" odor in Lifebuoy is found in no other soap. It is not a perfume—not the odor of a medicine—but a pure, hygienic odor that tells you instantly why Lifebuoy purifies and protects—why it improves your skin.

Get Lifebuoy at any grocery, drug or department store. Use it always for the children's faces, hands, and baths. Lever Bros. Co., Cambridge, Mass.

LIFEBUOY

HEALTH SOAP

—for face, hands and bath



Copyright 1919 by Lever Bros. Co.



We Offer 12½c

We offer 12½ cents each this week, in aluminum mold values, for the end labels on Jiffy-Jell packages which mention any of the following flavors:

Loganberry—Pineapple—Lime—Mint

Four such end labels this week bring you free any 50-cent Pint Mold—or the Set of Six Individuals. SEE OFFERS BELOW

New Fruit Desserts And Timely Salads at a Trifling Cost

Real-Fruit Desserts



Loganberry

the flavor for one Jiffy-Jell dessert.

We crush these fruits, then condense the juice and seal it in a vial. Each package of Jiffy-Jell contains a bottle of this fruit-juice essence.

You add to Jiffy-Jell a pint of water. Then add the flavor from the bottle and cool the jelly in molds. Then you have a rich dessert with a wealth of real-fruit flavor, and at trifling cost.

Jiffy-Jell is winning millions from the old-type

gelatine desserts. It costs no higher price. Yet the flavors are real fruit and abundant, in liquid form in glass. If you filled the jelly with fresh ripe fruit it could not be more luscious.

This week we offer you 50-cent molds—a minimum molds—to induce a trial of our choicest flavors. Accept our offer. Learn these new delights.

Pineapple

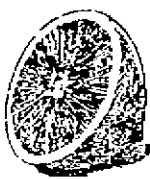
Jiffy-Jell

With Fruit Essences in Glass

10 Flavors in Glass Vials

A Bottle in Each Package

Loganberry, Pineapple, Mint, Lime, Strawberry, Raspberry, Cherry, Orange, Lemon, Also Coffee Flavor



Lime-Fruit

Then we suggest the Lime-fruit flavor, tart and green. And the Mint flavor, rich in fresh-mint essence.

These are for salad jells and garnish jells. Mix in fruits or vegetables—whatever you wish for the salad—and make a salad loaf. Serve with dressing or without.

Or mix in meat scraps and make a meat loaf—great in aspic. Use up left-overs in this way.

Use Mint Jiffy-Jell instead of mint sauce when you serve roast lamb. It is vastly better and is always ready.

The end flap on each Jiffy-Jell package states the flavor.

Send us four this week which mention Loganberry, Pineapple, Lime or Mint. Then we will mail you any 50-cent mold or set of molds which we describe below. We want you to know what countless Jiffy-Jell can serve.



Mint

50c Mold Offers

Send us the end flaps from four Jiffy-Jell packages—the flaps which name the flavor. Send those which mention Loganberry, Pineapple, Lime or Mint. Send the coupon with them and we will send you any aluminum mold you choose from this list. Check the coupon to show which mold you want.

- ...STYLE-B—Pint Dessert Mold, heart shaped.
- ...STYLE-C—Pint Dessert Mold, fluted.
- ...STYLE-D—Pint Salad Mold.
- ...STYLE-E—Pint Fruit Salad Mold.
- ...STYLE-H—Pint Dessert Mold, star-shaped.
- ...SET OF SIX—Individual Dessert Molds in assorted styles.

MAIL THIS

Jiffy-Jell, Waukesha, Wis.

I enclose four end labels as per your offer. Send me the mold I check at left.

Name

Address



"AND I HEARD A GREAT CRASH—"

San Francisco's pretty girls are learning a brand-new talent, now that the whole west is gone crazy over the newly arrived "gobs." This is the talent for listening, which cynics have said is a lost art among American women. The jannies of Uncle Sam's new Pacific fleet are full of yarns so thrilling that the girls just crowd around to hear. A camera-man popped in at one of the service-centers and found this pretty group adoring the "gob" in the over left-hand corner, who was telling about a scrap between his ship and a German submarine, while on convoy duty. All the photographer had to say was, "Now, hold still!"

UNION MARKET

173-175-177 MIDDLESEX
FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

Stop! Look! Read!

Friday Comes Only Once a Week and It's FRESH FISH We Like to Eat.

So Before You Buy, Drop in and See Dave and Out of Your Dollar, 40c You'll Save.

LARGE SHORE HADDOCK, lb.....	5c	STEAK COD, lb.....	13c
EASTERN HALIBUT, lb.....	30c	BUTTERFISH, lb.....	22c
SWORDFISH, lb.....	35c	STRICTLY FRESH MACKEREL, lb.....	15c
COD CHUCKS, lb.....	20c	SLICED HADDOCK, 2 lbs.....	25c
CLAMS, quart.....	20c	MARKET COD, lb.....	8c
WHITEFISH, lb.....	15c	OYSTERS, Fresh Open, quart.....	38c

FREE TODAY FROM 4 TO 9 P. M.
With Every Purchase of Over 40c at This Counter, One Box Sardines.

3 lbs. for 10c—ONIONS—3 lbs. for 10c

STRONG PLEA FOR IRISH

Lord Morris Favors Dominion Home Rule as Proposed by Lord Northcliffe

In an interview on the Irish question published in the Boston Herald, Lord Morris, former premier of Newfoundland makes a strong plea for Dominion Home rule for Ireland. He says:

In view of the position which the Irish question has now reached, it seems to me that no one interested in the future of the British empire should hesitate to assist in the creation of some form of Irish government which will permanently allay the unfortunate condition which now exists in that country. There can be no doubt about it, we have reached the portals of a chance. Present conditions cannot continue.

Home rule for Ireland has ceased to be a domestic question. It is an obstacle which we meet everywhere. We met it the other day at the peace conference. Millions of friends of the British empire in the United States are threatened they will meet it at the coming presidential election. Millions of true Britishers in all the dominions, and in all our dependencies want to see this thorn removed from their sides; that is why they have run up their flag for Lord Northcliffe for suggesting a measure analogous to Dominion home rule as the cure for this constitutional evil.

I want to make it quite clear that I am, and always have been, a home ruler, but I have never favored any form of home rule that would in any way endanger the empire. It is because I put the empire first that I favor home rule, in common with every other Irishman in the empire, though not born in Ireland, I sympathize with the position in which Ireland was driven in the great war through which we have just passed. Nothing could have been more splendid than the part played by the Irish at the start. None of us can forget the undertaking of John Redmond when he rose after Mr. Asquith's speech in the house of commons on that fateful August day, and promised the support of Ireland. And Irishmen all over the world hoped that that pledge would be redeemed—and it was redeemed in the first days of the war.

The Victoria Cross proudly worn on the breasts of Irish soldiers shows that this is no boast, and the subsequent failure of Ireland to take her place, as she has always taken it, on the battlefields of the empire was due to that fatal policy pursued at the war office which made recruiting impossible in Ireland—a policy in which everything humanly possible was done to make recruiting more difficult.

I mention this fact merely as an illustration of the way in which matters relating to Ireland have been muddled. Now, however, a chance is afforded to British statesmen to solve the Irish difficulty. Nothing would be gained



FEELING THE FLAGSHIP'S PULSE

The size of the gigantic motors that drive the electrically propelled New Mexico, flagship of the new Pacific Fleet, may be gauged by this comparison with an electrician standing alongside one of them.

by a historical rehash of what has led to the present trouble. Irish grievances are as old as the union, which, in its inception and carrying out, was a fraud. Right here we find the explanation of the difference between the Union of Ireland and the Union of Scotland; the two cases are not analogous, and every effort since to justify the existing Irish government as a substitute for what was taken away has been a dismal failure.

The Times scheme, as an honest attempt, meets with my entire approval. If I thought it could be accomplished, I should be prepared to go further and grant more extensive powers. But I believe in the principle that half a loaf is better than no bread, and I am quite satisfied that, if what the Times now proposes is accepted in good faith, those who grant the measure will live to see their hopes realized. The Times scheme is a recognition of the separate interests of Ulster and the rest of Ireland. There are those who do not admit or recognize that these separate interests exist, but in giving Ireland a suitable government we have to regard the scheme as a reasonable basis for a future union. What does it do?

The proposed scheme merely gives to Ireland a measure founded on the principles of colonial government—a government for all Ireland. Newfoundland has had it for nearly 100 years, the neighboring Dominion of Canada for a much longer period, as well as the other great dominions. The scheme is stated in terms that the dominions will understand, and, once adopted, there is no reason for supposing that Ireland will not unite under it. Ireland would then be in all essentials in the same position, and it would possess the safeguards similar to those of the Canadian constitution, and the only difference would be that Ireland would be a little nearer, and not only geographically nearer, but also closer from an imperial standpoint.

The Irish, if anything, are a sentimental people, and quickly respond

and quickly forget. But they cannot forget that they have suffered for wrongs, and for which there is no apparent repentance. Never in the history of the whole Irish question was there a better opportunity for real statesmanship on the part of public men. Heavy responsibility must rest with them if they fail. Of course, there are people and leaders who will oppose this, and, indeed, oppose any settlement. It is not in their interest that a settlement should be effected. They are of the class who love revolution, and who thrive on the troubles of others.

I have great faith in the high sense of justice of the English people and of the English parliament. It was that parliament which gave Catholic emancipation and the disestablishment of the Irish church, and from a high sense of justice voted for two home rule bills for Ireland. It will not now be balked in the consideration of a settlement coming from a source which at least cannot be said to have any prejudices in favor of Ireland. There have been prejudices which, unfortunately, in the past thwarted the efforts of those fighting for home rule.

This is not a Catholic or a Protestant question, as some try to make out. Many of those who have fought for Ireland and for home rule for Ireland have been prominent Protestants. Isaac Butt, the founder of home rule, Parnell, Gladstone, who may be regarded as the pope of Anglicanism, Asquith, Lloyd George, and others who labored in that cause were all Protestants.

The parallel for this proposed form of government for Ireland is found in the federal constitution of Canada, as well as the federal constitution of the United States, and if safeguards be needed we can have those safeguards from our own dominions, as well as from the United States of America. This form of government granted to these dominions by the British government has survived the test of years without

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With a New and Complete Line of Fashion's Loveliest Creations
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A Personal Invitation Is Cordially Extended to You to Visit This New Store, Especially on the Opening Days and View the Latest Surpassing Models of Creative Art.

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amendment, and their unity and loyalty to the empire today is largely due to the great measure of independence allowed them.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR EX-MAYOR QUINCY

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Representatives of the state and city governments, several former mayors of Boston and many of its former officials, as well as those now in office, gathered yesterday afternoon at the Church of the Advent at the funeral services for ex-Mayor Josiah Quincy. Rev. John Higginson Cabot officiated and the full vested choir was in attendance. The body was taken to Forest Hills.

The ushers, headed by William A. Gaston, included Robert Winsor, John T. Burnett, ex-Mayor Nathan Matthews and Albert Thorndike. Gov. Coolidge was unable to attend because of the critical strike situation and was represented by Ident. Gov. Channing Cox. Mayor Peters was present with a majority of the city council, the members of the transit commission, City Auditor J. Alfred Mitchell, Sheriff John A. Kellier, City Clerk James Donovan, City Messenger Edward J. Leary, Judge Joseph H. Corbett, Joseph H. O'Neil, Harry P. Noyes, William J. Carlin, ex-City Clerk J. Mitchell Galvin and Dr. John W. Coughlin of Fall River.

Ex-Mayors Hart, Fitzgerald and Curley also attended, as well as officials who served under the administration of the late ex-mayor. Among these were ex-City Collector Nathaniel H. Taylor, who received his appointment from Mayor Quincy; Thomas A. Mullen, his private secretary while he was mayor, and Henry H. Carter, who was superintendent of streets. Others included ex-Representative William F. Garcelon; Charles B. Washburn and Charles F. Reed, secretary of the Bostonian society.

CREW HELD FOR MURDER OF CAPTAIN

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 11.—The seven negro members of the crew of the schooner William H. Sumner, which ran aground off Topsail Inlet Sunday night, while en route from Porto Rico to New York, will be served with warrants charging murder of the vessel's captain, Robert E. Cochrane, of Bangor, Me.

After the negro mate, Charles Lacey, announced that the young skipper committed suicide because of despondency over the disaster to the vessel on his initial trip as commander, federal and county authorities started an investigation. Peculiar circumstances surrounding the affair aroused suspicion and the authorities say they believe they have sufficient circumstantial evidence to hold the crew on charges of murder.

The stranded vessel is a wreck. It is believed part of the cargo of phosphate rock and furniture wood can be salvaged.

Red Cross Worker Sick Two Years

TELLS HOW SHE GOT WELL.
Miss G. L. Baird of 36 Glenville Ave., Allston, Mass., writes: "I have been sick almost two years, had four doctors with little or no relief. I was growing thinner every day, went from 135 to 115. I was so discouraged I didn't know what to do. One night about three weeks ago I picked up a paper and saw Dr. True's Elixir. I bought a bottle and took it. I was surprised at the result. Stomach worms, some a finger long, so much slime, that looked as though it was just the skin of worms. The day before I took Dr. True's Elixir, I thought I should go wild with the crawling in my stomach. I feel like a new person. All my friends say I look so much better. I wouldn't have believed anyone could feel so much better in such a short time. I can give your medicine praise enough."

Signs of worms: Offensiveness, flat, swollen upper lip, some stomach, disordered stomach, occasional griping and pain about the navel, pale face of leaden tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, a buzz of the itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, red points on the tongue, starting during sleep, fever, Dr. True's Elixir, The Elixir, Laxative and Worm Expeller, is sold by ALL DEALERS.—Adv.

CONFER WITH EX-KAISER

German Steamer Line Head at Amerongen—Discusses Purchase of Ships

AMERONGEN, Wednesday, Sept. 10.—Phillip Heintken, director of the North German Lloyd Steamship Co., and Baron von Thiel-Winkel motorized from The Hague to Amerongen yesterday and had a few hours' conference with former Emperor William of Germany. In The Hague, where he is negotiating for the purchase of ships with brokers of several nationalities, Herr Heintken declined to discuss the object of his visit to Amerongen.

He asserted, however, that the former emperor now holds no stock in the Hamburg-American line or the North German Lloyd Co. He said he believed that the United States, which had ships without being able to run all of them, would make some shipping combination with Germany, though Germany had no expectation that any of the seized German liners would be returned. He added that he already

had been offered some ships in the United States, England and France, but that the prices were too high, owing to the exchange rate.

TREATY WITH BULGARIA Will Be Presented to Bulgarian Peace Mission on Saturday

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The supreme council has decided to present the peace treaty with Bulgaria to the Bulgarian peace mission on next Saturday. The council today decided on the terms of the note to be sent to Germany concerning the suppression of Article 61 of the German constitution, relating to Austrian representation in the German parliament. The note will be communicated to the German peace delegation at Versailles this evening.

To Settle Dispute
PARIS, Sept. 11.—A plan for the settlement of the question of the Teschen mining district in dispute between Poland and Czechoslovakia, was adopted

by the supreme council today. It was agreed that a plebiscite be taken as jointly proposed by the Polish and Czechoslovak delegates.

ONLY LEGISLATURE CAN PROCLAIM MARTIAL LAW

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Various reports were current yesterday that martial law had been proclaimed in Boston. This was a mistake. In Massachusetts only the legislature may proclaim martial law.

According to Adj. Gen. Jesse F. Stevens, there is no such thing as martial law in Massachusetts unless it is especially proclaimed by the late legislature. In the present instance such troops as may be called to service in Boston are to be placed there at the request of Mayor Peters, sanctioned by the authority of the governor. All commanding officers will be under the orders of the mayor, who may request them to keep clear this or that territory, and they will proceed to do so, but the mayor may not tell the officers how to proceed to fulfill his order.

If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything, try a Sun want ad.

Cured His Rupture

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope of cure was an operation. Trusses did me no good. Finally I got hold of something that quickly and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, although I am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no operation, no lost time, no trouble. I have nothing to sell, but will give full information about how you may find a complete cure without operation, if you write to me, Eugene M. Pullen, carpenter, 125F Marcellus avenue, Manhattan, N. Y. Better cut out this notice and show it to any others who are ruptured—you may save a life or at least stop the misery of rupture and the worry and danger of an operation.—Adv.

For the Sanitary Home—
Fresh Air — Sunlight
and

CREOLIN-PEARSON

Wherever it touches
it purifies.

With the cost of everything going up, aren't you glad to know you can still get GOLD DUST for 5 cents?

THE FAIRBANK COMPANY





"ME NEXT!" CRY KIDS AT FOOD SALE

NEW ORLEANS.—No lagging of sales when the city of New Orleans offered food at cost. Firmly acted as sellers and these children are holding out their money and each begging to be served next.

JIM REED'S WRONG, SAY HOME TOWN PEOPLE

BY A. E. GELPHOF

N.E.A. Staff Correspondent

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 11.—If

Kansas City is a good standard for the rest of the state, Missouri is for the League of Nations, despite the strenuous efforts of Senator James A. Reed in opposition to it.

This is Senator Reed's home town. He made his reputation as a brilliant lawyer here, and was elected to the senate here. He has always been Kansas City's favorite son.

But the people of his own home town—not the politicians, but the people—are sorrowfully shaking their heads and declaring:

"Jim Reed's wrong"—everybody calls him Jim here—"Jim's fighting the League of Nations just because he had a personal scrap with President Wilson over the local postmaster'ship. The people are not behind him."

The politicians—both democratic and republican—are against the League of Nations. The vast majority of the people are for it.

I came to Kansas City the day before President Wilson arrived, and interviewed people on the street, in the stores and restaurants—anywhere the opportunity presented itself, on their sentiments regarding the league.

I remained after the president left, and again I interviewed a score or more of people.

I kept away from the politicians. I talked to the man in the street—representative of the mass of the American people.

And this is what I found: "People are absolutely ignorant of what the League of Nations is and of what it means. They are not thinking about it. They are not discussing it. They are not reading the reports of the senate debates."

But after the president delivers his message, not only are they interested in it, but they are in favor of it.

Before Wilson Talked

Here's one concrete instance of it:

I stepped Adolph Remdan, a contractor, on the street the night before President Wilson spoke, and asked him what he thought about the league.

"I haven't made up my mind," he

The Hon. J. A. Reed says:

"He (President Wilson) talks much of the duty of sacrifice, but even while he speaks he at government expense rides on special trains; sails upon magnificent ships fitted with special glass pavilions; lives as the palmiest of princes, receives presents from foreign nobility worth hundreds of thousands of dollars; commandeers hotels, summons armies of retainers."

That "argument" against the League of Nations as proposed in the peace treaty, was advanced by Senator James A. Reed of Missouri in a speech at Akron, O., at the time when the senator's home town (Kansas City, Mo.) constituents were saying:

"Jim Reed's wrong!"

said. "I'm going to hear what the president has to say about it, and then decide."

"All right," I replied. "I'm going to call you up tomorrow afternoon and ask you what you decided."

I did so. Here is his reply: "The president has convinced me. After what he said, I don't see how anybody who heard him can be against the league."

I talked with dozens of men, laborers, men in overalls, even negroes, who gave me the stereotyped answer: "Don't know nothing about it."

Most of this class said they wouldn't be able to hear the president—the very men who needed most to hear him.

But here are a few of the interviews I had before Mr. Wilson arrived in Kansas City:

Chas. E. Taylor, proprietor of a 2% per beer saloon at 311 East 12th st.—"I haven't thought much about the League of Nations. The men who come in here don't talk much about it. What's the use? The people haven't any say about it anyway."

H. S. Elder, life insurance salesman: "I'm opposed to the league, and most of the men in my office are against it. This country has no business interfering in European affairs. No, I'm not going to hear the president speak."

W. T. Kemper, chairman of the board of directors of two of the city's largest banks: "The League of Nations is one of the greatest documents that the world has seen. I think most peo-

ple in this part of the country are in favor of it, and opposed to the tactics of the senate."

E. C. Meserve, prominent republican attorney: "I favor the league with reservations, as long as the reservations are strong enough. I think that is the sentiment of the majority of the people of Kansas City. They insist that our national interests must be safeguarded."

William Groneweg, auto truck son and see if I have a proper understanding: "I've given a lot of thought to it, but I can't decide whether this country ought to join it or not. There's too much controversy over it; if even the great men in Washington are divided, how can the common people decide?"

Dr. S. T. Carl, physician: "I am for some sort of league of nations to prevent war, and I am opposed to Senator Reed's working against the country's interests. I will hear President Wilson's standing of the league; if so I shall

VAR-NE-SIS CONQUERS RHEUMATISM

I am positive that Ver-ne-sis will do for you what it has done for others. I have seen people who supposed they were crippled for life, restored to health and vigor, and as they say, able to enjoy life once more. E. P. Buss, Mail St., Lynn, Mass., was confined to his bed for months and had to be fed by others. Ver-ne-sis conquered his rheumatism. Today he is a well man. Let me send proof of what Ver-ne-sis has done. Ver-ne-sis at druggist or direct; liquid or tablet \$1.25. W. A. Varney, Lynn, Mass.

Almost the sole source from which sweet, UNSALTED BUTTER may be obtained in Lowell is directly from, or some food store here, which is supplied by the

Gordon Dairy Company

It goes without saying that this butter, made from cream, actually produced in a few miles of Lowell, is the best and purest of its kind sold in this city. But for its salted and unadorned quality, the GORDON DAIRY COMPANY is making and distributing the best quality of butter made in the state. The added cream and the creamery in Warren, Mass., is the ONLY PLACE in the city where you can go and see your butter put up in the TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM THE CHERN.

We are also manufacturing DUTCH CHEESE, made by a mother and her son, LIGHT and HEAVY CREAM, and BUTTERMILK, SWEET and SKIMMED MILK. The stores selling our goods can help you in your food problem by selling you this nutritious food at reasonable prices.

Creamery, 502 Worthen St.

Phone 2530

MADE IN MIDDLESEX

While the White Sox play ball the 'fans' drink



At the White Sox Park — Close-up going!

It sure was some compliment to the cooling orangey delightfulness of Orange-Crush that it should be chosen as the leading drink at the White Sox Field this Year!

You should see the fans enjoy it! Orange-Crush bats a thousand every time the White Sox play at home.

However, you don't have to go to the ball game to drink Orange-Crush. It is

for sale everywhere

Prepared by
ORANGE-CRUSH CO., CHICAGO
Laboratory, Los Angeles

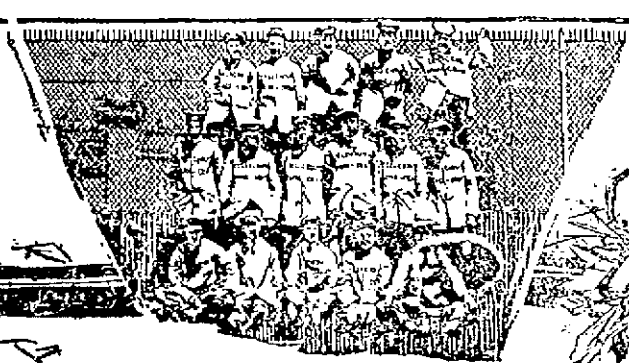
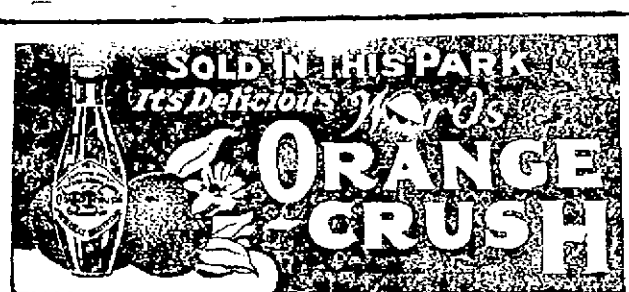
COCOA COLA BOTTLING COMPANY

605 Merrimack St.

Telephone 1020 and 4230—Lowell

The fans are certain of what they're getting, too. They know Orange-Crush is absolutely pure and surpassingly delicious because it is made from the delicate oil pressed from oranges, skillfully combined by the exclusive Ward process with such other wholesome ingredients as pure granulated sugar, carbonated water and citric acid, which is the natural acid of the orange.

Here is shown a photo of the boys who sell Orange-Crush at the White Sox Bull Park, Chicago, grouped below the sign on the score-board.



favor it. Most of my patients and friends are for it; the opposition is entirely political."

Walter Hutchins, stockyard employee: "I'm not sure it's the right thing to prevent war, but we haven't got anything better. I served in the Canadian army for a year, and I'm willing to try anything that will stop wars. My friends, many of them ex-soldiers, are about equally divided in sentiment."

R. J. Clark, millwright: "I haven't studied the league much, and I haven't made up my mind. I got all I wanted of war while I was in the army and I don't pay any attention to war or league of nations talk now."

S. R. Alinsky, proprietor of a Main street pawnshop: "I know nothing about the league. I sell my suitcases and let the politicians take care of politics. I'm a lifelong democrat."

Elmer Williamson, farmer from Berry, Kan., who came to town to see the president: "I haven't thought much about the league; I just want to see the president. Don't know's I'll try to get in to the meeting. People down my way ain't talkin' 'bout the league much; they don't know much about it."

There you have ten typical interviews with people in all walks of life, picked at random on the streets.

Six of them admit that either they are undecided, or they haven't given the question any thought. And only one of them was outspoken against the league.

After Wilson Talked

Here are some interviews I obtained after the president had spoken here and left town:

E. E. Alderdice, still in soldier's uniform, private in the 5th Regiment: "I heard President Wilson speak, and he brought out the good points of the League of Nations better than anything I have heard or read about it. I enlisted in this war, but I don't want to do it again; I think the president is right when he says the league will prevent war."

F. J. Hawkins, stone mason, interviewed at work: "I didn't hear the president, but I'm for him. I'm sure at Jim Reed. Everything Wilson is for, he's against. Same way with Lodge and the other fellows. Wilson certainly must be right some of the time."

J. C. Toner, mechanic: "Wilson convinced me on everything except the British vote in the league. I was stationed in England in the aviation ser-

vice during the war, and I never met a single soldier who didn't think the league would force us to fight England's battles. I'm against that part of it."

C. E. Casper, dairyman: "I have always been for the League of Nations. I don't see how anybody can be against it."

J. H. Johnson, hotel proprietor: "I and 75 per cent of the people I talk to are in favor of the league. The only ones opposed to it out here are those who are political opponents of President Wilson, both democrats and republicans. Senator Reed couldn't go to France to help write the treaty, so he got sore and is fighting it, but his constituents out here are not behind him."

Mrs. J. H. Johnson: "My sentiments are the same as my husband's. The women are all for the League of Nations because they know it will keep their men at home."

R. W. Anderson, clerk in haberdashery: "I haven't paid much attention to the subject until I heard Wilson. I think on the whole he's right. I think he proved that this country ought to go into the league, and that it will bring peace for good."

Fannie Steiner, waitress: "The president made a wonderful speech. He taught me a lot about the League of Nations. I believe all the women would vote for it if they had a chance."

James P. Foster, traveling man: "I didn't hear Wilson, but I've read his

speeches, and I agree with him. I meet many people, but very few of them know anything about the treaty or have even read it. The soldiers I meet are about the only ones interested. They seem mostly undecided."

ANOTHER ARMY FOOD SALE HERE

In accordance with the suggestions embodied in a telegram received late yesterday from Mayor Perry D. Thompson, who is in Philadelphia, by his secretary, George F. Toye, the local authorities ordered another carload of army surplus food to be sold through Red Cross channels as were the two previous carloads bought by the city. The food will be placed on sale in the Red Cross workshop in Market street as soon as it arrives but when it will get here is uncertain. The order sent yesterday included: 5000 pounds of canned peas, 10,000 pounds of canned corn, 11,000 pounds of canned tomatoes and 1900 pounds of stringless beans.

HAY FEVER

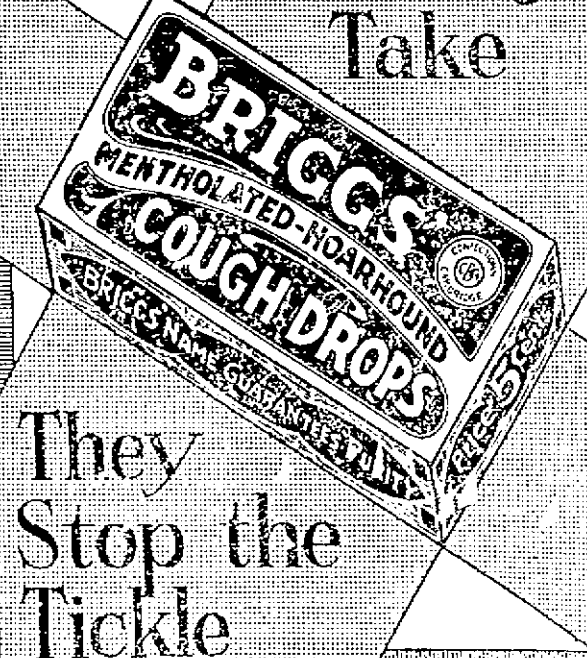
Melt VapoKub in a spoon and inhale the vapors.

VICK'S VAPORUB

"YOUR BODYGUARD"—30¢ 60¢ 1.20

Don't ever cough

Take



In this climate with its sudden changes we are all liable to catch cold.

Briggs' Mentholated-Hoarhound Cough Drops are a safeguard — It is good policy to have a box handy. They relieve the cough at once.

C. A. BRIGGS CO.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Makers of Briggs' Boston Wafers

25¢ Can Enough for 40 Washings



KLEANALL

The Perfect Washing Compound. Removes Wash Day Drudgery

Grocery Stores Drug Stores General Stores Everywhere

A Package Makes Two Gallons Washing Fluid

OPPOSE RATIFICATION

Republican Members of Senate Committee Report on Treaty and League

The majority report of the senate foreign relations committee on the German peace treaty opposing ratification in the form submitted by President Wilson, was presented to the senate yesterday by Senator Lodge. It contained 45 amendments to the treaty and four reservations. A synopsis of the report appeared in yesterday's edition. Below is given the explanation of the amendments and reservations as included in the report:

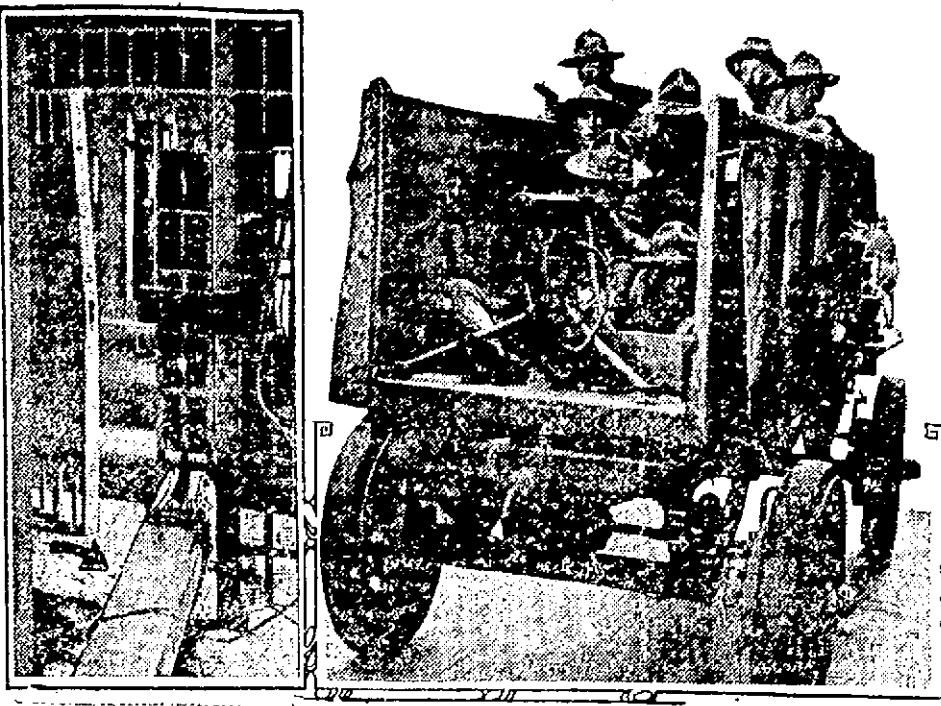
At the outset the majority report deals at length with criticisms of delay and points out that whereas the peace conference took six months to agree on the treaty, the senate foreign relations committee has had 47 working days. Demands for speed "in the most important subject that ever came before the senate of the United States," the report says, were "largely the work of the administration and its newspaper organs."

A second "artificial" demand for haste, the report says, came from "certain great banking firms, which had a direct pecuniary interest in securing an early opportunity to reap 'harvest' in the adjustment of financial obligations of the warring countries. The third was in the 'unthinking' outcry of many excellent people, who desired early action and for the most part had never read the treaty or never got beyond the words 'League of Nations' which they believed to mean the establishment of eternal peace."

"To yield helplessly to this clamor," declares the report, "was impossible to those to whom was intrusted the performance of a solemn public duty."

Senate's Responsibility

Recalling the senate's responsibility as equal with the president's, the report



START AND FINISH OF KNOXVILLE RACE RIOTS

KNOXVILLE, TENN.—Race riots in which seven were killed started in Knoxville when a mob battered down the jail door at the left in search of a negro charged with murder of a white woman. (Arrow points to timber used as battering ram.) They ended when 1,500 militiamen were detailed to patrol the streets and the businesslike machine gun at the right was driven up and down the streets in the armored truck with a gun crew ready for action. The negro was removed to Chattanooga by the Knoxville sheriff, but 16 prisoners escaped when the mob searched the jail.

port recounts at some length the difficulties the foreign relations committee experienced in getting information on the treaty, being obliged to send to Paris for maps, being compelled to get "imperfect information from press reports" and having at its disposal few official documents. Collateral treaties having a bearing, the report says, the committee was unable to get. Of the sum of information received in conferences with President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, the report remarks: "The people themselves know how much information in regard to the treaty was received by the committee upon those two occasions."

Other Nations Haven't Acted

While criticism for delay has been aimed at the foreign relations committee, the report points out no action has been taken by France, Japan or Italy. The argument that the treaty should be ratified that trading with Germany might begin, the report dismisses as "rather fanciful" and declares the United States has been trading with Germany in increasing volume since the signing of the armistice. The statement that trade cannot be resumed until the treaty is ratified, is characterized as a "mere delusion."

"Before leaving this subject," says the report, "it may not be amiss to

remark that Mr. Lloyd George has recently made two important speeches expressing grave apprehensions as to the social and political unrest and the economic troubles now prevalent in England. He seems to have failed to point out, however, that the ratification of the covenant of the League of Nations by Great Britain had relieved the situation which he had described. He was equally remiss apparently in omitting to suggest that prompt action by the senate of the United States in adopting the covenant of the League of Nations would lower immediately the price of beef."

Equal Power With Britain

Concerning one proposed amendment to the league covenant the report says:

"It is proposed to amend the text so as to secure for the United States a vote in the assembly of the league equal to that of any other power. Great Britain now has under the name of the British empire one vote in the council of the league. She has four additional votes in the assembly of the league for her self-governing dominions and colonies, which are most properly members of the league, and signatories to the treaty. She also has the vote of India, which is neither a self-governing dominion, nor a colony, but merely a part of the empire and

which apparently was simply put in as a signatory and member of the league by the peace conference because Great Britain desired it. Great Britain also will control the votes of the kingdom of Hejaz and of Persia. With these last two, of course, we have nothing to do. But if Great Britain has six votes in the league assembly no reason has occurred to this committee and no argument has been made to show why the United States should not have an equal number."

"If other countries like the present arrangement that is not our affair; but the committee failed to see why the United States should have but one vote in the assembly of the league when the British empire has six."

Shantung to China

"Amendments 35 to 41, inclusive, transfer to China the German lease and rights, if they exist, in the Chinese province of Shantung, which are given by the treaty to Japan. The majority of the committee were not willing to have their votes recorded at any stage in the proceedings in favor of the consummation of what they consider a great wrong. They cannot assent to taking the property of a faithful ally and handing it over to another ally in fulfillment of a bargain made by other powers in a secret treaty. It is a record which they

THIS BLOOD-BUILDER AIDS APPETITE AND PROMOTES DIGESTION

Many People Who Have Been Helped Now Recommend a Reliable Remedy to Those Who Suffer.

There is only one way to build up a run-down system if the blood is pale and thin. Many diseases are caused by thin blood. Other diseases, such as rheumatism and indigestion, cause the blood to become thin and the wasting effect of these disorders cannot be combated successfully until the blood is restored to its normal condition.

Fallor, nervousness, indigestion, sleeplessness, headaches, dizzy spells, shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart, these are a few of the symptoms of an anemic or bloodless condition. Some of them are not naturally associated with thin blood but the quickest way to overcome them is to make the blood rich and red.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do one thing. They build up the blood by increasing the number of red corpuscles. As this is done the blood becomes a richer red and is able to carry more oxygen, the great supporter of human life. As the blood improves in quality the tissues of the body are better nourished and the functions of the body are better performed. The glands of the stomach are stimulated and the first sign of improvement is usually a better appetite and better digestion. So true is it that improved appetite and digestion follow building up the blood that it is a recognized principle in medicine that here is no tonic for the stomach that is not a tonic for every other part of the body that lacks tone.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been used for years as a blood-making tonic and system builder with such good results that in every community there are many people who are recommending this remedy to their friends and to others who are afflicted.

Connecticut Woman's Experience

One such person was Mrs. E. J. Murphy, of No. 113 William street,

Bridgeport, Conn., who says:

"I suffered from a general breakdown as a result of overwork and worry. I was weak and tired and without ambition or energy. My appetite was poor and what little I ate disgusted me so that my stomach seemed like a leaden weight. I grew very nervous and could not sleep."

"I was becoming very discouraged for nothing helped me though I had tried many preparations. After reading about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I obtained a box and decided to give the remedy a thorough trial. Within a short time there was such a decided improvement in my condition that I knew that I would regain my health. My appetite improved and I was now able to eat without distress. Gradually my strength returned and when I felt my former energy. My nerves soon gained strength and I feel better in every way and can't speak too highly of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

After-Effects of Pneumonia.

"I had an attack of pneumonia several years ago," says Mrs. Mary Bowdren of No. 95 Beckett street, Portland, Me., "and couldn't recover my strength. I lost strength and weight steadily and was so badly run down that I had dizzy spells and headaches. I couldn't sleep well and suffered frequently from rheumatic pains in my limbs, especially in the knees. I was very nervous too and had indigestion."

"One day I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and procured a box. There was a marked improvement in my condition after I had taken the first box and I continued the treatment until the dizzy spells stopped. I have regained my strength and can eat heartily without any distress. My sleep rests me now and I no longer have rheumatic pains. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to

many of my friends as an ideal tonic."

Ifed Nervous Indigestion

Another grateful user of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is Mrs. Nettle, Jewett, of No. 316 Main street, Clinton, Mass.

"If everyone in need of a tonic would try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," says Mrs. Jewett, "I am certain that they would join me in recommending the remedy. I was in such a badly run-down condition that I was always tired and nervous and suffered from frequent nervous spells which robbed me of much-needed sleep. My digestion was disturbed and nothing that I ate agreed with me."

"When I had become discouraged and was about ready to give up hope of regaining my health I heard about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began the treatment. Within a very short time I began to pick up strength and soon I was able to eat a hearty meal without distress. My nerves gradually grew stronger and I was able to sleep soundly. I no longer have dizzy spells and feel better in every way."

Do not become discouraged if your case has not been benefited by other treatment but try the tonic pills that have accomplished such wonderful results under the same conditions.

Write for This Health Book

A little book "Building Up the Blood" will be sent free to any address upon request. It contains a large amount of useful information. Address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or will be mailed, postpaid, by the company on receipt of price, 50 cents per box or six boxes for \$2.50. There has been no increase in the price of this remedy.

such commissioner of the United States

cannot, except in the case of shipping where the interests of the United States are directly involved, deal with or vote upon any other questions before that commission except under instructions from the government of the United States.

"The committee proposes four reservations to be made a part of the ratification of ratification when it is offered. The committee reserves of course the right to offer other reservations if they shall so determine. The four reservations are: 1. That the reparations commission but that

Continued on Page 12

ROYAL QUALITY SERVICE ELECTRIC CLEANER

DECIDE NOW!

PURCHASE A ROYAL ELECTRIC CLEANER THIS MONTH AND SAVE \$5.00



Cleans by Air Alone

Costs only two cents for electricity to operate

Eventually you will own a ROYAL ELECTRIC CLEANER—the cleaner that cleans by air alone—needs no brush or other frictional device. The ROYAL is by far the most efficient cleaner ever devised—gets into every nook and corner—the inaccessible places that other cleaners cannot reach. It gets all the dirt, threads and lint that's in or on the rug, leaving your floor coverings fresh and new, and it does all this without wear, by air alone.

Although the selling price of ROYAL Cleaners has been advanced by the manufacturers we are offering our customers the opportunity of purchasing at the old price providing the order is placed sometime this month. This offer applies also to the ROYAL attachments, the price of which has also been advanced. Here is a splendid chance to secure the best cleaner made at a price considerably lower than it will probably ever be offered for sale again. And remember every purchaser of a ROYAL is furnished with a binding guarantee providing absolute protection against any defect in material or workmanship.



Connects to any electric socket

The ROYAL does everything any other cleaner will do and in addition does many things other cleaners cannot do. It has many individual features not found on other cleaners, such as a fourteen inch cleaning nozzle, protection of breakable parts, etc. The ROYAL cleans not only rugs and carpets but walls, tapestries, mouldings, upholstered furniture, mattresses, etc., in fact almost any article of furniture in the home.

Telephone 821 now and arrange for a free demonstration in your own home. You will be under no obligation and will not be pressed to buy. If you decide after seeing the ROYAL that you wish to purchase you pay

ONLY \$5.00 DOWN. Balance in easy monthly installments with your lighting bill

There are no interest charges on your money. You get the cleaner at exactly the same price as though you had paid spot cash.

AND REMEMBER YOU SAVE \$5.00 BY BUYING THIS MONTH

The LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORPORATION

29-31 MARKET ST.

ENORMOUS DESTRUCTION WROUGHT BY HURICANE

KEY WEST, Fla., Sept. 11.—With daylight today the people of Key West and surrounding territory were able for the first time to survey the destruction wrought by the hurricane that was swept through here Tuesday night. Not a house in the city had escaped damage and many were wrecked. The harbor presented a tangled mass of floating vessels and other small craft; but later reports failed to show deaths other than those on the dredge Grampus.

Of the 14 men on this craft, 16 were rescued last night. One body was recovered and three are missing. The British tanker *Yonawanda* had to be scuttled to save the liner *Comal*, after that vessel had broken her moorings and gone aground. The steamer *St. George* also broke loose.

No vessels had left port early today, nor had any trains come in over the Florida East coast railway. In addition to the temporary stoppage of gas and electricity, the telephone service was suspended and newspapers were forced to suspend publication. Some business places, all of which were closed yesterday, including restaurants, reopened today.

The Beauty of The Lily
can be yours. Its wonderfully pure, soft, pearly white appearance, free from all blemishes, will be comparable to the perfect beauty of your skin and complexion if you will use

Gouraud's Oriental Cream
By Mail, 25c. per box. Sold everywhere.
FRED. A. HOPKINS & SONS, NEW YORK



Many Extra Miles

We can show you—and prove to you—that there is a genuine money saving in the use of United States Tires.

The *extra* miles they give mean just so many extra dollars counted in real money.

And there are further actual economies in the saving of gas, oil, repairs and depreciation.

The reason of all this is in the tires themselves—their liveliness, ruggedness and sturdiness.

There are five United States Tires—a type for every make of car.

United States Tires are Good Tires

WE KNOW UNITED STATES TIRES ARE GOOD TIRES. THAT'S WHY WE SELL THEM

Anderson Tire Store, C. W. Anderson, Geo. F. White, Husband & Blaisdell, John T. Donohue, Williston Garage, Allen Auto Co., Billerica, Reading Garage, H. R. Johnson, Reading; H. Louis Farmer, Tewksbury; Hobb's Garage, Granville; S. R. McIntosh, Wilmington; A. H. Kenney, Reading.

Oppose Ratification

Continued
vations now presented are as follows:
Right to Withdraw
"1.—The United States reserves to itself the unconditional right to withdraw from the League of Nations upon the notice provided in Article 1 of said treaty of peace with Germany."
"The provision in the league covenant for withdrawal declares that any member may withdraw provided it has fulfilled all its international obligations and all its obligations under the covenant. There has been much dispute as to who would decide if the question of the fulfillment of obligations was raised, and it is very generally thought that this question would be settled by the council of the League of Nations. The best that can be said about it is that the question of decision is clouded with doubt. On such a point as this there must be no doubt. The United States, which has never broken an international obligation, cannot permit all its existing treaties to be reviewed and its conduct and honor questioned by other nations. The same may be said in regard to the fulfillment of the obligations to the league. It must be made perfectly clear that the United States alone is to determine as to the fulfillment of its obligations, and its right of withdrawal must therefore be unconditional as provided in the reservation.
Amendment to Article 16
"2.—The United States declines to assume under the provisions of Article 16, or under any other article, any obligation to preserve the territorial integrity or political independence of any other country or to interfere in controversies between other nations, members of the league or not, or to employ the military or naval forces of the United States in such controversies or to adopt economic measures for the protection of any other country, whether a member of the league or not, against external aggression or for the purpose of coercing any other country, or for the purpose of intervention

A LIFETIME OF SUFFERING

Prevented by "Fruit-a-lives" The Wonderful Fruit Medicine

53 MADISON AVE. ST., N. Y.
"In my opinion, no other medicine is so good as 'Fruit-a-lives' for Indigestion and Constipation.
For years, I suffered with these dreaded diseases, trying all kinds of treatments until I was told I was incurable.

One day a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-lives' for *Fruit Liver Tablets*. To my surprise, I found this medicine gave immediate relief, and in a short time I was all right again".
DONAT LALONDE
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.
At dealers or from FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

In the internal conflicts or other controversies which may arise in any other country, and no mandate shall be accepted by the United States under Article 22, part one, of the treaty of peace with Germany, except by action of the congress of the United States.

Congress Alone May Power

"This reservation is intended to meet the most vital objection to the league covenant as it stands. Under no circumstances, must there be any legal or moral obligation upon the United States to enter into war or to send its army and navy abroad or without the unfettered action of congress to impose economic boycotts on other countries. Under the constitution of the United States, the congress alone has the power to declare war, and all bills to raise revenue or affecting

MAGEE NATIONAL

Pressing the Button—Automatically Lights the Burners

—with the "Wonder Oven"

THE MOST PERFECT COMBINATION OF CONVENIENCE, EFFICIENCY, AND TIME-SAVING WHICH THE HOUSEWIFE HAS EVER KNOWN

GAS OVEN, COAL OVEN, IN ONE

COAL, wood or gas may be used, or either of the first, combined with gas, to secure any required degree of heat. The oven is always ready; can be heated to the desired temperature at once; food is beautifully done — on time; there are no complicated parts — no guesswork — no trouble. Simply one push of the lever does it all. Truly a miracle of helpfulness to the modern housewife. Send for the new illustrated booklet.

The Magee National is very compact (only 46 inches over all). It is exceptionally handsome, easily kept in order and cleanly to operate. Trimmed throughout in white enamel. — Glass or plain iron oven doors if desired.

"One Oven Does It All"

MAGEE FURNACE CO., INC., BOSTON, MASS.

GOOKIN FURNITURE CO.
A. LAMONTAGNE
RELIABLE FURNITURE CO.
GREEK FURNITURE CO.

LOWELL
MASS.

the revenue in any way, must originate in the house of representatives, be passed by the senate, and receive the signature of the president. These constitutional rights of congress must not be impaired by any agreement such as are presented in this treaty, nor can any opportunity of charging the United States with bad faith be permitted. No American soldiers or sailors must be sent to fight in other lands at the bidding of a League of Nations. American lives must not be sacrificed except by the will and command of the American people, acting through their constitutional representatives in congress.

"This reservation also covers the subject of mandates. According to the provisions of the covenant of the league, the acceptance of a mandate by any member is voluntary, but as to who shall have authority to refuse to accept a mandate for any country the covenant of the league is silent.
"The decision as to accepting a mandate must rest exclusively within the control of the congress of the United States, as the reservation provides, and must not be delegated, even by inference, to any personal agent or to any delegate or commissioner.

Domestic Questions
"3.—The United States reserves to itself exclusively the right to decide what questions are within its domestic jurisdiction and declares that all domestic and political questions relating to its affairs, including immigration, coastwise traffic, the tariff, commerce and all other domestic questions, are solely within the jurisdiction of the United States, and are not under the treaty submitted in any way either to arbitration or to the consideration of the council or of the assembly of the League of Nations, or to the decision

or recommendation of any other power."
"This reservation speaks for itself. It is not necessary to follow out here all tortuous windings, which to those who have followed them through the labyrinth disclose the fact that the league under certain conditions will have power to pass upon and decide questions of immigration and tariff, as well as the others mentioned in the reservation. It is believed by the committee that this reservation relieves the United States from any dangers or any obligations in this direction.
Flant Reservation
"The fourth and last reservation is as follows:
"4.—The United States declines to submit for arbitration or inquiry by the assembly or the council of the League of Nations provided for in said treaty of peace any questions which in the judgment of the United States, depend upon or relate to its long-established policy, commonly known as the Monroe Doctrine; said doctrine is to be interpreted by the United States alone, and is hereby declared to be wholly outside the jurisdiction of said League of Nations and entirely unaffected by any provision contained in the said treaty of peace with Germany."

Hair Under Arms
DeMiracle
For removing hair from under the arms there is nothing so satisfactory as DeMiracle, the original liquid. It is ready for instant use and is the quickest and most convenient to apply. DeMiracle is equally efficacious for removing hair from face, neck, arms or limbs.
Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At all toilet concerns in 50c, 81 and 82 sizes, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price.
FREE book mailed in plain sealed envelope on request. DeMiracle, Park Ave. and 120th St., New York.

amendments and reservations alike are governed by a single purpose and that is to guard American rights and American sovereignty, the invasion of which would stimulate breaches of faith, encourage conflicts and generate wars. The United States can serve the cause of peace best, as she has served it in the past, and do more to secure liberty and civilization throughout the world by proceeding along the paths she has always followed and by not permitting herself to be fettered by the dictates of other nations or immersed and entangled in all the broils and conflicts of Europe.

"We have heard it frequently said that the United States 'must do this and do that in regard to this League of Nations and the terms of the German peace. There is no 'must' about it. 'Must' is not a word to be used by foreign nations or domestic officials to the American people or their representatives. Equally unthinking is the attempt to frighten the unthinking by suggesting that if the senate adopts amendments or reservations the United States may be excluded from the league. This is the one thing that certainly will not happen. The other nations know well that there is no threat of retaliation possible with the United States, because we have asked nothing for ourselves, and have received nothing. We seek no guarantees, no territory, no commercial benefits or advantages. The other nations will take us on our own terms, for without us their league is a wreck, and all their gains from a victorious peace are imperilled. We exact nothing selfish for our service, but we insist that we shall be the judges, and the only judges, as to the preservation of our rights, our sovereignty, our safety and our independence.

"At this moment the United States is free from any entanglements or obligations which legally or in the name of honor would compel her to do anything contrary to the dictates of conscience or to the freedom and the interests of the American people. This is the hour when we can say precisely what we will do and exactly what we will not do, and no man can ever question our good faith if we speak now. When we are once caught in the meshes of a treaty of alliance or a League of Nations composed of 26 other powers our freedom of action is gone. To preserve American independence and American sovereignty and thereby best serve the welfare of mankind the committee propose these amendments and reservations."

Presenting the majority report, Chairman Lodge announced that next Monday he would ask the senate to take up the treaty adding: "I shall endeavor to keep it before the senate until disposed of."
It was announced that the minority report written by Senator Hitchcock, would be filed tomorrow.

HERE'S THE SECRET OF DAINTY DISHES FOR THE TABLE
Dress Desserts with Miss Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme for a Few Cents
Some women seem to have the "know how" of making dainty dishes that tickle the palate. They have some thing new all the time and each dish seems to be more tempting than the other. Here's the secret. They have learned about Miss Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme—the creme that never sours. It is really amazing how many desserts can be made from this delicious Marshmallow Creme. You can use it as a sauce for puddings, cakes, fruits,

parents, granola cakes, corn cakes, or in the coffee the same as cream.

Snowflake Marshmallow Creme tickles the taste of fruits. Try it on oranges, pineapples, strawberries, bananas, jellies and custards.

Anyone can make the most delicious, tempting dishes for the whole family at a cost of a few cents—and best of all, it never sours even in the warmest weather. Can be thinned with water—a delight for the "kiddies."

Miss Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme is now being demonstrated at Fairbairn's market and Saunders' market. See her and learn how to make delicious desserts, or get a 15 cent can from any grocer.

Showing Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme used over cooked rice. It is more tempting than the other. Here's the secret. They have learned about Miss Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme—the creme that never sours. It is really amazing how many desserts can be made from this delicious Marshmallow Creme. You can use it as a sauce for puddings, cakes, fruits,

parents, granola cakes, corn cakes, or in the coffee the same as cream. Snowflake Marshmallow Creme tickles the taste of fruits. Try it on oranges, pineapples, strawberries, bananas, jellies and custards. Anyone can make the most delicious, tempting dishes for the whole family at a cost of a few cents—and best of all, it never sours even in the warmest weather. Can be thinned with water—a delight for the "kiddies." Miss Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme is now being demonstrated at Fairbairn's market and Saunders' market. See her and learn how to make delicious desserts, or get a 15 cent can from any grocer.

Sporting News and Newsy Sports

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING			
	Won	Lost	P.C.
Cincinnati	57	46	62.5
New York	57	46	62.5
Chicago	55	48	52.8
Brooklyn	49	54	48.8
Boston	48	55	47.2
St. Louis	45	58	43.8
Philadelphia	42	61	40.5

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS			
St. Louis 11, Brooklyn 8.			
Cincinnati 2, Philadelphia 0.			

GAMES TOMORROW
 Boston at Chicago.
 New York at St. Louis.
 Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
 Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.

WORLD'S RECORDS FALL AT SYRACUSE

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Two world's records were shattered here yesterday on the third day of the Grand Circuit racing. The first mark to go by the board was the trotting record for four-year-old geldings, set by a bay gelding, driven by L. Brusie, racing around the mile track in 2:03 1/4. In the third heat of the 2:07 event. The second record was also shattered by a gelding, in being established by Eastern, a rising gelding driven by Ben White. The mark was 2:04 1/4, which was the fastest fourth heat ever trotted by a gelding.

The event was won by Eastern by taking the first and fourth heats. In the second and third heats Eastern was forced to take second place. Later June took the second heat, while Echo Direct finished in the lead in the third heat.

The two trotting and two pacing events on the card attracted fully 20,000 persons to the track, and some very interesting races were run off.

The feature event was the 2:10 pace, which had for starters Goldie Todd, bay mare from Pop Geers' stable; Frank Dewey, the Boston owned horse of Walter Cox's stable, and Tommy Murphy's Senardo.

Senardo won the first heat, pacing the mile in 2:03 1/4, the best mark of the day. However, Senardo shot his bolt in this race, for Goldie Todd came on to win both the second and third heats, while Frank Dewey chased Goldie Todd across the finish line in each of the heats, with Senardo bringing up the rear.

GOOD OUTLOOK AT MITCHELL SCHOOL

The Mitchell Military Boys' school at Billerica is looking forward to a big year in athletics. School will open on Sept. 21 and a call for football candidates will be issued soon after the classes have been fully organized.

Although a number of last year's team will not return to school this fall, still some of the veteran players are expected to be on hand to form a nucleus for the 1919 eleven. Frank H. Leighton, of the fleet, will coach the team. A tough schedule of games with high schools now is being arranged and will open early in October and close the latter part of November.

At El Paso, Tex., Liberty hall, built as a public meeting place in the new courthouse, is to be converted into a public market as a means of reducing the high cost of living. The big amphitheatre is to be equipped with stalls and an outdoor market will be operated by the county authorities.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING			
	Won	Lost	P.C.
Chicago	59	41	61.5
Cleveland	53	47	52.5
Detroit	51	50	50.5
New York	45	56	44.5
St. Louis	44	57	43.5
Boston	43	58	42.5
Washington	37	64	36.5
Philadelphia	33	68	32.5

AMERICAN LEAGUE RESULTS			
Cleveland 3, New York 0 (dist.)			
Cleveland 3, New York 2 (second)			
Philadelphia 6, Detroit 5.			

GAMES TOMORROW
 Cleveland at Boston.
 St. Louis at New York.
 Chicago at Philadelphia.
 Detroit at Washington.

The Call'em

John McGraw at last has conceded the National League pennant to Cincinnati and from now until the season of his recruits. On his present trip west he has taken higher stakes and has taken the Holy Cross pair, Bob Kinsella, son of Dick Kinsella, the great scout and several others. That he really intends to use them is proved by saying Al. Ford and Lee King utility infielder and outfielder, respectively, in Gotham.

Seeking Divine Aid
 We note that a Cincinnati clerical fan urges all loyal Red Sox to pray for Reds in the coming World Series, to ask the Lord of All Creation to grant speed, control and curves to the pitchers and among other things, the great scout and several others. That he really intends to use them is proved by saying Al. Ford and Lee King utility infielder and outfielder, respectively, in Gotham.

"Old Calumny" Moves Again
 Leon Ames the red-headed right-hander, who has been pitching ball for the St. Louis Cardinals since 1915, has been released to the Phillies. During his 16 years in major league service Ames has proven himself one of the greatest pitchers in recent baseball history. He has to his credit some brilliant pitching accomplishments, including a no-hit game for the Giants in 1909.

That Five-Game Series
 The managers of the Knights of Columbus and Lamson company baseball teams have acquiesced to public demand and have lengthened their present series, which now stands deadlocked at one game apiece, to a five-game series, winner to capture three of the contests. It is a good move inasmuch as local fans will be assured of good baseball for at least three Saturdays to come. It is a popular series and will receive enthusiastic support. One of the principal reasons why five games were not decided upon at the outset was because of Mr. Connelley's plan to have a game with the Peru Marquette council team of South Boston, but his efforts along that line have been unproductive of results.

Laid Down for Barrow
 By their pitching exploits since being turned out by the Boston Red Sox, Ray Caldwell and Bill James have clearly shown that they gave far from their best efforts while working for Barrow. Both have been brilliantly in new pastures and Caldwell just about broke the camel's back yesterday when he threw a no-hit no-run game for Cleveland, beating the Yankee and Carl Mays, 3 to 0.

Wonder of Wonders
 With a polygon lineup of unheard of players, Mack's Athletics are raising the well known ruckus.

Against Detroit yesterday they performed miracles. For eight innings George Danks shut them out and yielded only one hit, while the Tigers hammered a recruit named Boone for 13 hits and five runs. Five to 0 was the outlook when Mack's misfits came to bat for the last time. Then the lid came off. Wingo singled and scored on Griffin's triple. Wells hit was tumbled by Bush. Galloway forced Welsh, Griffin scoring. Strunk walked. Burrus tripled, Galloway and Strunk scoring. Walker hit a home run into the left field bleachers, scoring Burrus ahead of him and winning the game, 6 to 0. Such an exhibition defies explanation.

EXTEND WORLD SERIES

Nine Games Will Be Played, Says Chairman August Hermann

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 11.—Nine games will be played in the world series this year. August Hermann, chairman of the national commission, announced today that a majority of the clubs of both leagues had ratified the recommendation that nine games be played.

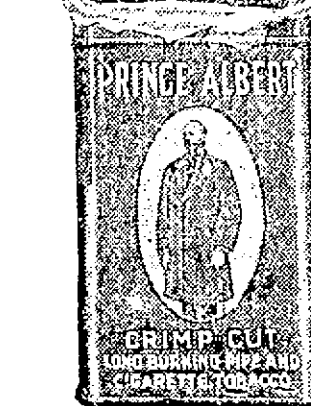
TO BRING HOME BODIES OF AMERICAN DEAD
 ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 11.—A demand will be made upon the United States government by the National Funeral Directors' association that the bodies of American fallen heroes buried in France, be brought home for burial.

John Moss, national president, in his address, declared there was sympathy throughout the nation a universal demand that this be done.

MANAGERS AT ODDS WITH WEALTHY MAN
 The Lamson Co. and Knights of Columbus baseball teams are running a close race with the wealthy man in their plans for the third game of the big series, scheduled for Saturday afternoon. At the present time Old Irish has the working edge, but the rival managers feel sure they will drag the contrary one to earth and make him come through with a little sunshine before the week comes to a close.

Even if the rain continues through Friday the Spalding park diamond will be in shape for a game the following afternoon, for it drains quickly and takes only a brief application of sun to dry it out in good shape. The game itself should be a corker. Each club has one victory to its credit and will go after the "edge" game hammer and tongs. The other two games of the five-game series will follow a successive Saturdays, barring unforeseen occurrences.

Lamson Co. vs. Knights of Columbus
 SPALDING PARK, SAT., 3:15
 Attractive Score Cards Free



PRINCE ALBERT
 The old and the new
 hits you so fair and square. It's a scuttle full of jimmy pipe and cigarette makin' sunshine and as satisfying as it is delightful!

It's never too late to hop the fence into the Prince Albert pleasure-pasture! For, P. A. is trigger-ready to give you more tobacco fun than you ever had in your smokecareer. That's because it has the quality that makes its flavor and its fragrance so enticing.

And, quick as you know Prince Albert you'll write it down that P. A. did not bite your tongue or parch your throat. And, it never will! For, our exclusive patented process cuts out bite and parch and lets the man with the touchiest tongue simply smoke the roof off the house!

Man, man, what a wad of smokesport there's stored in that P. A. package that's addressed directly to you!

Toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidor—and that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidifier with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

CARDINAL MERCIER THANKS AMERICA FOR ITS AID TO BELGIUM

Cardinal Mercier, Belgium's heroic prelate, extends to the American people, through The Sun, the thanks of the people of Belgium for the relief which the American people gave to Belgium during and after the war.

The Newspaper Enterprise association, of which this paper is a member, offered Cardinal Mercier, by wireless, the columns of its clients, as his ship the Northern Pacific, approached the American coast and this is the cardinal's message:

BY CARDINAL MERCIER
 Written Aboard the S.S. Northern Pacific

I am most grateful for the kind interest in my person.

I anticipate with the keenest joy the honor of coming into intimate connection with the American people.

I cannot do better than repeat the words I have just addressed to the officers, soldiers and crew on board the Northern Pacific:

"So often during the war and the German occupation of our country, I said to you and the soldiers of the allied armies: You were saviors. In fact, all of them gave their lives or were ready to give their lives for the triumph of our common cause, for justice and Christian civilization.

"On that point I want to say to you, my gratitude, but especially I want to say my gratitude to the American people.

"I knew better than any one that if Belgium were saved from starvation, if the lives of the women and children were spared, that we would be indebted to you and that magnificent institution for the relief of Belgium presided over by Mr. Hoover. It is the most wonderful institution for humanity that ever existed in the world.

Therefore you may guess with what anxiety we are going to America to express our gratitude to the American people."

I am happy at this opportunity of transmitting this message to the people of the United States through the channel of the 500 newspapers you represent.

elga interference in her domestic affairs."

Rumania's objection to signing the treaty was based on the clause providing that nations receiving territory from the former Austro-Hungarian empire must provide for the protection of racial and religious minorities residing there.

Rumania might have acquired Baku under the Austrian treaty but as her delegation failed to sign, the supreme council holds that the signature of other powers does not make the transfer possible until Rumania accepts the treaty. Under the proposed treaty with Hungary, Rumania would acquire Transylvania, but under the same terms relative to minorities in that region, Rumania, for this reason, is expected to refuse also to sign that convention.

A plea of women delegates at the third annual convention of the National Federation of Federal Employees at San Francisco, September 1, is that women employed by the government be paid the same wage as men.

WHY CARDINAL MERCIER COMES

D. J. CARDINAL MERCIER.

Throughout the war America has been the best friend of the civilian population of Belgium.

Work of relief began with Brand Whitlock, minister to Belgium, at the time of the Hun invasion. It was continued under the commission for the relief of Belgium, with Herbert Hoover in charge, until America was feeding 10,000,000 persons in territory occupied by the Germans.

Shipments reached as high as 127,000 tons of foodstuffs a month, and the expenditure of money ran into millions of dollars.

Desire Joseph Cardinal Mercier, archbishop of Malines and primate of Belgium, refused to leave Belgium when the Germans overran the country.

He remained to give counsel and aid to his countrymen. He sought no controversy with Germans, but, a student of international law, he knew the rights of the citizens of his country and he encouraged them to stand for these rights. He bolstered their patriotism and endurance by his words and example.

He defied the Germans to interfere with him, declaring his pastoral letters were privileged between pastor and flock.

No amount of threat or bluster could frighten him.

And now that the war is over, Cardinal Mercier is one of the outstanding figures of a nation of brave people, and chosen to bring to America the thanks of Belgium for sympathy and support.

transmitting this message to the people of the United States through the channel of the 500 newspapers you represent.

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FARLEY HONORED

Lowell Man Made Head of Elks in State

John P. Farley, well known local attorney and for 15 years a member of the Lowell Lodge of Elks, has been appointed district deputy of the Massachusetts district by Grand Exalted Ruler Frank L. Ryan of Fairbury, Neb.

This city has not been represented in the district deputy's office for 20 years, and Mr. Farley's appointment is accepted by the members as a recognition of Lowell's claim for consideration in that important position. Mr. Farley has held all the offices in the local lodge and has been a consistent worker for the interests of the order since he entered it. Owing to the fact that he is not actively connected with other fraternal bodies, he has been able to concentrate his efforts upon the Elks and has won the esteem of his brother members. He has been a

member of the grand lodge for the past seven years. He is a former member of the board of registrars.

The district over which Mr. Farley was appointed includes 14 lodges in northeastern Massachusetts, among the largest cities being Lawrence, Lowell, Lynn, Haverhill, Everett, Salem, Gloucester, Woburn, Newburyport, Medford, Chelsea, Milton, Melrose, Revere, Woburn and Boston.

REGISTRATION FOR STATE PRIMARIES

The second day of registration for the state primaries brought another large gathering of worthy voters to the office of the registrars of voters this afternoon. Sessions will be held this evening from 7 to 9 and tomorrow and Monday from 2 to 4 and 7 to 9. Next Tuesday there will be a continuous session from 1 p. m. to 9 p. m.

A total of 273 voters were enrolled at the two sessions held yesterday, the largest registered by the board at an

opening session for some time. Ward six had the record with 56 new names enrolled. Registration by wards was as follows: Ward one, 21; ward two, 13; ward three, 14; ward four, 27; ward five, 27; ward six, 56; ward seven, 21; ward eight, 24; ward nine, 19; total, 273.

Therefore you may guess with what anxiety we are going to America to express our gratitude to the American people."

I am happy at this opportunity of transmitting this message to the people of the United States through the channel of the 500 newspapers you represent.

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A plea of women delegates at the third annual convention of the National Federation of Federal Employees at San Francisco, September 1, is that women employed by the government be paid the same wage as men.

IF you buy a tire here, another there, you cannot expect uniform tire mileage and service.

Making Firestone Gray Side-wall Tires standard for your car means you can forget the tire question. And after that decision, the renewal question will come up far less frequently.

You can easily prove this by equipping with Firestones now.

THE HARWOOD TIRE SHOP

DISTRIBUTORS

Corner Merrimack and Tremont Streets

Firestone
TIRES
 Most Miles per Dollar

ASSASSINATION STILL UNSOLVED MYSTERY

SAN JOSE, COSTA RICA. (By mail.)—Assassination of Joaquin Tinoco, late minister of war and brother of former President Federico Tinoco, on Aug. 9 last, is still an unsolved mystery with indications that the slayer may never be brought to answer for his crime. The time which has elapsed since the tragedy has brought out a number of interesting facts in connection with it which never before have been told. Joaquin was 39 years old, one of the handsomest men in Costa Rica, a quick shooter and courageous as a lion. He was tall and of athletic build, fond of horses, and a member of one of the most distinguished families. He rarely went unarmed and fought a number of duels. The widow of one of his adversaries, a lawyer he killed in a revolver fight, a few years ago sought to avenge her husband and fired five shots at close range at Tinoco, but the latter survived his wounds. When on Jan. 27, 1917, his brother Federico, who was minister of war in the cabinet of President Alfredo Goyales, deposed the latter and became head of the government, Joaquin was given the war portfolio and thereupon, it is said, became the real president of Costa Rica. For two years previously Joaquin had been fighting revolutionists and personal enemies and when he became minister of war he became still more energetic and aggressive. It has been said that Joaquin on the day of his death had more enemies than a popular motion picture actress in the United States had admirers.

On the day before the assassination Joaquin went before the Costa Rican congress and asked to be relieved as vice president, a position he held by virtue of his cabinet post. At the same time his brother, the president, asked official permission to leave the country because of "ill health."

Both requests were granted and the two Tinocos were preparing to depart when Joaquin was shot down. A few months before he met his death Joaquin began to take a strange interest in spiritualism. Frequently he went to a small village called Guadalupe where he consulted a woman medium, and after his last visit seemed disturbed by what she had told him. That same afternoon he returned home and telephoned for his car but it was out of order and he decided to go for a walk. A block from his residence a man stepped from behind a tree and fired at Tinoco point blank. The shot pierced his eye, causing almost instant death. Notwithstanding the suddenness of the attack, in the fraction of the second he remained alive, Joaquin had drawn his own revolver. The weapon was found in his clenched hand, every cartridge chamber full.

On the day after the tragedy Joaquin was buried with military honors and 48 hours later the remaining members of the Tinoco family, including the former president, left here for Port Limon in special trains where they called for Kingston, Jamaica, and thence intend to go to England.

The new president, General Juan Bautista Quirós, formerly manager of the Banco Internacional de Costa Rica, a government institution, and generally regarded as a conservative Costa Rican, is pledged to "restore order after two years of tyranny, and the leakage of public funds and, after a few months of reconstruction, bring about free elections."

JEWELERS OPPOSED TO SIEGAL BILL

The Lowell Retail Jewelers' association held its first meeting of the fall last evening at the hearing of trade rooms and was addressed by F. H. Elliott of Boston. President David W. Harlow was in the chair. Members of the association went on record as being opposed to the Siegal bill which provides that all retail dealers shall mark the original price of their goods on each article when it is placed on sale. Letters to this effect were addressed to Senators Walsh and Lodge and members of the house committee of interstate and foreign commerce. The report of the secretary, Frank Ricard, as well as those of various committees were accepted.

Lawrence A. Corcoran of Plymouth hopes to get the prize offered in a contest conducted by a sporting magazine for the biggest bass, with a bass which he has sworn before a notary was 21 inches long and 12 1/2 inches around, weighing 65 pounds.

SEVEN BARKS

It may be possible that you don't know what SEVEN BARKS stands for, so we will enlighten you: It is a safe, remarkable remedy, made from the extracts of seven different kinds of roots and herbs, every one of which has great medicinal value, scientifically blended and for nearly 50 years has been a reliable remedy for indigestion, constipation, liver, kidney and stomach disorders.

SEVEN BARKS has never been extensively advertised, but has enjoyed a wonderful and steady sale for nearly a half century, and purely upon its merits.

SEVEN BARKS has saved thousands of families doctors' bills, as well as untold suffering. It is inexpensive, only 50 cents per bottle, and the dose is from 10 to 20 drops in a little water after meals.

There is hardly a family but what some member is more or less frequently troubled with indigestion, indigestion, liver or kidney trouble. If you have never tried SEVEN BARKS, do not fail to do so, and watch the rapid and wonderful results.

Don't put off asking your druggist for SEVEN BARKS; if he does not happen to have it, he will get it for you—Adv.

BABY CARRIAGE TIRES AND BABY CARRIAGE WHEELS AND PARTS Put on, the up-to-date Service and Good Work. GEORGE H. BACHELDER Postoffice Square



A LAKEFUL OF GOVERNORS

SALT LAKE CITY.—Ever long to see a governor minus the gubernatorial camouflage? Here's a flock of 'em in as "near nature" as the general public can expect to see them, snapped while bathing in Salt Lake. Front, left—Gov. Bickett of North Carolina; right—Gov. Cooper of South Carolina. Second row—Gov. Norbeck of S. Dakota, Gov. Frazier of N. Dakota, Gov. Sprad of Pennsylvania, Gov. Harding of Iowa. Back row—Secy. Miles Riley of the governors' conference, Former Gov. Wells of Utah, Gov. Townsend of Delaware, and Gov. Spry of Utah.

We advise the purchase and are making a Specialty of

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS

and are prepared at any time, to buy or sell large or small lots

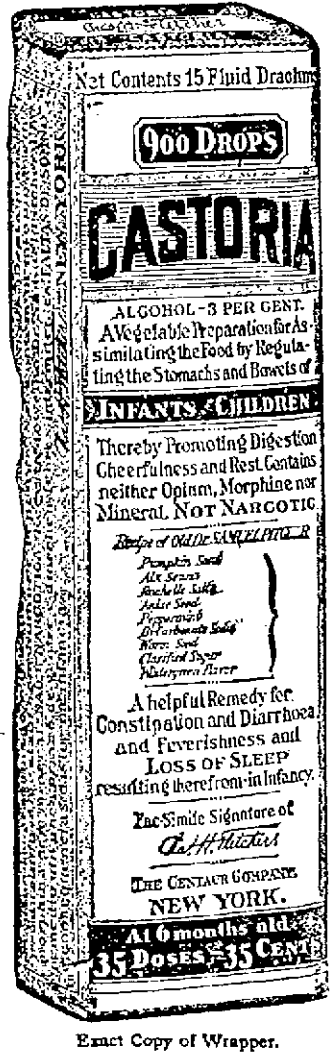
We have prepared a circular on investment securities, which we shall be glad to send you on request.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

115 Devonshire St. BOSTON 17 Wall Street NEW YORK

Imitations Are Dangerous.

AN OHIO druggist writes to "The Practical Druggist," a prominent New York Drug Journal, as follows: "Please furnish formula for Castoria. All the formulas I have worked with are either ineffective or disagreeable to administer." To this "The Practical Druggist" replies: "We do not supply formulas for proprietary articles. We couldn't if we wanted to. Your experience with imitative formulas is not surprising, but just what is to be expected. When Castoria is wanted, why not supply the genuine? If you make a substitute, it is not fair or right to label it Castoria. We can give you all sorts of laxative preparations for children, but not Castoria, and we think a mother who asks for Castoria would not feel kindly toward you if you gave her your own product under such a name." No mother with a spark of affection for her child will overlook the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher when buying Castoria.



Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Mothers Must Use Care.

Why do we so often call your attention to imitations of Fletcher's Castoria? Because it is a baby's medicine and imitations are always dangerous, particularly imitations of a remedy for infants. Your druggist may not keep an imitation but they are to be found on drug-store shelves. Reliable druggists think only of the welfare of their customers. The other kind only of the greater profit to be made on imitations. Your own judgment tells you that Fletcher's Castoria having for over thirty years at great expense held up its reputation, must jealously guard it. Then, it follows that this company must use the very best of material. Must employ experts in the selection of the herbs. Must retain skilled chemists in its manufacture.

Your same good judgment must tell you that these irresponsible imitators are trading on your credulity and the reputation built up by Mr. Fletcher, during all these years, for his Castoria.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

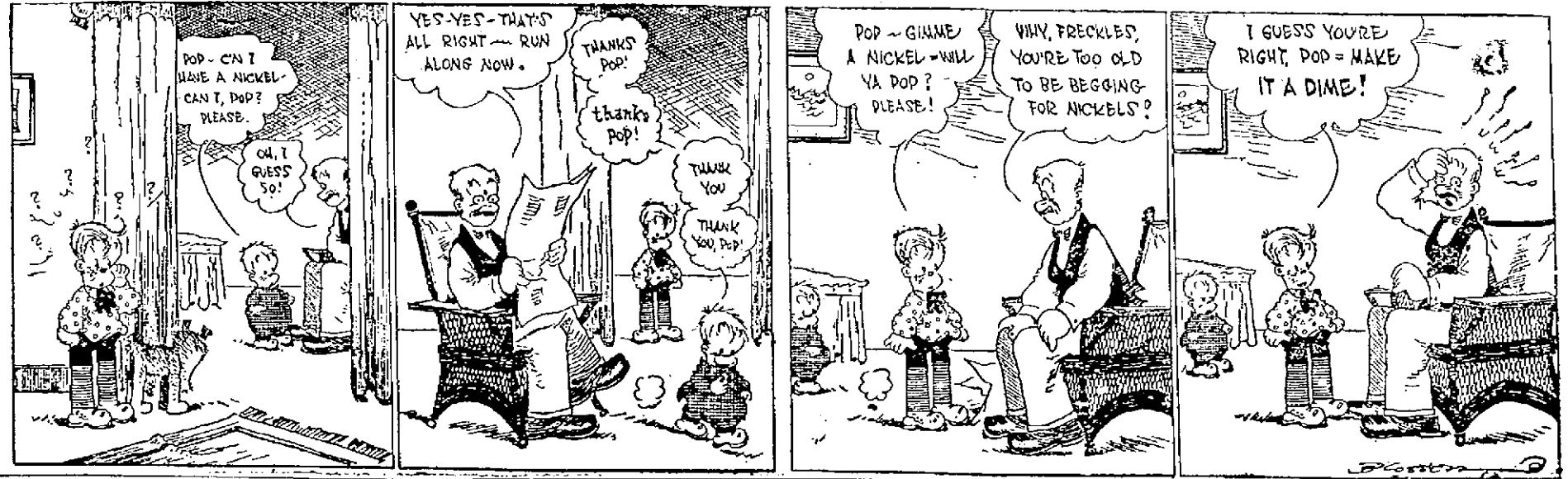
Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

He Seems to Think He Has Reached Maturity!

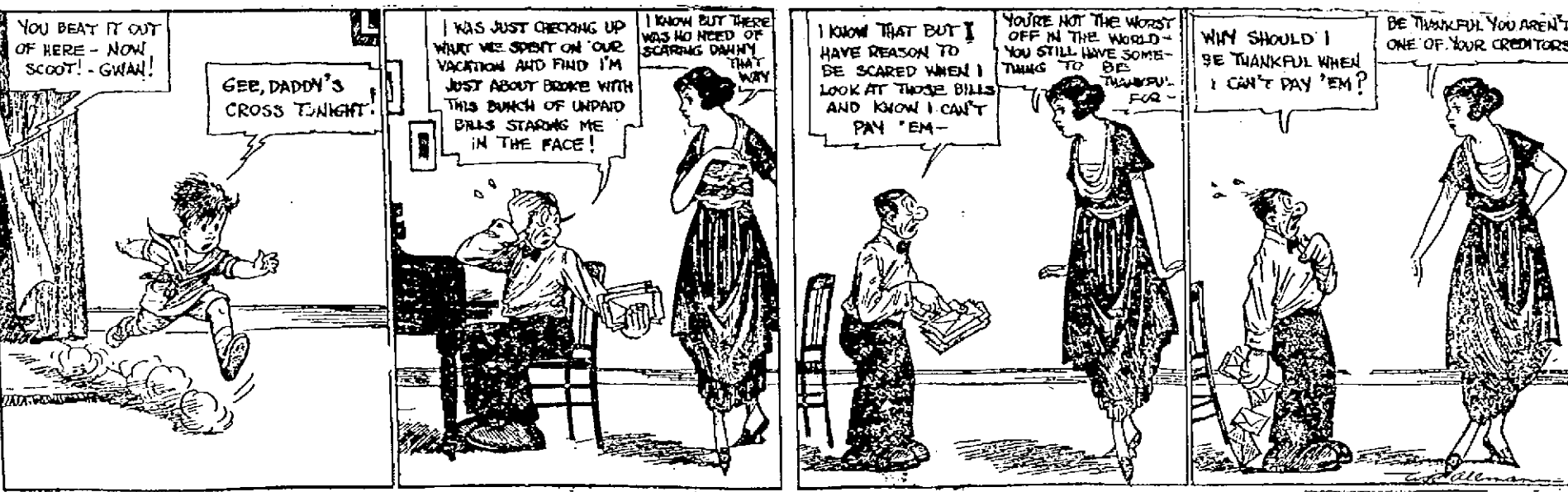
BY BLOSSER



DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

There Is Always a Bright Side, Tom

BY ALLMAN



OTTO AUTO

BY AHERN



Why do so many Women suffer

THE answer to this is, they do not realize that they have Anaemia.

OTHERS are pale and thin and hollow-eyed. They suffer with headaches and backaches, and their nerves are all unstrung. They have Anaemia and need RED PILLS.

STILL others are troubled with Palpitation, Dizziness, Exhaustion, and should be taking RED PILLS for Anaemia.

AFTER a few weeks' treatment with **RED PILLS**, you notice a difference in yourself. You feel brighter and happier. You can do more work. You work easier. Headaches and backaches disappear. Nerves are forgotten. You eat and sleep better. And day by day, the improvement goes on as **RED PILLS** feed

MRS. J. ROULEAU, 44 Main Street, Northbridge, Mass. says:

This excessive weakness was bringing on to me all kinds of pains, troubles and sufferings. RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women brought me back to health in no time. A few boxes made all the difference in the world to me. Not only have they helped me, but they have also proved very helpful to my young daughter.

CAUTION:—The formula of RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women was first discovered by Bails, in the year of 1870, by a famous French

Insist on the signature: — "**CIE CHIMIQUE FRANCAISE AMERICAINE**", and the serial number on each box. 50 cents, or \$1.00 per box, 50 boxes for \$50.00, by express, collect, to all parts of the United States and Canada.

these young citizens of the
a clean and wholesome out-
their duties and responsibil-
and make them feel that it is
un-heated, straightforward

McNerney Honored

highest honors at their com-
United States government has
Sergei. Mc Nerney the Amer-
distinguished American

... distinguished service cross was
... at the local army recruiting
... last Monday noon and Sergeant

his wounds were not fully healed. His home is at 1415 Middlesex st. and he is the son of Mr. and Thomas McNerney.

d the croix de guerre by his commander, General Clarence S. Edwards. Surmounting the emblem is a gilt star denoting the

McNerney was one of the church.

TO GENERAL CONTRACTORS

of said Commission will receive such bid or be in any way responsible for its custody.

THE MEMORIAL PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION

and addressed to the Commission.
Commission will be in open public
at 11 o'clock in the forenoon
Tuesday the 15th day of October,
Chairman

FORM OF PROPOSAL
To the Memorial Public Building
mission:

Commission at 11.30 a. m., at
time the proposals will be pub-
lished. Each bid must be made out
discreet and delivered to the

and there must be enclosed a check for THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$3,000), payable to the order of Lowell. The Commission reserves the right to reject any or all bids. In case the contract is offered to the lowest bidder, the bidder must, within the time specified, execute and submit to the Commission a contract in duplicate, with the following conditions:

- (a) The bidder must, within the time specified, execute and submit to the Commission a contract in duplicate, with the following conditions:
 - (1) The bidder must, within the time specified, execute and submit to the Commission a contract in duplicate, with the following conditions:
- (b) The undersigned proposes to furnish all labor and materials necessary for the construction of the place where it is to be done, under his own examination and estimates and from them to execute the same.

der whose check will be returned if the contract is executed and the signed. But in case any contractor when offered the contract decides to take it, his check shall be paid to the City. Plans and specifications by Blackall, Clapp & W. Moore, Architect, for the sum specified below, subject to additions and deductions according to the specifications in all respects according to the thereof.

the office of Mr. Larry Prescott
18, 40 Middlesex street, Lowell.
Another set can be consulted at
the office of the Architect, Blackall
& Whittmore, 20 Beacon street,
Boston, Mass. Contractors desiring
this proposal is accepted by
city shall be mailed to him a
business address given below, or
be delivered to him, he will, at
of some day of the six week day,
after such mailing or delivery.

For such plans and specifications, L. Makepeace, 387 Washington St., Boston, Mass., who will furnish copies of all drawings and specifications when so ordered by the contractor in writing, the contractor to

copy of these drawings and the
be made and based wholly upon
ans on file at the Architect's
questions as to the interpretation
e plans and specifications, made
the amount of damages which the Cl

(c) The undersigned further agrees to complete all the work covered by the drawings and specifications, for a sum of _____

Call Regulars and Naval Forces to Hub

Five Killed in Boston Strike Riots

RATIFICATION OF TREATY URGED

Minority Members of Senate
Foreign Relations Commit-
tee Submit Report

Says Amendments Would
Mean Sacrifice by U. S. of
All Concessions Gained

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Rejection
of the peace treaty with its League of
Nations covenant or adoption of
amendments would mean sacrifice by
the United States of all concessions
obtained from Germany under a dic-
tated peace, minority members of the
foreign relations committee declared in
a report presented today to the sen-
ate.

For Speedy Ratification

The report, prepared by Senator
Hitchcock of Nebraska, ranking demo-
cratic member of the committee, urges
speedy ratification of the treaty with-
out amendments or reservations. It
deplores "the long and unnecessary

Continued on Page 3

PERSHING VISITS MRS. THEODORE ROOSEVELT

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Gen.
Pershing visited Mrs. Theodore Roose-
velt at Sagamore Hill today. He ex-
pressed his deep sympathy for the
loss of her husband and her son, Quin-
tin, who was killed in the war.

Oyster Bay was decorated and the
villagers lined the streets, cheering
the general as his automobile passed.
At Sagamore Hill he was greeted by
Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. Theodore Roose-
velt, Jr., Mrs. Kermit Roosevelt, Mrs.
Richard Derby, Capt. Kermit Roose-
velt and the colonel's grandchildren.

Gen. Pershing picked up the chil-
dren, one after another and kissed
them. Afterward he entered the house
and conversed with Mrs. Roosevelt.

On his return to the station, he
drove past Young's Memorial cemetery,
where Col. Roosevelt lies. Hundreds
of school children, each carrying a small
American flag, had gathered at the en-
trance in expectation that the general
would visit the grave, but the car did
not stop.

"It was simply a visit from an old
friend to an old friend," said Mrs.
Roosevelt, after Gen. Pershing had de-
parted. "He just visited an old lady
in mourning. He came in and spoke
to us all and was glad to see us as
we were glad to see him."

SUIT BY NEW HAVEN STOCKHOLDERS

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Hearing of
a motion to permit more than 130
stockholders in the N. Y. N. H. & H.
R. R. to intervene as plaintiffs in a
suit brought against William Rockefeller
and other directors for \$150,000,
was set for Oct. 28 today by
Federal Judge Mack. The original
suit was brought by another group of
stockholders who accuse Mr. Rockefel-
ler and his associate defendants of
wasting the resources of the road.

Judge Mack also will hear a motion
at the same date for the appointment
of a limit receiver to prosecute the
stockholders' suit against the company
and its directors.

TO FILL UP POLICE FORCE

With Civil Service List Ex-
hausted Police Heads May
Recruit Force

Service Veterans Have Pref-
erence—May Call Volun-
teer Militia

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—The Metropolitan
park commission requested of the civil
service commission today the names of
all men on its lists who are eligi-
ble to appointment as officers of the
Metropolitan force. The commission
last night suspended 53 Metropolitan
officers who refused to obey orders to
assist in policing Boston.

The civil service commission ex-
hausted its lists after certifying 16
men as eligible for the Metropolitan
force, and 23 as available for the Bos-
ton department. Under the law, the
department heads in each instance now
can recruit their permanent force to
full strength without civil service re-
quirements if they limit appointments to
military or naval veterans.

Gov. Coolidge directed that every
possible provision be made for the
comfort of state guardsmen who are
on duty here. The committee to wel-
come soldiers and sailors, of which
Louis A. Coolidge is chairman, will care
for the guardsmen's needs. Coffee, to-
bacco and other comforts will be pro-
vided.

The governor sought to learn today
whether he has at his command the
new volunteer militia, being organized
under an act of the last legislature.
The organizations, which include Brig-
ades, John H. Sherburne and Charles
H. Cole, Col. Edward L. Logan and
many other Massachusetts officers and
men of the Tank Division, are be-
lieved to number between 600 and 700
men.

Members of the Boston Protective
department, which is operated by in-
surance companies, as an auxiliary to
the fire department, signed a petition
today for a charter from the American
Federation of Labor. The action was
taken, it was said, because of deprecia-
tion by many of the 30 men in the de-
partment to walk out if the firemen struck.

James Moffitt, one of the Protective
men, who was discharged today "for
the good of the service," said his dis-
missal was due to activities in connec-
tion with the new union.

ENLISTMENTS FOR MEDICAL CORPS

A detachment of men from the
United States medical corps recruit-
ing service came to Lowell this morn-
ing in three large auto ambulances
and waged a brief campaign for en-
listments. The detachment was in
command of Major Keyes. One of the
ambulances was stationed at the Mid-
dlessex street depot, another in Bridge
street and the third in Merrimack
street near the army recruiting sta-
tion. A large Red Cross banner and
the intermittent blaring of a bugle
helped to draw attention to each am-
bulance.

The men in charge explained the
details of the medical service to a
number of interested civilians and
the sides of each machine were adorned
with scenes from actual life in the
service. Enlistments in the medical
corps are for one, two or three years.
The recruiting party came here from
Worcester and will proceed to Law-
rence this afternoon. The local army
recruit station at 117 Merrimack street
accepts recruits for this branch of
the service at any time.

WILSON'S PLEA TO MONTANA PEOPLE

Ratification Question Whether
U. S. Will Fulfill Pledges to
Its People and World

President Speaks at Billings
Before Large Crowd—
Gets Ovation

BILLINGS, Mont., Sept. 11.—Laying
his appeal for the peace treaty before
the people of Montana today, President
Wilson declared the question of its
ratification was a question whether the
United States would fulfill its pledge
to its people and to the world.

There were two addresses on his
day's program, Mr. Wilson speaking
at the Billings Auditorium before noon
so that he could reach Helena in time
for a meeting at night. The audi-
torium here was crowded.

Mayor W. Lee Malin, introducing the
president, said that where a man went
across the sea and did the major por-
tion of the work of "righting the
whole world's troubles, he was some-
man." Yells from the crowd greeted
the declaration.

Mr. Wilson said he had come west
"to consult with the people in the
light of circumstances which affected
the whole world." Everywhere, he de-
clared, the human heart beats the
same and on both sides of the ocean
there was sincere desire that there
should be no more war.

It was a mistake, therefore, the
president continued, to debate the
peace treaty as if it were an ordinary
treaty. It was not merely a treaty
with Germany, he said, but a treaty
affecting a settlement of the affairs
of the world.

This Treaty or No Treaty.
"And it is this treaty or no
treaty," he added. "It is this treaty
because there can be no other."

"This settlement is the first inter-
national settlement that is based upon
the happiness of the average people
throughout the world. It is a peo-
ple's treaty, and I venture the pre-
diction that it is not wise for par-
liaments and congresses to attempt
to alter it."

It is a severe treaty the presi-
dent went on, but justly so. Some of
the men who had called it unduly
harsh, he added, were criticizing the
administration a year ago because
they thought the United States would
be too easy with Germany.

"They were pitiless then," he said.
"They are pitiful now."

The American dead in the war,
Mr. Wilson declared, had fought not
for the redemption of America, but
for the redemption of the world. It
was one of the hardest of his trials,
during the war, he said, to be able
to say:

Continued on Page Fourteen

ASK FOR SWAN-RUSSELL HATS

WORN BY WELL-DRESSED MEN

If There Is Anything in a Hat
That You Would Like Try

DELOREME
The Hatter
ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW
Large Sizes a Specialty

Over Twenty-two Thousand De-
positors at the

CITY INST. FOR SAVINGS
174 Central Street

INSTANT RELIEF!
NAP-A-MINUT

For Aching Teeth
DR. A. J. GAGNON
109-466 Merrimack Street

Farrell & Conaton
PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND
WATER FITTERS

243 Dutton St. Telephone 1513

Five Dead, Score Wounded Up to Noon

All Bay State Guards Now On Duty

Authorities Act to Prevent Catastrophe

Three Men Killed in Rioting Last Night—Woman Shot When Troops
Fired Upon Mob Dies—Sailor Shot Dead Trying to Flee From
Soldiers—Move to Secure Federal Aid to Guard Against Catas-
trophe With Firemen and Others Threatening to Join in Strike—
Soldiers Charge Crowds and Engage in Severe Street Fighting

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—A request that regular army troops be prepared to respond to a
call for emergency duty here was wired the secretary of war by Governor Coolidge today.

The governor previously had made a similar request of the secretary of the navy.

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Five dead and a
score of others wounded was the pen-
alty paid up to noon today for the
lawlessness begun when most of the
police force deserted their posts Tues-
day night.

Three men were killed in the riot-
ing of last night. Margaret Walsh,
wounded during the night in South
Boston, when the mob fired upon a
mob, died this morning. Raymond
Bayers, who was a sailor uniform,
dropped dead from a bullet in the
neck when he tried to escape from
soldiers who had broken up a dis-
cussion on Boston common. A party of
men were gambling on the spot of
the common where religious services
are held on Sundays when state
guards rounded them up. The gam-
blers were told to throw up their hands.
Bayers fled and was promptly shot.
The others were marched to the city
prison.

State Guard Beaten
Leo Emery, a member of the state
guard on duty in the Roxbury section,
was beaten by a crowd of toughs and
was taken unconscious to a hospital.

The hospitals treated many cases
of broken bones while a far greater
number nursed their wounds in pri-
son. The strong arm of the law con-
fined in a judicious use of shot and
shell had its sobering effect upon
those who had terrorized the city un-
til the state guard arrived last night.

During the day there were isolated
outbreaks of violence and toughs lost
no opportunity to set upon a lone sol-
dier or loyal policeman, but those who
were brave in numbers slunk to cover
when confronted with any consider-
able force. Throughout the city the
state guard did patrol duty over regu-
lar beats, at street junctions directed
traffic and kept the crowds moving.

No Move to End Strike
Mayor Peters took a firm stand to-
day when he declared that he would
not initiate any move at the present
time to settle the strike. Having tak-
en over control of the department, the
mayor now is in a position to say
when negotiations will be resumed
with the strikers, if they are resumed.

Continued on Last Page

SERG. E. J. McNERNEY IS DOUBLY HONORED

Two national organizations have
been so appreciative of the services
of Sergt. Edward J. McNERNEY of
this city and the gallant part he
played in the world war that each of
them have bestowed upon him one
Continued on Last Page

SLIGHT FINE A slight fine in the barn in the rear of Banlett's grocery store in Dutton street was responsible for a telephone alarm at 5:29 o'clock this morning. No damage.

"ALL CLEAR" That's what is heard on ship- board as the good ship gets un- derway for the open sea. When all we all get over prevalent insanity in industrial unrest? When, oh when hear the "All Clear!" and set sail on that sea of blessed contentment where all do for others as they would have others do for all? We wish we might name the day of month and year. But we can name day when one may begin earning interest on a Savings Account at—

MIDDLESEX TRUST CO.
Middlesex Safe Deposit & Trust Co.
MERRIMACK-PALMER STS.
It's September 30, 1919
A Savings Account Started
and you will feel the—
"ALL CLEAR"

READ and CONSIDER

This bank doing business un-
der the United States government
charter and being a member of
the Federal Reserve System, the
security of its deposits is be-
yond question.

Money goes on interest Octo-
ber 1st in the Savings Depart-
ment.

OLD LOWELL
NATIONAL BANK
25 Central Street

Report Serious Riots in Fiume
LONDON, Sept. 11.—Unconfirmed reports received in responsible
quarters here tell of serious rioting in Fiume, between Italian and Jugo-
Slav troops. The allies have been compelled to intervene. The rioting
is continuing, it is stated.

Concert and DANCE
—By the—
LEATHER WORKERS INTERNATIONAL UNION OF AMERICA
LOCAL NO. 2
KASINO, TONIGHT
Music—Boston Jazz Orchestra
TICKETS 50c, Inclad-
ing War Tax.

OPEN FOR ALL ENGAGEMENTS—SEASON 1919-1920
Bachelard's Overseas Orchestra
ALL MEN
Leo Bachelard Piano
William Aitken Violin
Joseph Dean Cornet
Frank Bachelard Drums
James McCann Trombone
Wilfred Boulanger Flute
FOR INFORMATION CALL OR PHONE:
11 Elm St., Lowell, 2330-M
331 Broadway, Lawrence, Mass., 2188

It's the Bean
THAT'S WHY
PEOPLE WHO USE QUINBY'S
La Touraine
SAYS The Perfect Coffee

Your search for complete coffee
satisfaction will continue until you
have tried La Touraine, lb. 55c

W. S. Quipby Company—Boston, Chicago
Don't accept coffee as La Touraine unless it's in the La Touraine bag.
La Touraine Tea is just as attractive to all lovers of quality. Ask
your grocer.

45 ADRIFT AT SEA CANNOT SIGN TREATY
All in Distress and Without Food or Water—Ships Lost in Hurricane
Serbian Delegation Waits for Instructions from New Cabinet

MIAMI, Fla., Sept. 11.—A wireless message received here early today said 45 persons were adrift in small boats between Fowey Rock lighthouse and Cape Florida, about 15 miles from Miami. All were reported in distress and without food or water. It was presumed they were members of crews of ships that went down during the hurricane that swept this section early yesterday.

BALTIMORE WELCOMES CARDINAL MERCIER

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 11.—Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium, was welcomed to Baltimore yesterday afternoon by a throng which filled the streets from the railroad station to the residence of Cardinal Gibbons, whose guest he will be until next Wednesday. Standing on the top steps of Cardinal Gibbons' residence, he blessed the people of the city, an unusual event in religious annals of this country. Company 1, of the 17th Infantry from Camp Meade, escorted the visitor from the station. Cardinal Mercier came down the steps of his car, smiling, moving easily, more like an athlete than a man of 65. In the station the two aged cardinals greeted each other cheek to cheek and exchanged the kiss of peace. Cardinal Mercier, tall and stalwart bent low and Cardinal Gibbons raised his head and their arms were about each other's shoulders. A large chorus greeted the Belgian primate at the station with the singing of "Vive Cardinal!" while children tossed flowers at the primate's automobile.

WAGES DUE MACHINE SHOP EMPLOYEES

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Sept. 11.—Representatives of the national war labor board and ordinance department of the war department are now at work computing the retroactive pay of the machine shop employees of the Bethlehem plant of the Bethlehem Steel company for the period from August 1, 1915, to March 1, 1916.

Approximately 5000 machine shop workers who have pay coming under this award have been laid off since the armistice was signed, and the employees' committee wants to get the name and address of every machine shop employee who was employed during the period stated above, so that a claim can be put in for the wages due, and all cases be properly taken care of.

Between two and three million dollars will be paid by the government to settle the claim of these machine shop employees, and all former machine shop employees of the Bethlehem plant are urged to send their name and address at once to David Williams, Care of International Association of Machinists, 605 Hamilton street, 3rd floor, Allentown, Pa. All information concerning the award and rules governing the disbursement of the money stipulated under the award will then be forwarded by the committee.

QUALITY FISH
At Lowest Prices

MACKEREL—	19c
Fancy fresh, medium size, lb.	
HADDOCK—	6c
Live shore, all dressed, lb.	
BLUEFISH—	12 1/2c
Boston, sliced, lb.	
STEAK COD—	15c
Cocktail, sliced, lb.	
FLOUNDERS—	10c
Fresh black back, lb.	
SALMON—	35c
Fresh Eastern, lb.	
SWORDFISH—	35c
Center cuts, lb.	
HALIBUT—	33c
Fancy Eastern, lb.	

FAIRBURN'S
SANITARY FISH DEPT.
ON THE SQUARE

BICYCLES
WITH COASTER BRAKES, ALL COLORS
\$29.75
CASH OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS
Cycle Outlet Co.
125 PAIGE ST. Opposite Merrimack Square Theatre

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Take this good old family medicine For Scrofula, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, Dyspepsia.
Having superlative merit it has given entire satisfaction to three generations. Fine purifier and tonic.

Ratification Urged
Continued

delay to which the treaty has been subjected while locked up in the committee, whose recommendations were from the start a foregone conclusion, and asserts these recommendations could have been made in July. Senator Shields, democrat, Tennessee, did not sign the report, having announced that he favored league covenant reservations prepared by Chairman Lodge. It was stated that he would not present a separate report. Those signing, in addition to Senator Hitchcock, were Senators Williams, Mississippi; Swanson, Virginia; Pomeroy, Ohio; Smith, Arizona and Pittman, Nevada, all democrats.

Denies Lodge's Claim
The minority denies the claim put forth in Chairman Lodge's report that the peace conference still is in session and has power "to bring German representatives to Paris," saying such power of compulsion has been exhausted, and that Germany has closed the chapter by signing and ratifying.

Not Divinely Perfect
The minority recommends that the work of the peace conference be confirmed and the peace of the world advanced by ratification of the treaty which is described as the best hope of the world, "even if, like all instrumentalities, it be not divinely perfect in every detail."

The report contends that the industrial world is "in ferment," the financial world in doubt, and commerce halted, while delay on the treaty has been caused "by a majority of the committee known to be out of harmony with the majority of the senate and the majority of the people." This is declared to be government by obstruction as well as by minority.

Export Trade, the report says, has suffered because of delay in ratification. It is declared that private credit waits for peace, and that this government, which has been advancing credits to European governments, has about reached the end of the authority given it by congress. Private enterprise, it says, from now on must keep up American commerce with Europe. Answering the majority, the report says exports to Germany since the armistice have amounted to only 14 cents worth of American products for each person in Germany, or two cents per person per month.

Condemn Majority Report
Referring to the action of the majority of the committee, said the report, "we unite in opposing and condemning the recommendations, both as to textual amendments are concerned, we see no reason to discuss their character at length. In our opinion, they have no merit, but whether they be good, bad or indifferent their adoption by the senate can have no possible effect except to defeat the participation of the United States in the treaty. None of them could by any possibility be accepted, even by the great nations associated with the United States in the war and none of them could by any possibility be dictated to Germany. To adopt any one of them, therefore, is equivalent to rejecting the treaty."

"The suggestion of the majority report that the peace conference is still in session in Paris and could consider any textual amendments to the treaty made by the senate and that German representatives could be brought to Paris for that purpose indicates a total misconception of the situation. The peace conference has acted finally upon this treaty. Great Britain has ratified it. France is about to do so, and with the action of one other power, it will in all human probability be in actual operation even before the senate of the United States reaches a decision. Moreover, the peace conference possesses no further power to bring German representatives to Paris. The power of compulsion has been exhausted. Germany was told where to sign and when to ratify, and Germany has closed the chapter by signing and by ratifying. Germany cannot be compelled to do anything more or different with regard to this treaty by being confronted with an amended treaty whether once a month, day or week. There must be a finality in the ultimate in a treaty by compulsion. If an amended treaty is not signed by Germany, then it is in none of its parts binding on her."

U. S. WILL Sacrifice All Gains
"To adopt an amendment or to reject the treaty, means that the United States will sacrifice all of the concessions secured from Germany by a dictated peace. While these concessions are not so large as those which other nations associated with us secure in reparations, they are nevertheless of tremendous importance and could be only secured under a dictated peace. Among the concessions which the

United States would sacrifice may be included the following:
"First, Germany's acknowledgment of responsibility for the war and her promise to make restitution for damages resulting from it.
"Second, Germany's promise to us in the treaty that she will not impose higher or other customs duties or charges on our goods than those charged to the most favored nation and will not prohibit or restrict or discriminate against imports directly or indirectly from our country.
"Third, Germany's promise to us in the treaty that she will make no discrimination in German ports on shipping bearing our flag and that our shipping in German ports will be given as favorable treatment as German ships receive.
"Fourth, that for six months after the treaty goes into effect, no customs duty will be levied against imports from the United States except the lowest duties that were in force for the first six months of 1914.
"Fifth, Germany's agreement with us that the United States shall have the privilege of reviving such of the treaties with Germany as were in existence prior to the war as we may alone desire.
"Sixth, Germany's promises to us to

restore the property of our citizens seized in Germany or to compensate the owners.
"Seventh, Germany's very important agreement validating all acts by the United States and by the alien property custodian by which we seized and proceeded to liquidate \$800,000,000 worth of property in the United States belonging to German citizens.
"Eighth, Germany's agreement that the proceeds of the sale of these properties may be used to compensate our citizens in Germany if Germany fails to do so, or to pay debts which Germany or Germans owe to American citizens, or to pay American pre-war claims against Germany for property destroyed and lives taken similar to the losses because of the destruction of the Lusitania.
"Ninth, Germany's agreement that she will compensate her own citizens for property, patents and other things belonging to them in the United States seized during the war by our government.
"Tenth, Germany's agreement that no claim can be made against the United States in respect to the use or sale during the war by our govern-

ment, or by persons acting for our government, of any rights in industrial, literary or artistic property including patents.
"Eleventh, Germany's agreement that the United States shall retain over 600,000 tons of German shipping seized in American ports, which must more than compensate us for shipping lost during the war.
"Twelfth, we would lose our membership on the reparations commission which will be the most powerful international body ever created, and which will have enormous control over the trade and commerce of Germany, with the rest of the world to come. It not only supervises the use of German economic resources and the payment of reparations, but it can restrict or expand Germany's imports and distribute much of her desirable exports, including dyes. In no way can the United States assure itself against discrimination in German imports and financial policies unless we have a member upon this great reparations commission.

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Don't get sick
Don't hurry your meals. Don't eat when overtired, rest a few moments before eating. It will pay you. Don't borrow time for work that belongs to rest or sleep. Don't neglect the first symptoms of illness or disordered digestion. Don't allow the bowels to become constipated, but if you are so unfortunate, DON'T delay taking one or two teaspoonfuls of "L. F." Atwood's Medicine on retiring at night. It has a record of sixty years and never fails to relieve constipation and biliousness. All dealers have it in large bottles for fifty cents. Be sure to get the "L. F." kind. A generous sample mailed free on request by the "L. F." Medicine Co., Portland, Me.

AT OSTROFF'S
193 AND 195 MIDDLESEX ST.

The Last Three Days of Our NO PROFITEERING SALE
FRIDAY, SEPT. 12th, SATURDAY, SEPT. 13th AND MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th

SPECIAL

LADIES' BUNGALOW APRONS, good quality Percales and Gingham, loose and elastic belts. Positively \$1.50 value, for **69c**
Limited 1 to a customer and only between the hours of 7 to 9 P. M. on Friday, Sept. 12th, and Monday, Sept. 15th.

LADIES' HOSE

Ladies' Outsize Blue and Light Colored Aprons, \$2 value, sale price.....	\$1.50
Ladies' Flannel Petticoats, \$1.25 value, sale price.....	75c
Ladies' Black Petticoats, mercerized finish, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c
Ladies' Good Quality Black Satin Petticoats, \$1.98 value, sale price.....	\$1.49
White Satin and Seersucker Petticoats, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c

CHILDREN'S HOSE

Children's Hose, 25c value, sale price 13c	
Children's Black and White Hose, fine ribbed, 39c value, sale price.....	23c
Boys' Ribbed Hose, 39c value, sale price 25c	
Boys' Heavy Ipswich Hose, all sizes up to 11, 50c value, sale price.....	39c
Boys' Extra Heavy Hose in outsize, 75c value, sale price.....	50c
Boys' and Girls' Hose, large sizes, 39c value, sale price.....	19c

LADIES' CORSETS

Ladies' Pink Brocade Corsets, \$4 value, sale price.....	\$2.98
Children's Dresses in fancy plaids, all sizes, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c
Children's Dresses, 2 to 6, in good quality gingham, \$1.98 value, sale price.....	\$1.49
Children's Dresses in white hankery, slightly soiled, \$2 to \$3 value, sale price.....	98c
Children's Dresses in pink and blue, sizes 2 to 6, 98c value, sale price.....	43c
Misses' Heavy Dresses, consisting of blue serges, poplins and mixed goods, in all the wanted styles, from.....	\$2.98 and up
Children's Dresses from 6 to 14, in Anderson's Gingham, \$2.98 value, sale price.....	\$2.00
Children's Bloomers, sizes from 2 to 12, 40c value, sale price.....	29c
Children's Flannel Princess Slips, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c

CHILDREN'S WINTER UNDERWEAR

Children's Shirts and Drawers, jersey ribbed, all sizes, 75c value, sale price.....	49c
Children's Jersey Ribbed Union Suits, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c
Children's Flannel Nightgowns and pajamas, \$1.75 value, sale price.....	\$1.25

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S MILLINERY

One Lot of Children's Tams, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c
One Lot of Children's Tams, all colors, \$2.00 value, sale price.....	\$1.50
One Lot of Beaver Tams, \$2.75 value, sale price.....	\$1.98

PANTS

Men's Work Pants, \$2.50 value, for \$1.39	
Men's Heavy Work Pants, fancy stripes, \$3.50 value, for.....	\$2.49
Men's Heavy Mole Skin Pants, best Merri-mack mills make, \$5 value.....	\$2.69
Men's Fancy Worsted Pants, \$6 value, for.....	\$3.98
Men's Fine Blue Serge Pants, \$5.50 value, for.....	\$3.98
Men's Very Fine Blue Serge Pants, well made and good color, \$7.50 value, for.....	\$4.49
Men's Khaki Pants, \$2 value, for.....	\$1.49
Men's Khaki Pants, \$3.50, \$4 value, for.....	\$2.49

Boys' Khaki Knickerbockers, some are government khaki, very strong and durable, \$1.25 value, for..... 69c

One Lot of Boys' Knickerbocker Pants, in mixed goods, \$1.25 value..... 69c

MEN'S UNDERWEAR

Buy your Woolen Underwear now. Take advantage of the sale and get them at low prices.

Glastenbury Woolen Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, \$2.50 value, sale price.....	\$1.98
Glastenbury Australian Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, \$5 value, sale price.....	\$2.98
Blue Woolen Contoncook B. Shirts and Drawers, \$2.50 value, sale price.....	\$1.69
Contoncook Natural Wool Underwear, \$3.50 value, sale price.....	\$1.98
Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, 75c value, sale price.....	45c
Heavy Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, \$1.25 value, sale price.....	79c
Ribbed Light Weight Union Suits, \$1.25 value, sale price.....	79c
Men's Jersey Ribbed Heavy Weight Shirts and Drawers, Hanes make, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c
Men's Jersey Ribbed Heavy Union Suits, Hanes make, \$3 value, sale price.....	\$1.98

MEN'S HOSE

Men's Cotton Hose, in black and white, heavy weight for the fall, 25c value, 2 pairs 25c	
Men's Silk Hose, \$1 value, in all colors, 37c pair, or 3 pairs \$1	
Men's Lisle Hose, very fine quality, in all colors, 50c value, sale price.....	25c
Men's Cashmere Hose in gray only, 39c value, sale price.....	17c Per Pair
Men's Contoncook Hose, 50c value, sale price.....	27c Per Pair
Men's Bear Brand Hose, in black and tan only, very durable and good weight, sale price.....	25c Per Pair

WORK SHIRTS

One Lot of Men's Blue Chambray Work Shirts, \$1.00 value, sale price.....	79c
One Lot of Men's Amoskeag Blue Chambray Work Shirts, \$1.25 value, sale price.....	89c
One Lot of Blue Chambray O. K. Work Shirts, \$1.75 value, sale price.....	\$1.00
Black Satin King Kolo Work Shirts, \$1.75 value, sale price.....	\$1.15
One Lot of Jack Rabbit, Congress and Stag Brand Work Shirts, in black and blue chambray, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c
One Lot of Men's Flannellette Work Shirts with two pockets, \$2 value, sale price.....	\$1.25
One Lot of Military Khaki Shirts, \$5 value, sale price.....	\$2.98

OVERALLS

This is our stronghold.

Boys' Blue Denim Overalls, sizes from 8 to 15, \$1.25 value, sale price.....	69c
One Lot of Children's Slipover Overalls, sizes 3 to 8, \$1 value, sale price.....	47c
One Lot of Boys' Overalls, red trimmed, sizes 3 to 8, \$1.25 value, sale price.....	47c
Youths' Heavy Blue Denim Overalls, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	98c
Men's Blue Denim, Crown Brand Overalls, \$2 value, sale price.....	\$1.39
Men's Extra Heavy Brown Check Overalls, Crown Brand, \$2 value, sale price.....	\$1.39
One Lot of Extra Heavy Brown Check, Double Knee, Double Buckle, \$3 value, sale price.....	\$2.19
One Lot of Covert Overalls, \$1.75 value, sale price.....	\$1.39
One Lot of Milkmen's Pin Check Overalls, \$1.75 value, sale price.....	\$1.39
Crown System Men's Overalls, the heaviest, strongest and best make, none better, \$3.50 value, sale price.....	\$2.49
Men's Lee Unionalls from \$3.49 and Upwards	

DUTCHESS

One Lot of Boys' Guaranteed Knickerbocker Pants, \$2.50 value, for.....	\$1.49
Boys' Long Khaki Pants, \$1.98 and \$2.50 value, for.....	\$1.49

LADIES' CORSETS

Very Useful for Kitchen Work.

Ladies' Hip Corsets, all sizes, 98c value, sale price.....	59c
Ladies' Full Size Corsets, \$1.50 value, sale price.....	\$1.00

SWEATERS

We carry the largest and best assortment of Sweaters in the city; prices positively the lowest.

One Lot of Children's Worsted Sweaters with shawl collar, in navy, tan and cardinal, \$3 value, sale price.....	\$1.49
One Lot of Fancy Woolen Slippers for children, \$3.50 value, sale price.....	\$2.25
One Lot of Boys' Military Khaki Sweaters with long sleeves and military collar, or could be used as V-neck, positively \$6 value, sale price.....	\$2.98
One Lot of Boys' Slipover Sweaters with no sleeves, \$3 value, sale price.....	\$1.49
One Lot of Boys' All Wool Slippers, V-neck, \$8 and \$10 value, sale price.....	\$3.98 and \$5.49
One Lot of Ladies' and Men's Sweaters, \$2 value, sale price.....	\$1.25
One Lot of Ladies' All Wool Sweaters, \$12 value, sale price.....	\$7.50
One Lot of Men's Wool Mixed Sweaters, in heather color with shawl collar and V-neck, \$5 value, sale price.....	\$2.49
Children's Cotton School Sweaters, \$2 value, sale price.....	89c

APPEALS FOR TREATY

Wilson Says Issue Involved in Tour Was "Question of War or Peace"

BISMARCK, N. D., Sept. 11.—President Wilson told a Bismarck audience yesterday that the issue involved in his speechmaking tour for the treaty was "a question of war or peace."

"There was only one way in which peace could be maintained, he said, and that was by such a concert of nations as was proposed in the League of Nations."

Should the movement for world concert fail, the president said, the heart of mankind would be overwhelmed by a "despair" which would result in chaos.

"Men in despair do not construct governments," he said, "they destroy governments. If we stay out, or if we qualify our acceptance in any way, then the world will say there can be no peace."

If the world were in disorder, asked the president, who would buy the wheat of the United States?

All the processes of international economic rehabilitation, the president said, waited on a complete peace basis, because the world was waiting. The great coal fields of Europe were not being worked to capacity and the whole industry of the world was "chilled," he continued.

"While we debate," he went on, "all the world is raging today. Why does America hesitate?"

He declared there was no more danger of America staying out of the league eventually than of reversing all the other processes of her history. But it was the delay, he added, that was upsetting affairs everywhere.

Referring to proposals to separate the peace terms from the League covenant, he said the covenant had been put first in the treaty because without it the rest of the treaty would be worthless. That conclusion was reached unanimously at Paris, he asserted, because the peace conference realized that having set up a peace settlement there must be some way to enforce it.

Replying to objections to Article 10 of the covenant, he reiterated that the article had no binding force without the assent of the United States under the unanimous vote required for action.

"Unless it's our way," he continued, "we can't be dragged into a war without our consent. That's an open and shut proposition; it's the heart of the treaty. You have either got to take it or you have got to throw the world back into that old contest over land battles. There is no other way to quiet the world and if the world isn't quieted, then America sooner or later will be drawn into the maelstrom."

The president asked whether anyone thought the United States could stay out of the league without being "hailed" and intrigued against by the other nations. Should the American nation refuse to accept the treaty, he asserted, it would be in the position of repudiating its promises to those who fought the war and of saying it did not like what had been accomplished by its armed forces. The peoples of Europe, he said, were "in a revolutionary state of mind," and in danger of "substituting one kind of autocracy for another."

AMUSEMENT NOTES

Below is what the press agents of the different theatres say of the current attractions and of others to come:

OPERA HOUSE

Miss Helen Scott, the clever little ingenue of the popular Emerson Premier Players at the Opera House, is giving a most entertaining and amusing performance in a young wife who has become deluged with a flood of excessive indulgence in "honey-suckle dewdrops" and she does it without the slightest sign of vulgarity. Her work is unusually good, but not any better than Miss Priscilla Knowles' interpretation of the role of "Sybil," a young woman whose life falls into all kinds of trouble while trying to help out a couple of diverse specialists. Miss Fields and Mr. Mc-



"Isn't It Fine After Shaving?"

Do you shave yourself? The next time wash your face with a little of Palmer's SKIN SUCCESS Soap. Note the feeling of cooling, relief and supreme comfort. House and travel soap. Everybody must use it. Why not try the old reliable Palmer's SKIN SUCCESS Soap, which not only thoroughly cleanses the skin and the pores but acts as a gentle and thorough antiseptic? In these respects it is greatly superior to ordinary soaps. Try it just once!

Ask Your Dealer.

Palmer's "SKIN-SUCCESS" Soap

Almost as Necessary as YOUR FOOD

Dr. Grady's Tablets should be in every home as they are all sugar coated and sell for

10 Cents a Box
Everybody's Medicine

1000 PAIRS U. S. NAVY SHOES

On Sale Friday Morning

At \$7.50 Pair



These Shoes are made from the best selected leathers. Upper and Bottom Stocks are the very best.

Style blucher cut. Full vamps, seamless quarters, sole leather insoles and counters.

Calf Tops—GOODYEAR WELTS—Sizes 5 to 11

A GOOD LOOKING ALL AROUND SERVICEABLE SHOE—SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

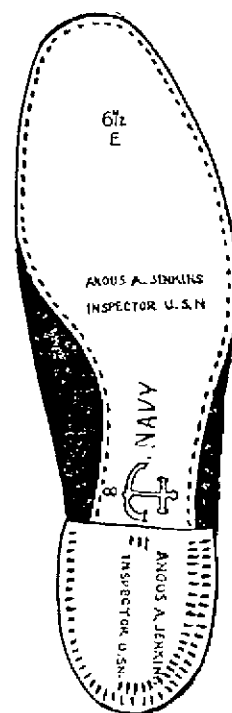
Men's Down Stairs Shoe Department

ESTABLISHED 1876
Chalifoux's
CORNER

THE STORE OF ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION

Every shoe bears the stamp of the U. S. Navy Inspector. These shoes are displayed in windows numbered 11 and 12. After you take a look at them you will buy a pair.

Plenty of sizes and plenty of shoes. 1000 pairs in the lot. Remember we close Saturday evening at 9 o'clock.



han, assisted by Miss Prebarn and Mr. Melville, are also commendable. The starring of the play is misanthropic. The second act, showing a double-decker section of "Honey-suckle Inn" is a piece of stagecraft that is richly deserving of the highest commendation. There's a big audience sale for the remaining performances. Order at once or you may suffer disappointment. Tel. 281.

B. F. KENT'S THEATRE
Ninth anniversary week—the present one—at the B. F. Kent Theatre, will go down in history as one of the most interesting the theatre has ever known. The bill is an exceedingly good one, being headed by Charles Grapewin and Anna Chance in Grapewin's own comedy, "Jed's Vacation." It is full of laughter from start to finish. The attraction of the war is specially noteworthy. For fun only is the turn of Val and Ernie Stanton, a pair of funsters who can make laughter out of almost any situation. The pair are surely an infectious couple. Jim, the Jazz King, is a cinnamon bear who dances, and Crestles, and Manager Pickett, hares up a prize of \$25 for the man who will floor Jim. It's some job, to be sure, but it can be done. Sylvester and Vance have a neat sentence and talking comedy, and other good acts on the bill are: Waish & Edwards, in singing and dancing; Black & White, acrobats; El Coma, xylophonists; the Kellys, Weekly; Bruce Steele and Topics of the Day.

THE STRAND
Bavard Veiller's wonder-play of suspense and mystery, "The 13th Chair," with tense moments, thrills galore in the most mysterious of all mystery plays, will be the big attraction on the bill at The Strand for the remainder of the week, beginning with matinee today. It's gripping! It's tense! It's wonderful! See it. Miss LaGrange, a clairvoyant, is called upon to solve the mystery of the killing of Stephen Lee. The people concerned in

Cadum Ointment
for Skin Troubles

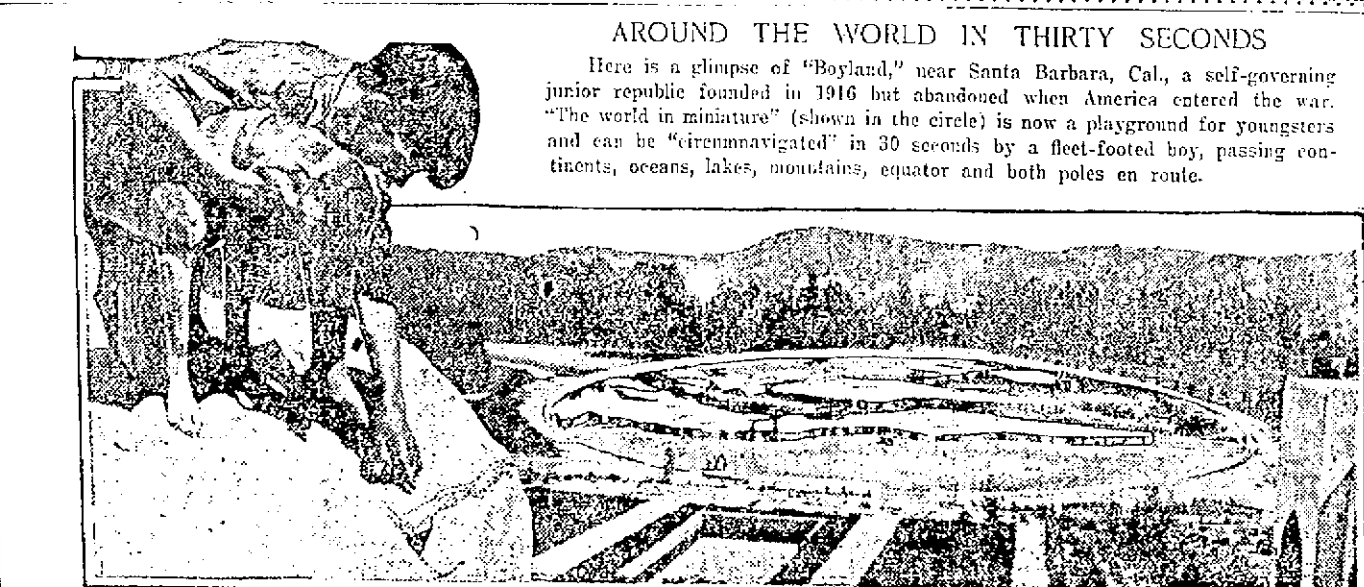
It stops the itching at once and is very soothing and healing wherever the skin is irritated or inflamed. Much suffering from skin troubles may be avoided by the timely use of this wonderful remedy. Cadum Ointment is good for eczema, pimples, moles, chafes, piles, rash, scabs, ringworm, sores, burns, etc. Cadum Ointment is a Trade Preparation made in America from the original formula.

the murder are invited to a dinner party and then told that madame will treat them to a séance. Thirteen people gather about the table in the dark. The man in the thirteenth chair asks her to call the spirit of Stephen Lee. Immediately after asking the spirit to name Lee's murderer, the questioner himself is stricken to death. Who killed Stephen Lee and who killed Edward Wales? There have been no witnesses to either crime, though people were present on both occasions. If you like a mystery story that really deserves the name, you'll revel in "The 13th Chair," which is splendidly enacted by a cast headed by Yvonne Delva and Crestleton Hale, and including Marie Shotwell, Marc MacLennan, Christine Mayo, Walter Law, Suzanne Cahert, and George Denenberg. Recognized critics said of this picture story: "Holds interest to the end. Ingenious absorbing and breath-snatching melodrama. Whenever seen it will be quite sure of getting all the thrills that he wants."

MANY VISIT FAMOUS SHRINE AT LOURDES
PARIS, Aug. 30. (By mail.)—A crippled French civilian was slowly making his way up the long approach to the famous shrine in the grotto at Lourdes. In pre-war days thousands of cripples visited the shrine and many walked away, leaving their crutches behind.

Just ahead of the French civilian was an American soldier, a sergeant of infantry. As he neared the shrine, he said to his companion: "Excuse me a minute, I'm going to pray." He entered a pew before the shrine, dropped to his knees and uttered his prayer in silence. Perhaps it was a prayer of thankfulness for deliverance, for he had been through the thickest of the fighting.

In a few moments he rejoined his companion. "Do you know," he said, "I have enjoyed my stay here more than at any place in France. There's a feeling of rest and repose here. I came all the way from the front at Lyons to spend my holidays, and it is the best time I've had in France." There is something about the atmosphere of Lourdes that begets contentment. The town rests in a religious atmosphere. Everywhere are stores that sell only religious goods. In statuesque and stately are seen the statues of the Virgin Mary, the Virgin of Lourdes, the present and the past.



AROUND THE WORLD IN THIRTY SECONDS
Here is a glimpse of "Boyland," near Santa Barbara, Cal., a self-governing junior republic founded in 1916 but abandoned when America entered the war. "The world in miniature" (shown in the circle) is now a playground for youngsters and can be "circumnavigated" in 30 seconds by a fleet-footed boy, passing continents, oceans, lakes, mountains, equator and both poles en route.

army and the Y.M.C.A. About 200 soldiers are conducted each day from the "Y" at Cauterets. Parties are also taken there from Pau, Bagnas, Luchon and sometimes from Toulouse.

The parties are formed into one group and turned over to a Catholic chaplain, Fr. A. J. Hamilton of Brazil, Indiana, who explains the wonderful basilica. He then conducts them on a pilgrimage up Calvary Hill, where at each of the stations of the cross he lectures on the significance of the figures. At the grotto the men often kneel at the shrine.

report made by Thomas Cassidy, chairman of the recently appointed committee to represent the club in the coming South end celebration. John Spillane presided.

SQUEEZED TO DEATH
When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL
The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1896. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed as represented. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

The Wholesome Sweetness of Grape-Nuts

is due to self-developed sugar from the long baking of wheat and barley. This natural sweetness never disturbs digestion as do some other forms of sweets. Give the children all they want. It's good for them.

THEATRICAL MANAGERS' ASSN.

The Lowell Theatrical Managers' association held a regular meeting late yesterday afternoon in the board of trade rooms and transacted a lot of routine business. A communication from A. S. Black, president of the Exhibitors' League of America, to Congressman Rogers, asking the latter's support of measures to repeal the theatre ticket war tax, was read and approved. The officers of the association were re-elected for another year as follows: President, Walter J. Nelson; vice president, Benjamin Pickett; secretary, John J. O'Rourke.

BUFFALO SOCIAL CLUB

The following officers for the ensuing term were elected at a recent meeting of the Buffalo Social club:

PRES. WILSON TO MEET SEATTLE LABOR MEN

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11.—President Wilson has agreed to meet a delegation of representatives of north-west organized labor here next Sunday for a conference which, it is declared by local labor men, will deal with the release of "political" prisoners.

Word that the president would meet the labor men was received today by L. W. Buck, secretary of the Washington Federation of Labor, in a telegram from the president's secretary. Mr. Buck is expected to act as spokesman for the labor men at the conference.

JUDGING TEAMS FOR EXPOSITION PICKED

There has been keen rivalry among the boys and girls who are in any of the various boys and girls' clubs which are under the direction of Prof. G. L. Farley, of the Massachusetts Agricultural college, to win a place on one of the judging teams that are going to the eastern states exposition. The teams have been chosen and will be composed of boys and girls who have won honors in judging or demonstration work in their local communities.

The following projects will be represented and the teams that will judge them will come the following counties: Garden Judging, Middlesex county; garden demonstration, not yet announced; corn judging, Hampshire county; corn demonstration, Hampshire county; potato judging, Nantucket; potato demonstration, Plymouth county; pig judging, Norfolk county; pig demonstration, Middlesex county; poultry judging, Essex county; poultry demonstration, Middlesex county; sewing judging, Worcester county; sewing demonstration, Hampden county; bread judging, Barnstable county; bread demonstration, Hampden county; stock judging, chosen from entire state; stock demonstration, Norfolk county; canning judging, Franklin county; canning demonstration, Middlesex county; sheep judging, Franklin county; sheep demonstration, Berkshire county.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

The following marriage intentions have been filed recently at the office of the city clerk:

Louis Bludeau, 237 Central, 41, operative; Marie Patrick, 237 Central, 59, operative.

Peter Poirier, New Bedford, 43, architect; Sarah A. Legere, 733 Moody, 35, Lawrence history.

Andrew Dabalis, 64 Dummer, 35, coffee house proprietor; Jofini Bouka, 64 Dummer, 24, mill operative.

Alvah H. Ayer, 259 School, 22, operative; Evelyn P. Smith, 12 McFarlin avenue, 19, operative.

Raymond R. Loughlin, Boston, 28, musician; Eudavilla B. Ryder, 19 Second, 15, at home.

Max Wolff, 122 Chelmsford, 21, junk dealer; Sarah Mariner, 36 Washington, 22, at home.

Leo G. Lemelin, 4 Joliette avenue, 21, U.S.N.R.F.; Jennie Waite, 225 Cheever, 19, waitress.

Elphège Phaneuf, 514 Moody, 25, printer; Luella Giroux, 151 White, 21, hostess.

Oscar Johnson, Gloucester, 47, master mariner; Hilma P. Holmstead, 125 Fifth avenue, 28, at home.

Joseph L. Sylvester, 185 Fletcher, 24, operative; Maria J. Belrose, 329 Moody, 25, operative.

Charles A. Sweeney, Farragut house, 21, salesman; Rachel D. Harris, Greenfield, 21, saleslady.

Frank Phillips, 3 Fernald, 43, machinist; Minnie McCrady, 3 Fernald, 37, dressmaker.

Japan is paying 35 cents a pound for Hawaiian sugar and buying it in large quantities.

Safe Home Treatment for Objectionable Hairs

(Boudoir Secrets)

The electric needle is not required for the removal of hair or fuzz, for with the use of plain delatone the most stubborn growth can be quickly banished. A paste is made with water and a little of the powder, then spread over the hairy surface. In about 2 minutes it is rubbed off and the skin washed. This simple treatment not only removes the hair, but leaves the skin free from blemish. Be sure you get genuine delatone.—Adv.



**FROM
FAR AWAY
DENVER**

From Denver, Colorado, comes an order for Coburn's Roach Death. Mrs. Dempsey now residing in Denver, says there isn't anything for the same purpose in that city to equal Coburn's Roach Death. She asks that we send a package of the effective exterminator at once. This is only one of the many interesting testimonials received from distant points.

ROACH DEATH is an odorless white powder. Sprinkle it where the pests are found and they will quickly disappear.

½-lb. 30¢ 1-lb. 50¢

Free City Motor Delivery

C. B. COBURN CO.

63 Market Street

New Fall Merchandise Arriving Daily

At your Big Corner Store. Every department is on the alert—our buyers keep in constant touch with the New York market and thus selecting your Autumn models at Chalifoux's is equivalent to having your Suit, Coat, Dress or Gown come direct from a smart Fifth Avenue shop. A few of the tempting values to be found in various departments throughout the store follow:



Smart Serge Dresses



For Early Fall

Navy blue serge dresses trimmed with silk braid and fancy bone buttons. Tailored models .. **\$18.50**

Jersey dresses, smart, becoming styles in pretty colors such as copen, blue, rich brown, navy and taupe, .. **\$18.50**

Silk dresses, black satin, blue taffeta, all popular and becoming models .. **\$25.00**

A Real Happening

An out of town lady, while visiting relatives in Lowell had occasion to come into our store to make a small purchase. While going through the store she found so much better merchandise than she expected to find that before she left our store she spent several hundred dollars and had her purchases shipped to her home which is a good distance from Lowell.

This lady took the trouble to tell Mr. Chalifoux of her experience and complimented him on having such a good line of merchandise.

This is only one of the many instances where people coming into our store find that we are much better equipped to handle their needs than they realized before entering our door.

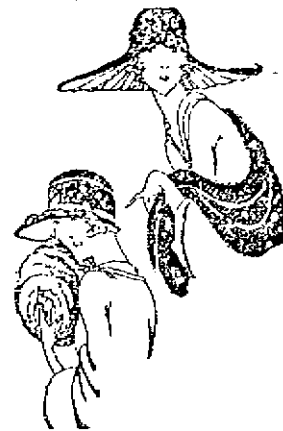
Picturesque Millinery Modes

At the beginning of the Fall season large hats are always good and these flaring, soft, straight brimmed styles are refreshingly original.

They are made of develyne and velvets and all are tastefully if simply embellished.

Since no hat is more dear to a woman's heart than the small, close fitting types, plenty of turbans and minute sailors are developed of the soft textured fabrics in vogue.

Many are draped and others are trimly tailored but almost every Autumn interpretation introduces brown or one of its allied shades.



Extra fine untrimmed Beaver Hats, colors are brown, tanpe, navy blue and black. Shapes rolled sailors, plain sailors and drooping brims .. **\$5.00**

Children's and Misses' Tams, in colored broadcloth. Colors are light blue, navy blue, brown and red .. **\$1.48**

Children's and Misses' Black Plush Tams .. **\$2.98**

Trimmed Hats, medium and small, and large shapes. Black and colors, trimmed with fancy feathers, ostrich feathers, flowers and ribbons .. **\$5.00**

Other Trimmed Hats .. **\$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.98, \$15 to \$25.00**

In all the newest and most popular styles.

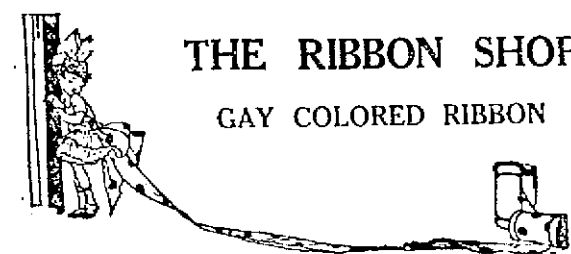
SNOW WHITE 'KERCHIEFS FROM THE HANDKERCHIEF SHOP

SHEER LAWN PURE LINEN
CREPE DE CHINE FINE SILK



WOMEN'S NOVELTY HANDKERCHIEFS, of colored crepe de chine. Lovely colors to select from .. **25¢**
WOMEN'S MADEIRA HANDKERCHIEFS, fine quality, exquisite material .. **3 for \$1.00**
MEN'S SILK HANDKERCHIEFS with embroidered initials, **35¢**
CHILDREN'S NOVELTY HANDKERCHIEFS, embroidered kiddies in corner .. **3 for 29¢**

THE RIBBON SHOP GAY COLORED RIBBON



HAIR BOW RIBBON, lovely colors to select from such as copen or navy blue, Nile green, old rose, turquoise, all shades of pink and coral .. **39¢, 49¢ and 59¢ Yard**
FANCY RIBBON, for making up bags, gold and silver embroidery .. **\$2.75 and \$2.98 Yard**
BAG FRAMES, old silver and bronze style .. **\$1.25**
NARROW CAMISOLE RIBBON, yard .. **25¢**

HERE'S SOMETHING FOR LITTLE GIRLS TO READ

GIRLS' SLIP-ON AND BUTTON DOWN FRONT SWEATERS, in all the wanted shades. Sizes 2 to 16 years. Prices start at **\$1.89** for the small sizes and go as high as .. **\$6.98**

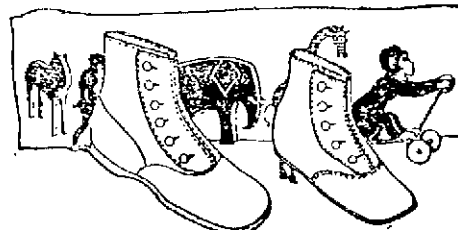
GIRLS' GINGHAM DRESSES, with and without bloomers. These dresses wash well and are practical and dainty .. **\$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98 and \$4.98**

APRONS

DRESS APRONS, of percale with elastic belt, square neck with trimmings of rick rack braid, also aprons with belt in medium and large sizes, checks, figured and striped percales .. **\$1.69**

RUBBER KITCHEN APRONS, with bib, in black and white checks, splendid to use for canning, preserving or laundry purposes, as they help to keep your dress clean and dry. Two sizes .. **79¢ and \$1.25**

THE LITTLE GREY SHOP'S OWN SHOE DEPARTMENT



CHILD SIZE CHAIRS FOR CHILDREN

INFANTS' FIRST STEP, WALK RIGHT SHOES, black and tan, patent vamp, neat top, button style, .. **\$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50**

FAT BABY SHOE, in black and tan, plain toe, button style, just the thing for the stubby little toddler .. **\$2.25 and \$2.50**

CHILDREN'S "WALKRIGHT" SHOES, sizes 4 to 8, in black, black patent vamp and white buck top, button style with washable kid top .. **\$3.50**

CHILDREN'S WALKRIGHT SHOES, sizes 4 to 8, in grey and brown top. Button style .. **\$3.00**

CHILDREN'S "WALKRIGHT" SHOES, in tan, unlaced, will stand a lot of rough wear, particularly good for school use, sizes 7-12 .. **\$4.00**

MISSSES' "WALKRIGHT" SHOES, in gun metal, sizes 11½ to 2 widths B, C, D, E .. **\$4.00**

MISSSES' SHOES, in patent button style, also lace patent styles with grey tops, sizes 1½ to 2 .. **\$4.50 and \$5.00**

MISSSES' WHITE BUCK LACE SHOES, sizes 1½ to 2 .. **\$5.00**

NEW STYLES IN FALL BLOUSES

Are Arriving Daily in the Blouse Shop



WOULD YOU LIKE A SHEER FRENCH VOILE BLOUSE, so sheer that the resemblance between that and georgette crepe is startling? This blouse in particular is trimmed with the daintiest of val lace, and tiny rucks. Crochet buttons are used. The price of this dainty little blouse .. **\$5.00**

GEORGETTE CREPE BLOUSE, fresh color, trimmed with flowing ribbons, navy in color. Notice the bell sleeves, so youthful and yet so elegant .. **\$5.00**

MANY PRETTY STYLES IN WHITE VOILE BLOUSES, some trimmed with val lace, others with embroidery .. **\$1.98 and \$2.98**

LOVELY NIGHT GOWNS AND DAINTY UNDERTHINGS

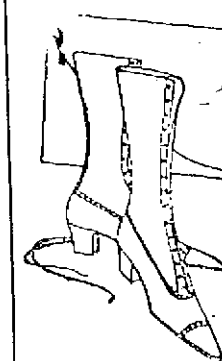
MUSLIN CREPE SATIN



GOWNS, of sheer nainsook, yoke of lace and shirring, and bows of ribbon, shirred shoulder and lace trimmed sleeve, in slip over style .. **\$2.50**
CAMISOLES, of wash satin, lace and insertion trimmed, shoulder straps of ribbon, in flesh and white .. **98¢**
ENVELOPE CHEMISE, several pretty styles, lace and medalion trimmed, also hand embroidered yokes .. **\$1.50**
SKIRTS, of nainsook, with embroidery trimmed flounce or filet. Lace and insertion. All finished with dust ruffle .. **\$1.98**

Smart Styles in Fall Footwear

Street Floor Shoe Shop for Women



Women's High Lace Boots with 9 inch tops, dark brown kid with buck tops, high Louis heels.

Women's Black Russian Calf Lace Boots, 9 inches high, made with welled soles and military and Louis Cuban heels.

Women's Dark Brown Russia Calf, 9 inch Lace Boots, with welled soles and high leather Louis heels.

Women's Black Glazed Kid, 9 inch Lace Boots, with welled soles and high leather Louis heel.

Women's Patent Colt, 9 inch Lace Boots, with pearl grey cloth tops, turn soles and high Louis heels. Prices from **\$7 to \$11**

YE STORE NEWS

Have you seen the new rubber aprons? Housekeepers will find them to be a splendid thing to wear especially while canning or preserving. Sold in the Housewares Department on the second floor.

Kiddies' Barber Shop—Second Floor.

Call Lowell 5000, the store of absolute satisfaction. Experienced salespeople will gladly give your order careful attention.

Charge customers are urged to bring their identification coins with them. By presenting this coin to the clerk, when purchasing, you will experience no delay as no further identification will be necessary.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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THE NEW CAR FARE

The people of Lowell perhaps should felicitate themselves upon the reduction in car fares so that 16 rides may be had for \$1.00, while single rides still cost ten cents. Most people are of the opinion that the company might have served its own interests better if it had scaled the rate of fare down to the old time nickel. The Lowell committee that appeared before the trustees, however, argued strongly for the five-cent rate but could not induce the board to make such a sweeping reduction. Time, however, may convince the trustees that a five-cent fare in such cities as Lowell will bring more revenue than the 8 1/2 cent fare. For some time past the company has been experimenting with different rates of fare between five and ten cents and we venture to say there has been no material increase in revenues as the result of the increased fare. The five-cent fare on a shortened route and without transfers in cities like Lowell would probably bring the company the increase of revenue for which it is clamoring.

JOHN MITCHELL

Sorrow for the death of John Mitchell, the courageous young labor leader, will not be confined to the ranks of labor or the organizations with which he was identified.

John Mitchell was loved and admired by the people throughout this country for his boldness in asserting the principles of justice and right as applied to labor problems. There was nothing of the Bolshevik spirit in John Mitchell. He was a firm believer in the principle that in this country we have a government of law, rather than of men. He believed in upholding the law and that if reforms are necessary, they can be secured through the proper channels. John Mitchell believed that it is not the proper course for labor to violate the law, even if it is unjust. His plan was to expose its injustice so clearly and forcibly that the law makers of the land would hasten to right the wrong. We need more men of the Mitchell stamp, especially at this time when the Bolshevik spirit is abroad and when disrespect for all laws seems to be more widespread than ever. The cause of labor and that of law and order lose a staunch friend and loyal supporter in the death of John Mitchell.

TREATY RESERVATIONS

It seems that the United States is not the only country asking for reservations in treaties adopted by the peace conference. The Rumanians refuse to sign the treaty submitted to them without changes and reservations. Their principal reasons are that under the provisions of the document presented to them their hands would be tied commercially and economically, so that they could not effectively carry out the work of reconstruction. They also complain that the guarantee provided for minorities in annexed territories would overthrow Rumanian sovereignty and lead to further trouble. Both these protests seem to be well founded and in every way reasonable. Rumania made many sacrifices during the war on the side of the allies and she should be accorded more consideration than the countries which stood with Germany all through the strife.

Greece and Serbia respectively enter protests in their own behalf against treaty provisions, so that the peace conference is likely to have considerable trouble in reconciling all the conflicting interests that are presented in the various claims of the small nations, however, are of slight importance compared to failure on the part of the United States to ratify the German treaty and the covenant of the League of Nations without amendments or reservations. One of the chief results of such a course by the United States would be to prolong the declaration of peace and thereby to promote the industrial and commercial unrest and uncertainty that are working so much injury not only to this nation but to various others at the present time.

CARDINAL MERCIER

Cardinal Mercier comes to the United States to thank the nation and its people for what they did to save Belgium when threatened by extermination by the might of Germany. Mercier is the only man

who successfully defied the might and ruthlessness of Prussian officialdom. He cared not for himself, but he continually proved his readiness to die if necessary in shielding his people and inspiring them with courage to resist the edicts of Germany to the utmost. His weapons were those which the apostles used against the tyrant rulers of their day—courage, zeal, faith and spiritual invincibility. To these he added an open appeal to the moral sense of the world which made even the German autocrats wince. The famous pastorals issued by Cardinal Mercier when his country and his people were being crushed by the conquering hosts of Germany will live in history as expressions of the most sublime patriotism. The king of Belgium had to flee, but Cardinal Mercier took up the reins of control and by voice and pen alone, he made the Von Bessings and their hirelings quake while through his bishops he inspired the Belgian people with courage to meet and rise triumphant over all their afflictions. In one of his pastorals Cardinal Mercier in the face of threats of death from the Germans, thus advised his people against allegiance to the foreign sway imposed upon them:

"I do not require of you to renounce any of your national desires. On the contrary, I hold it as part of my episcopal office to instruct you as to your duty in face of the power that has invaded our soil and now occupies the greater part of our country. The authority of that power is no lawful authority. Therefore, in soul or conscience you owe it neither respect nor attachment nor obedience."

The German authorities appealed to the Vatican but every act of the great cardinal was approved by the Holy See.

Cardinal Mercier meets a congenial spirit in the great Cardinal Gibbons whose guest he is at Baltimore; but he is revered throughout the land for his heroic fight against the effort of the Huns to blot out Belgium as the first step in their effort to conquer the civilized world.

BOSTON POLICE STRIKE

It is really astonishing to find mob violence breaking out in the city of Boston immediately after the police had gone on strike. This occurrence indicates that the Bolshevik spirit is not wanting even in cultured Boston. But why should the mob be criticised when that same spirit is shown by the police department?

At the present time the question is whether the state can uphold the supremacy of law. Governor Coolidge and his police commissioner bear a heavy responsibility in this strike. It devolves upon them and Mayor Peters to provide substitutes for officers and to see that the law is strictly upheld throughout the city and that life and property are duly protected against all kinds of marauders and mob violence.

The police of Boston made a grave mistake in declaring a strike. The labor organizations that have offered to strike in sympathy with them have also blundered.

As well might a military company go on strike as the officers engaged to enforce law and order in any community. As well might the crew of a ship claim the right to mutiny.

While the right to go on strike is denied the police department of Boston some official body should be provided to deal with a judicial way with the grievance of the men when subjected to settlement or adjudication. This is where the administration is failing. The men claim that they repeatedly appealed for amelioration of their grievances, but without result.

Who is responsible for the obstinate refusal to bring about the necessary reforms demanded by the police? Why were not their claims for higher wages and better working conditions met in a proper manner and in accordance with the trend of the times and the high cost of living? Commissioner Curtis of course can properly condemn the policemen for striking and the public opinion may equally condemn him for allowing the strike. The securing of these things requires of the men to be understood, a new era in our railroad history. We notice a disposition to blame the men for the strike. This is recognized by the commissioner and the city officials who are seeking solutions.

of Boston, each to blame the other for refusal to grant the men higher wages or to make some of the other changes which had been proposed.

The authority, it seems, rested with Commissioner Curtis and if he has been too obstinate he is in a measure responsible for the consequences. Now, however, that the strike has occurred, the whole question will be thoroughly ventilated and it is hoped that out of it all will come a new order of things that will absolutely prevent, and even penalize strikes by policemen or firemen, and provide a means of dealing with their grievances in an impartial and equitable manner.

RAILROAD PROBLEMS

(By the N. E. A.)

Our railroad history has been one of the world's wonder tales of industrial enterprise. It also contains chapters filled with shameful stories of colossal fraud and almost unbelievable corruption. In the building of the roads an empire of land and a nation's ransom in bonuses were largely misappropriated. The scandals that came with the grabbing of the continent with iron highways, when followed by the riot of rebates and discriminations which made and wrecked cities and industries, and founded the trust dynasty against which democracy is now revolting, provoked the uprisings of Grangerism and Populism and brought regulation through the state and Interstate Commerce Commission.

This ended laissez faire and extreme individualism. It also introduced the new era of manipulation, speculation and consolidation. Profits were sought in handling stocks and bonds rather than freight and passengers. The great valuable constructive work of this era was the combination of wastefully competing roads into great systems. Its evils formed the main material upon which the school of muckrakers worked. Few today would urge return to the so highly lauded competition. Fewer still would urge that we go back to the earlier and even more highly lauded individualism in management. Those things at least are behind us.

The war came at the close of the second era. It found the roads combined in great systems, but sunk beneath seas of watered capital, neglected and gutted physically and almost bankrupt financially. Once more private enterprise had done its best and its worst. It had now performed the two tremendous tasks of building and then consolidating the management of the roads.

But it had neglected or denied the existence of two more important social duties. The largest and least powerfully organized group of workers had been denied a living wage. The roads had become incapable of performing their primary function, that of transporting the nation's goods. The plant had been neglected until it broke almost flat when confronted with the war crisis.

These problems were pressing for solution when war came. As in so many other fields the war but precipitated an already overdue crisis. While the government operated the roads it raised wages and re-created the plant. It also guaranteed and paid dividends that were otherwise extremely doubtful. It is largely a different and far better plant whose disposition we are now considering, than the one that existed in 1916.

It is, therefore, not a simple thing to return the roads to their owners. Here, as everywhere, it is impossible to return to the status quo ante bellum. That status is gone forever.

Owners do not want the property they had. They want a guaranteed dividend yielding property. Judge Lowell, president of the Union Pacific railroad, recently told a committee of the Senate: "If the railroad owners today under existing conditions it is not too much to say that half of the road would go into bankruptcy and the dividend paying roads would have to reduce their dividends."

All plans propose changes in pre-war conditions. All would prevent the owners demand dividends on capital actually invested. The public demand will have living wages and a democratic voice in industry. Owners demand dividends on capital actually invested. The public demand will have living wages and a democratic voice in industry. Owners demand dividends on capital actually invested. The public demand will have living wages and a democratic voice in industry.

Of all the plans now before congress there is not one that does not in some way provide for the direct participation of labor and government along with the owners in the management of the railroads. The government in this case represents the public.

The real problem lies in the just apportionment of that participation.

SEEN AND HEARD

"Did you ever play in Hamlet?" inquired a theatrical manager of a recent acquisition to his company.

"Ever!" exclaimed the newcomer. "Why, I've played in every hamlet in the world."

A news despatch from Washington says the government has so much "oil of the realm" that it actually bulges out of the walls of the vaults containing it. The treasury has asked congress to appropriate \$1,500,000 to make the vaults secure and provide additional ones. The treasure is gold and silver accumulated during the war.

What a pity to spend a million and a half to take care of this coin. We know a half dozen fellows right here who would be glad to have that pleasure and it wouldn't cost the government one penny.

Try This

"I won \$5 yesterday."

"How?"

"I bet my dog would stay under water five minutes."

"And did he?"

"Yes, he's still there!"

Some Girl, Is Mary

Mrs. Caller—I suppose you find your daughter very much improved by her two years' stay at college?

Proud Mother—O, yes; Mary is a carnivorous reader now, and she frequently poverishes music. But she ain't a bit stuck up, she's unassuming to everybody, and she never keeps a caller waitin' for her to dress; she just runs in, nom de plume, and you know that makes one feel so comfortable!

Politeness Didn't Pay Here

Down on Water street, Augusta, Me., the other day, two men met at the corner of the street and they both stepped to the outer edge of the walk to avoid two ladies whom they met. Both men said in chorus: "Pardon me," then both sidestepped to the left. When they met again both sidestepped once more, this time to the right, and met again. Then they both stood still, and as one man turned to the right and extending his arms above his head as he flattened himself against the building, he said to the other man: "Say, when you get by whist, Kennebec Journal."

"De Ole Bird"

A colonel of a colored regiment coming in about 1.30 o'clock was challenged by the sentry and responded: "Col., officer of the camp."

The sentry tried his best to pierce the darkness, gave it up, and finally said: "Look, 'eah, man, yo all ah de fo'th man what's done tried to make me think he's Cuneel — Go away wid dat stuff."

The colonel pretty warmly reaffirmed that he was the colonel. The guard, unabashed, told him to step up so that he could see him. The colonel walked up to him in a rage, and you can imagine his consternation when the sentry took hold of the silver eagle on his shoulder, looked up at him with a grin on his face and said: "O, Lawdy! 'Tis de ole bird ain't it?"

The Bayonet

Lincoln House Wharf
O, have you been to Lincoln house?
Where many sailors go?
Down by the water side
The bowsprit of a ship sticks out
Over the wharf in row:
And some shins come from China
(It's a long, long way from China!)
Hockley and Valparaiso
And Cork and Calcutta!

Do you know Jim the Jamper's house?
Down by the water side?
The bowsprit of a ship one day
That came up with the tide—
A ship that came from China
(It's a long, long way from China!)
Mackinac and Honolulu
Over round and wide.

O, ship that came from China,
I wonder why you came.
Did you bring tea, I wonder,
Or spice, or rice, or yams?
Or did you come from China
(It's a long, long way from China!)
Only to make that big round hole
In our Jim's windowpane?
A. H. in London Spectator.

MAN ABOUT TOWN

The following bit of conversation relative to the shortage of sugar in this city was recently heard between a grocer and one of his customers, a housekeeper:

"May I have a pound of sugar today?"

"Impossible, madame, I have not had an ounce of the sweet stuff in my store for the past four days."

"Do you expect some pretty soon?"

"As soon as the wholesaler will come across."

"How is it that you can't get sugar and Mr. — across the way gets all he wants?"

"He's in right, I suppose."

"How long is this shortage going to last anyway?"

"I can't tell you, madame."

"This is really too bad, for I have a lot of fruit on hand I wanted to can, and unless I get sugar, it will all go to waste."

"I appreciate that, madame, but do you realize that you are not supposed to can anything this year, for you know this canning business was for the duration of the war only, and the war is now over."

At this point the grocer's remarks

Stops Pain

For CRAMPS, COLIC AND DYSENTERY

Does one-half teaspoonful in a half number of water, 10 to 15 minutes before meals. Safe for all ages. 25c, 50c, \$1.00.

Radway's Ready Relief

At your dealer's

were cut short by the woman, who said she realized that the packers had probably something to do with the shortage of the sweet stuff which occurs right in the midst of the canning season. She said she also realized (with an accent on the realized) that there was someone responsible for such conditions, and announced that the packers would not get the best of her for she immediately purchased a large quantity of cane syrup and said she would can anyway.

Much extra parcel post business resulting from the freight embargo caused by the strike of railroad mechanics three weeks ago, has been retained by the local postoffice, so Postmaster Meehan tells me. "While some of this business has dropped away with the resumption of regular freight schedules," said Mr. Meehan, "a good deal of it has come to the postoffice to stay. I cannot say just what the increase will be, but Lowell business men who did not know of the ability of the parcel post to handle heavy packages before are showing a tendency to have as much of their business as possible handled through the postoffice. It has been my experience that every time the parcel post business here is increased through some temporary disarrangement of the regular scheme of things, part of the business always remains, which possibly may account in some measure for the tremendous growth of our parcel post department in the last few years."

Following closely upon the footsteps of the reasonable berries and the house-to-house canning industry which in normal years assumes great proportions in the city, now comes peaches in cartloads. The price per basket is tumbling steadily downward, the fruit must not be too ripe when canned, it is flooding the market, yet there is practically no sugar to be had. It is not only unfortunate in the present, but will seriously cripple the usually plentiful harder during the winter months. In view of excessive prices, housewives planned on canning to the limit this season and thereby create a little leverage against high retail cost this winter. Some canning has been done, to be sure, but the huge peach crop will be criminally wasted unless sugar rolls in—not brown or powdered—but the real fine granulated kind, which, by the way, is the only brand which can be successfully used.

It may be a trifle premature, but, nevertheless, the thought has struck us regarding Christmas shopping. To what extent will Lowell people observe this feast day this year? Under present conditions, it seems that many Christmas extravaganzas and follies will be brushed one side to make room for real necessities. We imagine shoes, handkerchiefs (even more than usual) and all sorts of wearing apparel will form the nature of the gifts in a preponderance of instances. In fact, it must be so in a large measure. Folks simply have not the money to put into meaningless gifts—the sort which go out just because the recipient is sure to give "us" something. Perhaps it will be a family Christmas more than usual and households will find joy among themselves in the exchange of gifts useful rather than ornamental.

14 CHANGES UNDER THE LEAGUE OUTLINED

A feature of President Wilson's address at St. Paul not included in the press reports, but sent by a special New York writer with the president's party, is appended. It says: "The president reduced his recital of the facts regarding the League of Nations to tabloid formula, dealing entirely with essential features of the historic document. During the journey of the train through the bounteous wheat belt from the state of South Dakota he took his faithful typewriter in his lap, as it were, and produced a card index of it for the information of the people of the country, to whom he has declared he only owes any responsibility for his official acts."

He read the card index to an audience of 5000 in the armory in Minneapolis yesterday afternoon and repeated it to a gathering of 10,000 in the auditorium in St. Paul tonight. He asked both if they knew just what the covenant of the League of Nations provided, and when there came a mighty chorus of "No!" in each hall he proceeded to tell them that the League of Nations will make these changes in the conduct of world affairs by every nation:

Changes Outlined

1. It will make certain the destruction of automatic powers of international control.
2. It substitutes publicity, discussion and arbitration for war.
3. It provides for the boycotting of any and all offending powers that provoke war against an association power.
4. It proposes plans to place the world under an international oversight.
5. It abolishes private fights.
6. It compels the disarmament of all the great fighting nations of the present day.
7. It will insure the emancipation of all the oppressed people of the world.
8. It will prevent the annexation of territory anywhere.
9. It will care for the enslaved and

Try our combination box, large bottle of Liquid and can of Powder —

clean WHITE TEETH

Cleans teeth and mouth, banishes unpleasant odors, hardens the gums. Variety—liquid, powder and paste—suit every condition.

Sozodont

At your dealer's

Boys' New Things For Fall

BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS

—Sizes 8 years to 18—new models, \$8.00 to \$16.00

BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS

—with two pairs of trousers—the new belt model, \$10.50

LITTLE JUVENILE SUITS

—Russian blouse models and Middy—sizes 3 years to 8—most of these have separate white collars and cuffs, \$5.00 to \$11.00

KNICKERBOCKER TROUSERS

—separate trousers, sizes 8 years to 18—serges, dark mixtures and corduroys. \$1.00 to \$2.50

BOYS' SCHOOL CAPS..... 65c

BOYS' SHOES

Shoes that we know will give satisfactory wear—made from good, honest leathers in medium and broad toe lasts—our prices are much below the real values of these shoes today.

Boys' Gun Metal Calf—strong substantial shoes \$2.95
(Others up to \$5.00)

Boys' Genuine Scout Shoes—oil tanned brown leather, Elk-hide soles, Goodyear welt, from \$2.85

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET

helpless women and children of the world.

10. It will make invalid every secret treaty.

11. It provides that there shall be no private understandings of any kind between nations that any other nation is bound to respect.

12. It will provide protection for defenseless people.

13. It will extend the right standard of American labor everywhere in the world.

14. It will place under the control of the League of Nations every humane agency, like the Red Cross, the control of the opium and liquor habits, the making of arms and munitions and other protecting influences for the benefit of mankind.

TO RECEIVE BIDS FOR AUDITORIUM

Sealed bids for the erection and completion of Lowell's memorial auditorium on the site chosen in East Merrimack street will be received by the auditorium commission on Oct. 15 in the aldermanic chamber at city hall between 11 and 11.30 a. m., according to an announcement made by the commission today. The call for bids comes

GET YOUR

Fireplace Ready

These Cool Days Will Come Often Now

We have everything for the FIREPLACE

Andirons
Fenders
Grates
Wood Baskets
Shovels and
Tongs

Buy early while the assortment is good.

The THOMPSON HARDWARE Co.

254-6 MERRIMACK STREET

Tel. 158-157

less than four months after the commission was appointed.

The commission will hold a public session on the date mentioned and at 11.30 the bids will be opened and read. Each bid must be accompanied by a check for \$200. Plans and specifications will be ready for contractors Sept. 15 and can be consulted at the office of Harry Prescott Graves, 40 Middlesex st., or at the office of the auditorium architect, Blackall, Clapp & Whittemore, 20 Beacon street, Boston.

Those who wish copies of the plans and specifications for their own use may obtain the same from R. I. Makepeace, 337 Washington st., Boston, by paying the net cost of same. The commission asks that no bids be submitted before Oct. 15.

JUDGE JENNY NAMED TO BENCH OF SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

BOSTON, Sept. 10.—Governor Coolidge today announced the appointment of Charles Francis Jenny of this city, now a justice of the superior court, to the bench of the supreme judicial court. He will succeed Judge William C. Loring, whose resignation becomes effective September 16. Edward L. Shaw, of Easthampton, was named for Judge Jenny's place on the superior court bench.

Lancashire, Eng., has a man who goes from house to house and raps on windows with a bamboo pole to waken the mill girls for "tuppence" a week each. He's known as the "knocker-opp."

Helen E. Draper
TEACHER OF PIANO

Has Resumed Teaching

20 Ellsworth St. Tel. 4558-W

Veronica B. Rediker

Will Resume

TEACHING OF PIANO

MONDAY, SEPT. 15

At Her Studio

282 Appleton Street

ELLA M. REILLY

Organist of St. Michael's Church

Teacher of Piano

66 10th STREET

Tel. 1918-W

FRANCIS J. GORMAN

Teacher of Pianoforte

HAS RESUMED TEACHING

23 Prospect Street

TELEPHONE 5391-W

SCENES DURING SECOND NIGHT OF HUB STRIKE

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Crowds filled Boston's streets last night, the second day of the police strike. They surged through the business district with accompanying minor disorders and along the streets in So. Boston and in many instances it was only after frequent charges of cavalry men and the use of riot guns were they dispelled. Store windows were broken but the looting was small comparatively, as the troops and volunteer police were rushed immediately to the localities where crowds appeared threatening.

Troops Pour Into City

Eight companies of the Tenth Regiment, Massachusetts state guard, were posted about the city in the early evening and until 3 a. m. today company units of the 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th and 20th Infantry Regiments and the First Troop of Cavalry, First Ambulance Company and First Motor Corps continued to enter the city. The infantry regiments were armed with 45-caliber Springfield rifles and ball cartridges; the cavalrymen carried sabres and automatic pistols, while the motor corps was equipped with riot guns throwing buckshot. Brig. Gen. Samuel D. Parker commanded the troops, subordinate to Mayor Peters, and the mayor appointed Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole, formerly of the 25th Division, as his military adjutant.

The sight of well armed soldiers and cavalrymen on the streets gave most everyone a sense of security today and the expressions of approval among the thousands of commuters were general.

May Bring General Strike

The opinion was heard frequently that the situation would develop into a general strike as the result of the action of the state branch of the American Federation of Labor in ordering a sympathetic strike vote of the Boston unions tonight. Endorsements of the strike already have been given by the Boston Central Labor union, and it was believed that the locals would back the pledge of their delegates. Carmen, firemen, telephone workers and several other organizations already have offered their support.

Traffic conditions in the business sections were improved today with the assignment of volunteer traffic officers. A squad of 50 men, composed largely of automobile salesmen and chauffeurs, organized by the Boston Automobile Dealers' association, at the request of Superintendent of Police Crowley began its duties today.

Mayor Appeals to People

Public co-operation in the restoration of law and order was sought by Mayor Peters in a proclamation, in which he requested that everyone be patient under such small inconveniences as cannot be avoided, and that the public avoid unnecessary crowding and loitering in the streets. The mayor declared that he had ample forces at his disposal and was ready to meet any emergency that could be foreseen.

The volunteer police were men of diversified nationalities and occupations. Mingled with the prominent names of Cabot, Bullock, Frothingham, Russell and Wolcott, were such names as Federkiewicz, Vasilunas, Moriarty and Goldstein. Their occupations varied from laborer and tradesman to banker and college professor.

Machine Guns Mounted

Disturbances notable last night were in Scollay square, Bowdoin square, Adams square and South Boston. After frequent outbreaks at Scollay square and in South Boston, with the use of riot guns in the latter district, machine guns were mounted and had a quieting effect on the crowds, which persisted in congregating there. South Boston gave the authorities more trouble than any other section. Hoodlums and excitement seekers gathered early and remained until after 2 a. m.

Guardsmen Attacked

State guardsmen arriving first were

CUT THIS OUT

OLD ENGLISH REMEDY FOR CATARRH, CATARRH, DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES.

If you know of some one who is troubled with Catarrh, Deafness, head noises or ordinary catarrh cut out this formula and hand it to them and you may have the means of saving some poor sufferer perhaps from total deafness. In England scientists for a long time past have recognized that catarrh is a constitutional disease and necessarily requires constitutional treatment. Sprays, inhalants and nose douches are liable to irritate the delicate air passages and force the disease into the middle ear, which, frequently, means total deafness, or else the disease may be driven down the air passages towards the lungs which is equally as dangerous. The following formula which is used extensively in the damp English climate is a constitutional treatment and should prove especially efficacious to sufferers here who live under more favorable climate conditions.

Secure from your druggist 1 ounce of Permut (faucet stopper). Take the same and add to it 1 drop of hot water and a little granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day. This will often bring quick relief from distressing head noises. Closed nostrils should open, breathing become easy and hearing improve as the inflammation in the ear passages is reduced. Permut used in this way acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system and has a tonic action that helps to obtain the desired results. The preparation is easy to make, costs little and is pleasant to take. Every person who has catarrh or head noises or is hard of hearing should give this treatment a trial.

PAULOR PRIDE STOVE POLISH
YOUR STOVE WILL TAKE A SHINE
Unequaled. Non-inflammable. Easy on the hands. Standard for years. Price 15 cents. All Dealers.
PAULOR PRIDE MFG. CO.
North Andover, Mass.

sent to that district and were greeted immediately with showers of stones and other missiles. The first force of 350 soldiers were quickly supplemented by others with riot guns. Besides being kept busy clearing the sidewalks and street junctions, they were obliged frequently to rescue groups of volunteer police from serious situations.

Troops Fire Into Crowd

Scollay Square, one of the amusement centers of the city, formed the starting point of several big crowds. Thousands would gather only to be sent scurrying down side streets by troops, who used the broadside of their sabres freely. A squad of husky Harvard athletes, who were patrolling the square got badly battered and not until the troops had fired their pistols into the crowd, mortally wounding an unidentified man, did order become restored.

Lights Burn All Night

Petty destruction and looting by small roaming gangs were frequent in several districts. Hundreds of stores were well guarded or protected by barbed wire or boardings, and all street lights burned all night. Continuous rainfall during the night was believed to have acted as a damper on the spirits of the hoodlums, as the small groups of marauders disappeared.

Business and professional men with Harvard graduates and athletes patrolled beats in pairs and were aggressive factors in scattering the crowds. Frequently they were the targets for jeers and missiles. Many of them returned this morning to the police stations to which they had been assigned, bearing numerous evidences of rough handling, but apparently determined to continue.

Striking Policeman Shot

Richard D. Reemts, a striking policeman, was shot and dangerously wounded this morning. At the hospital he said that he had been shot by Police Sergeant John D. McDonald. According to the sergeant the shot was fired by Abraham Karp, a storekeeper in the South End, who explained that he thought someone was attempting to break into his shop and going out to investigate, saw Reemts rushing toward him and fired. Karp was arrested.

The authorities claim that Reemts was one of two former officers who held up two volunteer policemen last night and stripped them of their guns, clubs and badges. Arthur D. Shea, a

striking policeman, and the alleged companion of Reemts, was arrested, charged with robbery.

Brig. General Samuel D. Parker, who is acting as administrative head of the military and police forces that now constitute the city's police department, said that his force was completed for present purposes.

Guardsmen whose bayonets bristled in the streets today on patrolmen's beats, operated out of the police stations with the volunteers ununiformed and marked only by badges and clubs.

General Parker set under way an investigation of the shooting in the South Boston district, in which two persons were killed and many injured.

Lowell State Guardsmen in Boston

Cos. B, C and G first units of 11th Regt., to arrive in Boston, reaching South armory at 5:45 p. m. Wednesday. (South armory is on Irvington st.) Time of arrival just four hours after receipt of orders.

Capt. Albert Bergeron reported with Co. B, 32 men; Capt. Royal P. White with Co. G, 27 men; Lieut. Loring R. Kew with Co. C, 18 men, followed by Lieut. Brackley with 20 additional men. All Lowell companies about two-thirds full strength.

Orders received at 6:30 p. m. to immediately despatch 100 men to Station 10. In response 100 men, all from Lowell, the first on the scene, were sent to Station 10 in furniture trucks. Full equipment—overcoats, rifles, bayonets and full cartridge belts worn outside their overcoats.

At 6:50 Capt. Bergeron reported back by telephone to Col. Thomas F. Sullivan in command at armory that first 100 men had reported to captain of police station No. 10 for duty.

Co. B of Lowell assigned to station No. 9, Roxbury last night and went on patrol in Warren, Dudley streets and Blue Hill avenue.

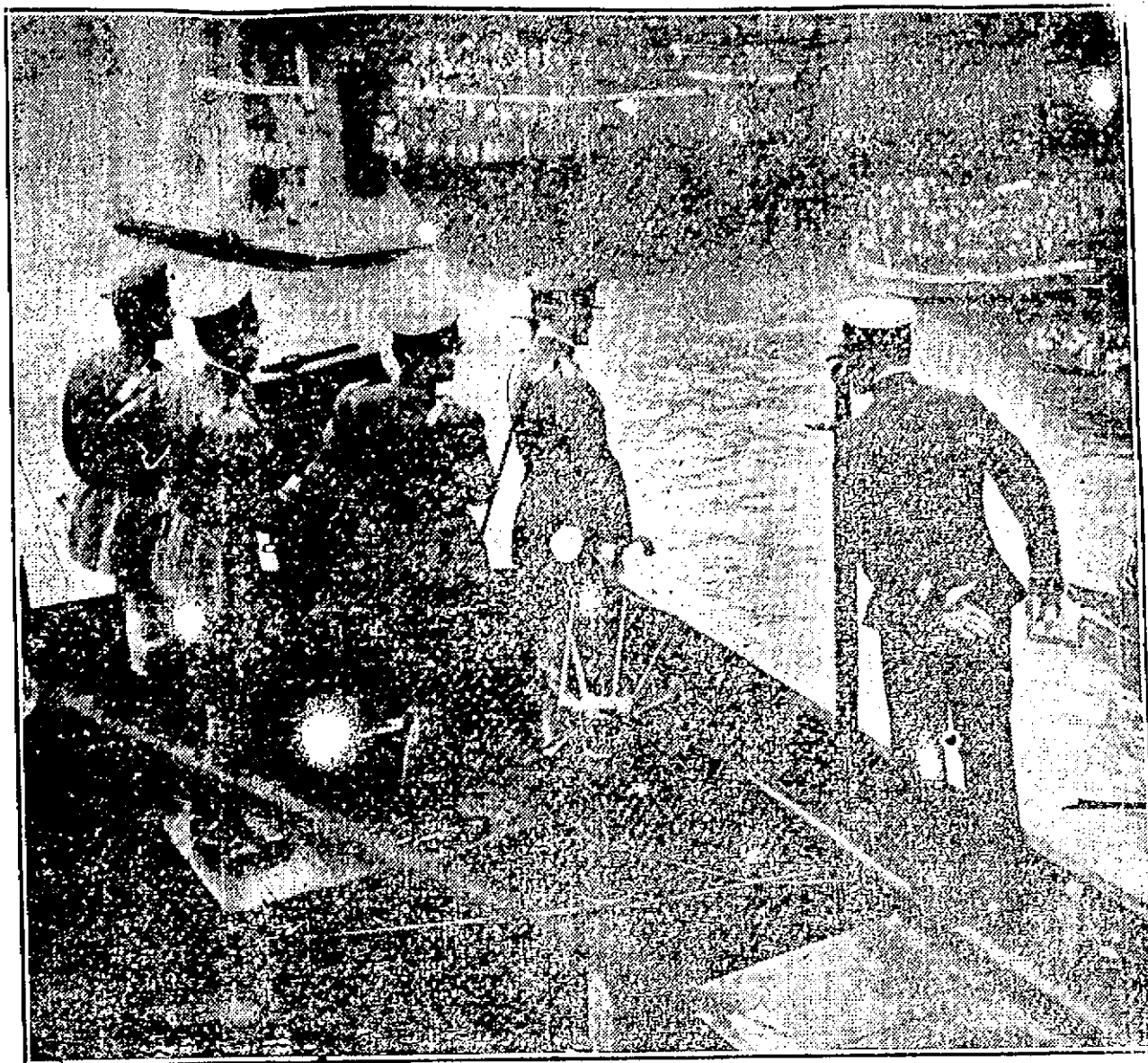
Members of Co. G of Lowell did patrol duty last night at Roxbury Crossing station.

Lowell members of state guard at Knights Templars convolve in Philadelphia received telegraph orders to report for duty in Boston immediately.

\$200,000 Loss

The property loss due to looting and rioting yesterday is estimated at \$200,000. Fifty-three Metropolitan park police refused to perform street duty in Boston and were suspended. Another development yesterday was Gov. Coolidge's notification to Mayor Peters that he will communicate with President Wilson relative to calling.

Continued to Page 15



PULLING INTO THE DOCK—GEN. PERSHING RETURNS THE GREETING OF THE CHEERING CROWDS

We Serve Our Customers **Open Friday Nights Till 9.30** Our Friday Night Specials Are Resumed.
Best by Being Take Advantage of the Savings

QUALITY CLOTHES For Fall

The coming Fall season is going to be a serious one in the Clothing trade. Really good all wool clothes are scarce and hard to get; the man who has a good suit left over is fortunate; it's worth nearly double last Fall price.

THE MERRIMACK

Sells good clothes; they cost a little more than some of the cheap cotton and shoddy suits so plentiful in most clothing stores today—but Merrimack clothes pay for themselves because they are good; they last longer, look better and retain their shape longer.

It's not too early to select your Fall suit now—especially when you can save 10 to 20 per cent. on today's market price.

If you've a Fall Suit to buy take no chances; select it this week at the Merrimack where you are sure of the quality.

MEN'S FALL CAPS

ARE HERE

The new greens and browns, Scotch mixtures, in homespun and chevrons,

\$2.00 and \$2.50

Mallory and Wilson Hats FOR FALL

SEPT. 15th

Is officially the day to discard the old Straw Hat. Don't be caught with a straw hat on after this date—and it's almost as bad to wear last season's soft hat.

A WEALTH OF NEW SHADES AND SHAPES ARE HERE

Style, distinction, superior quality, great variety and supreme values—these are the four big factors that have made the name Mallory or Wilson in a Hat stand for so much.

If you want real Hat comfort and satisfaction try either a

MALLORY at \$5.00 and \$6.00

OR A

WILSON at \$4.00

MEN'S NEW FALL SHIRTS

A wonderful display. Practically every desirable pattern is shown from the dressy wide stripe to the conservative hair-line effects, in fast patterns for every taste.

Bates Street Shirts \$3.00

Merrimack Shirts \$2.00 and \$2.50

Crepe de Chine Silk Shirts \$10 to \$12

NEW FALL NECKWEAR

Thousands of new patterns to select from. Silks are scarce. Select your fall supply now.

65c to \$2.00

SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

50 Dozen \$1.00 Quality Ties at

75c

FRIDAY NIGHT 4 HOUR CASH SPECIALS

FROM 5.30 TO 9.30 ONLY

MEN'S \$35 SUITS	\$29.75
MEN'S \$15 RAINCOATS	\$12.75
MEN'S \$5.00 PANTS	\$3.95
MEN'S ODD SOFT HATS (Worth \$4)	\$1.50
MEN'S \$2.50 CAPS	\$1.95
MEN'S \$2.50 SHIRTS	\$1.95
MEN'S \$1.00 NECKWEAR	.89c
MEN'S 50c PURE CASSIMERE STOCKINGS	.39c
MEN'S FALL WEIGHT \$2.00 UNION SUITS	\$1.65
MEN'S ODD UNION SUITS (44 to 46 sizes)	\$1.00
MEN'S \$1.00 BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR .59c, 2 for \$1.00	
MEN'S \$5.00 QUALITY SWEATERS	\$2.95
MEN'S \$1.00 QUALITY BLACK UNDERSHIRTS	.29c
MEN'S \$2.00 ODD WOOL DRAWERS	.89c
BOYS' \$18.00 SUITS	\$14.75
BOYS' \$2.50 KNICKERBOCKER PANTS	\$1.95
BOYS' \$6.00 SWEATERS	\$4.95
BOYS' \$2.50 LONG KHAKE PANTS	\$1.95
BOYS' \$1.25 CAPS	.95c
BOYS' \$1.45 OVERALLS	.95c
LADIES' ODD SUITS, Values to \$35	\$14.50
LADIES' ODD COATS, Values to \$20	\$5.00
LADIES' ODD WASH DRESSES, Values \$5.95	\$1.98
LADIES' ODD WOOL SKIRTS	\$1.98
LADIES' ODD WASH SKIRTS, Values \$3.95	.98c
LADIES' ODD WAISTS	.49c
LADIES' \$1.29 BUNGALOW APRONS	.98c
LADIES' SILK STOCKINGS .69c, 3 Pairs \$2.00	

OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT

Is Ready With the New Fall Suits

SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

BOYS' ALL WOOL SUITS with two pairs of full lined pants,

\$15.00

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS with two pairs of pants at

\$12.75

Merrimack Clothing Comp'y

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

OPEN FRIDAY NIGHTS

HURLS BACK WILSON —CHARGE OF QUITTERS

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Three republican senators began here yesterday their campaign in answer to President Wilson's speaking tour in behalf of the peace treaty and League of Nations.

Before the Hamilton club Senator Johnson of California said that "the inexorable facts make the issue with Mr. Wilson." At the very time the president was saying that because of the League of Nations the boys in khaki will not be ordered into foreign lands, "American boys were upon the Rhine, condemned to remain there for 15 years in the future, by virtue of his action, and 7000 American sons were being ordered by the Paris conference (the real League of Nations now) to embark from this country into Siberia to patrol coal mines and police that territory; American youths were being slain in Asia, at Vladivostok and in Siberia, in a war not declared by American people or the American congress, but directed in secrecy at Paris."

"The issue is, shall the republic still be the master of its destiny or shall that destiny be entrusted to foreign nations?"

"In an angry frenzy at St. Louis Mr. Wilson exclaimed: 'Let them show me how they will prove that, having come into an enterprise, they are not absolutely contemptible quitters if they do not see the game through.' To what 'game' does Mr. Wilson refer?"

"The American people are not quitters. They rose majestically and won a great war. When they had played their game and done their job, Mr. Wilson commenced his game at Paris and his game was for certain definite, plainly phrased principles."

"Who quit the game? We stood behind him when he demanded open covenants of peace, openly arrived at, and in their abandonment it was not the American people, who were contemptible quitters."

"And thus it was that the game was played in Paris and the game was the game of the sinister, cynical European and Asiatic diplomacy, in which the American people neither have a part nor want a part. This today is the game which Mr. Wilson plays and all who will not play with him he calls 'contemptible quitters.'"

Senators Borah and McCormick also spoke here yesterday.

PLAN PAGEANT AT NORMAL SCHOOL

Two directors of dramatics and recreation, Miss Alice Keith and Miss Higgins, arrived in Lowell last evening to assist Miss Catherine Croan, of the girls' division of the Community Service club in preparing the pageant to be given by the local girls next Tuesday evening.

As previously announced the pageant



A PURE AMERICAN MARRIAGE

COLORADO SPRINGS.—European nobility has no more ancient pile for a royal marriage than this Santa Clara Pueblo couple who were wedded with Indian ritual amid the ruins of their ancestral homes. It was the biggest Indian affair in the history of Colorado. Joseph Tafaia, the groom, had just returned from overseas. The bride was Petra Sausa.

will be given on the grounds of the Normal School in Broadway if the weather is favorable, but if it should rain on that evening, the club officers have not decided whether the event will be held indoors or postponed.

TEXTILE COUNCIL TO BACK STRIKERS

At a meeting of the Lowell Textile Council held last evening it was voted to back up the stationary firemen who are on strike in this city.

The stationary firemen went out on strike eight weeks ago after being refused a minimum wage of \$5 a day and an eight-hour day. A couple of weeks ago they offered to return to work if the manufacturers were willing to ar-

bicrate and on the refusal of the latter to do so they again voted to remain on strike and the matter was taken up by the international president of the Firemen's union and International President John Golden, of the United Textile Workers of America, and during the past week special meetings of textile unions were held and a vote was taken as to whether or not the Lowell Textile Council should back up the strike.

The various delegates reported at a meeting of the council last evening and at the close of the meeting the following statement was given out: "It was the unanimous vote of the Lowell Textile Council after all of the delegates of the different locals had reported to said Textile Council that they had unanimously voted at a spe-

cial meeting to back up the firemen's strike to the full extent in order to win their strike."

"WALTER G. ROACH, President Textile Council; "FREDERICK J. SHIELDS, Recording Secretary."

One of the officials of the council stated last night that the council will not send a demand to the manufacturers, for he said it is up to the firemen to do that.

HEARING ON REVIEW

City Solicitor William D. Regan was notified today that the hearing on review in the case of the widow of Henry Parus vs. the City of Lowell, in which a verdict for the city has been given previously, will be held on Sept. 25 at the state house. It was originally scheduled for yesterday.

British ministry of munitions has realized nearly \$700,000,000 from the sale of war material from tin tanks to tanks.

Gray Hair Tells Tales—Tint it!

TRIAL PACKAGE SENT FREE
Gray hair is a little tale. Don't endure it until you are really old. If at forty you still feel young, then take the trouble to look young. For to look and feel young is to be young. It is just as easy to keep your hair young and beautiful as to retain your youthful interest in life and people. Tint the gray, faded, streaked strands with "Brownatone," as thousands of women have done.

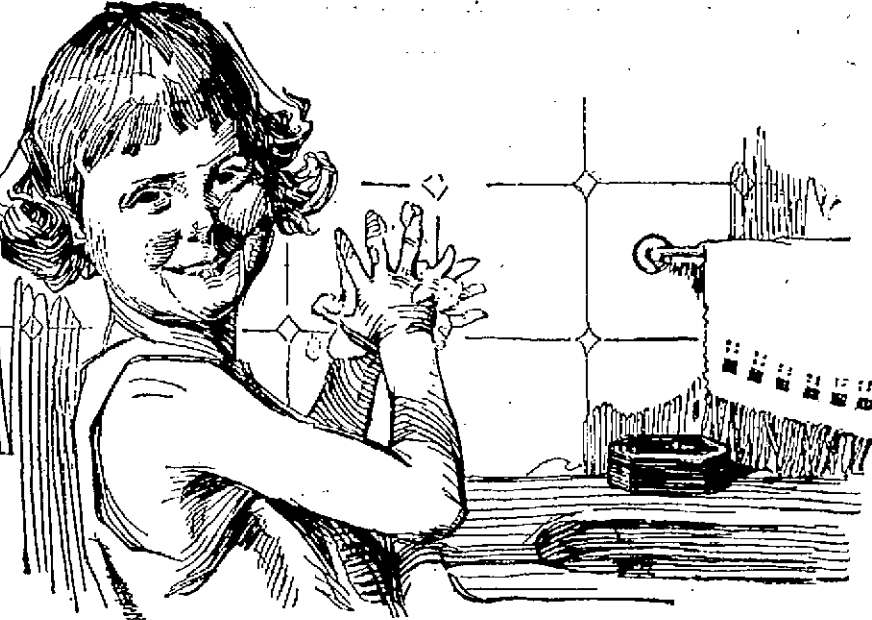


"Brownatone is My Best Friend."
This wonderful preparation does not rub or wash off. If you want a beautiful surprise, tint, wash or comb a little "Brownatone" through your gray, streaked, or bleached hair, and see it change like magic to golden, soft or deep rich brown, or black—any shade desired—the exact color to set off your complexion.

Absolutely Hairless
"Brownatone" is odorless, greaseless, and positively non-damaging. Guaranteed to contain no lead, sulphur, silver, mercury, zinc, salicylic or other products. Used for centuries as well as growing hair. Tinted "Brownatone" is made to golden, soft or deep rich brown, or black—any shade desired—the exact color to set off your complexion.

Special Free Trial Offer.
Send only 10c with this coupon for Free trial package and trial booklet on the care of the hair.

Mail This Coupon Now
The Kenton Chemical Co.,
162 Cotton Bldg., Chicago, Ky.
Enclosed find 10 cents to cover postage, packing and war tax for Trial Package of Brownatone.
.....Light to Medium Brown or Dark Brown to Black.
Mark with X shade wanted and mail with your full name and address.



She likes to wash with Lifebuoy! It smells so good. It makes such a big, bubbly lather

Children need a soap that more than cleanses

THE little ones get so dirty, they must wash and be washed so often, that they especially need a soap that is beneficial to the skin—not only one that cleans away the dirt.

When they wash with Lifebuoy, it cleanses, and more than cleanses. Its big, bubbling lather carries into every pore the antiseptic recognized as the greatest aid in keeping the skin healthy. It leaves the skin antiseptically clean, and protected.

The skin is covered with the tiny openings of the fat and perspiration glands. They throw off waste matter and perspiration continually. They are constantly exposed to impurities, to dust and dirt.

Unless removed, this cast-off matter

clogs the pores, stops perspiration, and irritates the skin.

Give the children Lifebuoy. See how it keeps their skin free from little irritations, keeps it glowing with health.

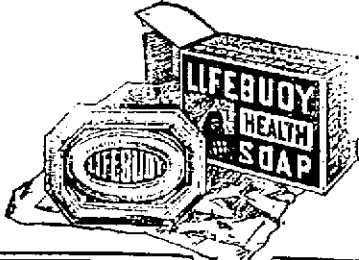
The odor tells why

The "health" odor in Lifebuoy is found in no other soap. It is not a perfume—not the odor of a medicine—but a pure, hygienic odor that tells you instantly why Lifebuoy purifies and protects—why it improves your skin.

Get Lifebuoy at any grocery, drug or department store. Use it always for the children's faces, hands, and baths. Lever Bros. Co., Cambridge, Mass.

LIFEBUOY HEALTH SOAP

—for face, hands and bath



Copyright 1919 by Lever Bros. Co.

We Offer 12½c

We offer 12½ cents each this week, in aluminum mold values, for the end labels on Jiffy-Jell packages which mention any of the following flavors:

Loganberry—Pineapple—Lime—Mint

Four such end labels this week bring you free any 50-cent Pint Mold—or the Set of Six Individuals. SEE OFFERS BELOW

New Fruit Desserts And Timely Salads at a Trifling Cost

Loganberry
This week we ask you to try Jiffy-Jell in two of our favorite flavors. Try Loganberry, our finest berry flavor—and Pineapple. We use half a pineapple to make the flavor for one Jiffy-Jell dessert.

Tart, Zestful Salads
Then we suggest the Lime-fruit flavor, tart and green. And the Mint flavor, rich in fresh-mint essence.

These are for salad jells and garnish jells. Mix in fruits or vegetables—whatever you wish for the salad—and make a salad loaf. Serve with dressing or without.

Jiffy-Jell
With Fruit Essences in Glass
10 Flavors in Glass Vials
A Bottle in Each Package
Loganberry, Pineapple, Mint, Lime, Strawberry, Raspberry, Cherry, Orange, Lemon, Also Coffee Flavor

50c Mold Offers
Send us the end flaps from four Jiffy-Jell packages—the flaps which name the flavor. Send those which mention Loganberry, Pineapple, Lime or Mint. Send the coupon with them and we will send you any aluminum mold you choose from this list. Check the coupon to show which mold you want.

-STYLE—B—Pint Dessert Mold, heart shaped.
-STYLE—C—Pint Dessert Mold, fluted.
-STYLE—D—Pint Salad Mold.
-STYLE—E—Pint Fruit Salad Mold.
-STYLE—H—Pint Dessert Mold, star-shaped.
-SET OF SIX—Individual Dessert Molds in assorted styles.

MAIL THIS
Jiffy-Jell, Waukesha, Wis.
I enclose four end labels as per your offer. Send me the mold I check at left.
Name
Address

"AND I HEARD A GREAT CRASH—"
San Francisco's pretty girls are learning a brand-new talent, now that the whole west is going crazy over the newly arrived "gobs." This is the talent for listening, which cynics have said is a lost art among American women. The fannies of Uncle Sam's new Pacific fleet are full of yams so thrilling that the girls just crowd around to hear. A camera-man dropped in at one of the service-centers and found this pretty group adoring the "gob" in the lower left-hand corner, who was telling about a scrap between his ship and a German submarine, while on convoy duty. All the photographer had to say was, "Now, hold still!"

UNION MARKET

173-175-177 MIDDLESEX
FOOT OF SOUTH ST
Stop! Look! Read!
Friday Comes Only Once a Week and It's FRESH FISH We Like to Eat.
So Before You Buy, Drop in and See Dive and Out of Your Dollar, 40c You'll Save.

LARGE SHORE HADDOCK, lb.....	5c	STEAK COD, lb.....	18c
EASTERN HALIBUT, lb.....	30c	BUTTERFISH, lb.....	22c
SWORDFISH, lb.....	35c	STRICTLY FRESH MACKEREL, lb.....	15c
COD CHUCKS, lb.....	20c	SLICED HADDOCK, 2 lbs.....	25c
CLAMS, quart.....	20c	MARKET COD, lb.....	8c
WHITEFISH, lb.....	15c	OYSTERS, Fresh Open, quart.....	38c

FREE TODAY FROM 4 TO 9 P. M.
With Every Purchase of Over 40c at This Counter, One Box Sardines.
3 lbs. for 10c—ONIONS—3 lbs. for 10c

STRONG PLEA FOR IRISH

Lord Morris Favors Dominion Home Rule as Proposed by Lord Northcliffe

In an interview on the Irish question published in the Boston Herald, Lord Morris, former premier of Newfoundland makes a strong plea for Dominion Home rule for Ireland. He says:

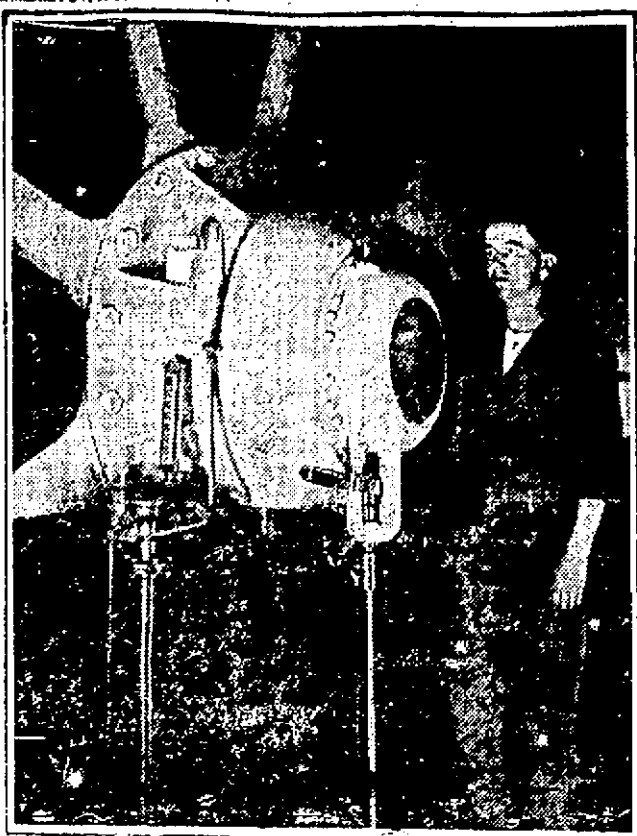
In view of the position which the Irish question has now reached, it seems to me that no one interested in the future of the British empire should hesitate to assist in the creation of some form of Irish government which will permanently allay the unfortunate condition which now exists in that country. There can be no doubt about it: we have reached the portals of a change. Present conditions cannot continue.

Home rule for Ireland has ceased to be a domestic question. It is an obstacle which we meet everywhere. We met it the other day at the peace conference. Millions of friends of the British empire in the United States are threatened they will meet it at the coming presidential election. Millions of true Britons in all the dominions and in all our dependencies want to see this thorn removed from their sides; that is why they have run up their flag for Lord Northcliffe for supporting a measure analogous to Dominion home rule as the cure for this constitutional evil.

I want to make it quite clear that I am, and always have been, a home ruler, but I have never favored any form of home rule that would in any way endanger the empire. It is because I put the empire first that I favor home rule. In common with every other Irishman in the empire, though not here in Ireland, I sympathize with the position which Ireland was driven in the great war through which we have just passed. Nothing could have been more splendid than the part played by the Irish at the start. None of us can forget the undertaking of John Redmond when he rose after Mr. Asquith's speech in the house of commons on that fateful August day and promised the support of Ireland. And Irishmen all over the world hoped that that pledge would be redeemed—and it was redeemed in the first days of the war.

The Victoria Cross proudly worn on the breasts of Irish soldiers shows that this is no boast, and the subsequent failure of Ireland to take her place, as she has always taken it, on the battlefields of the empire was due to that fatal policy pursued at the war office which made recruiting impossible in Ireland—a policy in which everything humanly possible was done to make recruiting more difficult.

I mention this fact merely as an illustration of the way in which matters relating to Ireland have been muddled. Now, however, a chance is afforded to British statesmen to solve the Irish difficulty. Nothing would be gained



FEELING THE FLAGSHIP'S PULSE

The size of the gigantic motors that drive the electrically propelled New Mexico, flagship of the new Pacific Fleet, may be gauged by this comparison with an electrician standing alongside one of them.

by a historical rebash of what has led to the present trouble. Irish grievances are as old as the union, which, in its inception and carrying out, was a fraud. Right here we find the explanation of the difference between the Union of Ireland and the Union of Scotland; the two cases are not analogous, and every effort since to justify the existing Irish government as a substitute for what was taken away has been a dismal failure.

The times scheme, as an honest attempt, meets with my entire approval. If I thought it could be accomplished, I should be prepared to go further and grant more extensive powers. But I believe in the principle that half a loaf is better than no bread, and I am quite satisfied that, if what the Times now proposes is accepted in good faith, those who grant the measure will live to see their hopes realized. The Times scheme is a recognition of the separate interests of Ulster and the rest of Ireland. There are those who do not admit or recognize that these separate interests exist, but in giving Ireland a suitable government we have to regard the scheme as a reasonable basis for a future union. What does it do?

The proposed scheme merely gives to Ireland a measure founded on the principles of colonial government—a government for all Ireland. Newfoundland has had it for nearly 100 years, the neighboring Dominion of Canada for a much longer period, as well as the other great dominions. The scheme is stated in terms that the dominions will understand, and, once adopted, there is no reason for supposing that Ireland will not unite under it. Ireland would then be in all essentials in the same position, and it would possess the safeguards similar to those of the Canadian constitution, and the only difference would be that Ireland would be a little nearer, and not only geographically nearer, but also closer from an imperial standpoint.

The Irish, if anything, are a sentimental people, and quickly respond

and quickly forget. But they cannot forget that they have suffered for wrongs, and for which there is no apparent repentance. Never in the history of the whole Irish question was there a better opportunity for real statesmanship on the part of public men. Heavy responsibility must rest with them if they fail. Of course, there are people and leaders who will oppose this, and, indeed, oppose any settlement. It is not in their interest that a settlement should be effected. They are of the class who love revolution, and who thrive on the troubles of others.

I have great faith in the high sense of justice of the English people and of the English parliament. It was that parliament which gave Catholic emancipation and the disestablishment of the Irish church, and from a high sense of justice voted for two home rule bills for Ireland. It will not now be balked in the consideration of a settlement coming from a source which at least cannot be said to have any prejudices in favor of Ireland. There have been prejudices which, unfortunately, in the past thwarted the efforts of those fighting for home rule.

This is not a Catholic or a Protestant question, as some try to make out. Many of those who have fought for Ireland and for home rule for Ireland have been prominent Protestants. Isaac Butt, the founder of home rule, Parnell, Gladstone, who may be regarded as the pope of Anglicanism, Asquith, Lloyd George, and others who labored in that cause were all Protestants.

The parallel for this proposed form of government for Ireland is found in the constitution of Canada, as well as the federal constitution of the United States, and if safeguards be needed we can have three safeguards from our own dominions, as well as from the United States of America. This form of government granted to these dominions by the British government, has survived the test of years without

FILLER'S SPECIALTY SHOP

With a New and Complete Line of Fashion's Loveliest Creations
Ladies' Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts and Waists

MODERATELY PRICED

A Personal Invitation Is Cordially Extended to You to Visit This New Store, Especially on the Opening Days and View the Latest Surpassing Models of Creative Art.

Filler's Specialty Shop

325 MIDDLESEX STREET

BURGESS-LANG BUILDING

amendment, and their unity and loyalty to the empire today is largely due to the great measure of independence allowed them.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR EX-MAYOR QUINCY

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Representatives of the state and city governments, several former mayors of Boston and many of its former officials, as well as those now in office, gathered yesterday afternoon at the Church of the Advent at the funeral services for ex-Mayor Josiah Quincy. Rev. John Higginson, pastor officiated and the full vested choir was in attendance. The body was taken to Forest Hills.

The ushers, headed by William A. Gaston, included Robert Winsor, John T. Burnett, ex-Mayor Nathan Matthews and Albert Thordike. Gov. Coolidge was unable to attend because of the critical strike situation and was represented by Lieut. Gov. Channing Cox, Mayor Peters was present with a majority of the city council, the members of the transit commission, City Auditor J. Alfred Mitchell, Sheriff John A. Kellner, City Clerk James Donovan, City Messenger Edward J. Leary, Judge Joseph H. Corbett, Joseph H. O'Neill, Harry P. Nawn, William J. Carlin, ex-City Clerk J. Mitchell Galtin and Dr. John W. Coughlin of Fall River.

Ex-Mayors Hart, Fitzgerald and Curley also attended, as well as officials who served under the administration of the late ex-mayor. Among these were ex-City Collector Nathaniel H. Taylor, who received his appointment from Mayor Quincy; Thomas A. Mullen, his private secretary while he was mayor, and Henry H. Carter, who was superintendent of streets. Others included ex-Representative William F. Garcelon, Charles B. Washburn and Charles F. Reed, secretary of the Bostonian society.

CREW HELD FOR MURDER OF CAPTAIN

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 11.—The seven negro members of the crew of the schooner William H. Sumner, which ran aground off Topsail Inlet Sunday night, while en route from Porto Rico to New York, will be served with warrants charging murder of the vessel's captain, Robert E. Coltrane, of Bangor, Me.

After the negro mate, Charles Lacey, announced that the young skipper committed suicide because of despondency over the disaster to the vessel on his initial trip as commander, federal and county authorities started an investigation. Peculiar circumstances surrounding the affair aroused suspicion and the authorities say they believe they have sufficient circumstantial evidence to hold the crew on charges of murder.

The stranded vessel is a wreck. It is believed part of the cargo of phosphate rock and furniture wood can be salvaged.

Red Cross Worker Sick Two Years

TELLS HOW SHE GOT WELL.
Miss G. I. Baird of 54 Glenville Ave., Allston, Mass., writes: "I have been sick almost two years, had four doctors with little or no relief. I was growing thinner every day, went from 125 to 111. I was so discouraged I didn't know what to do. One night about three weeks ago I picked up a paper and saw Dr. Tru's Elixir. Family Laxative and Worm Expeller advertised. I made up my mind I had worms, and the next day bought a small bottle of Dr. Tru's Elixir. I was surprised at the result. Stomach worms, some a finger long, so much slime, that looked as though it was just the skin of worms. The day before I took Dr. Tru's Elixir, I thought I should go wild with the crawling in my stomach. I feel like a new person, all my friends say I look so much better. I wouldn't have believed anyone could feel so much better in such a short time. I can't give your medicine praise enough."

Signs of worms: Offensive breath, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, enlarged stomach, occasional cramps and pains about the navel, pale face, of leaden tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, itching of the nose, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, polypus on the tongue, starting during sleep, fever, Dr. Tru's Elixir. The Family Laxative and Worm Expeller, is sold by ALL DRUGGISTS—ADV.

CONFER WITH EX-KAISER

German Steamer Line Head at Amerongen—Discusses Purchase of Ships

AMERONGEN, Wednesday, Sept. 10.—Philip Heintken, director of the North German Lloyd Steamship Co., and Baron von Thiel-Winckler motored from The Hague to Amerongen yesterday and had a few hours' conference with former Emperor William of Germany. In The Hague, where he is negotiating for the purchase of ships with brokers of several nationalities, Herr Heintken declined to discuss the object of his visit to Amerongen.

He asserted, however, that the former emperor now holds no stock in the Hamburg-American line or the North German Lloyd Co. He said he believed that the United States, which had ships without being able to run all of them, would make some shipping combination with Germany, though Germany had no expectation that any of the seized German liners would be returned. He added that he already

had been offered some ships in the United States, England and France, but that the prices were too high, owing to the exchange rate.

TREATY WITH BULGARIA

Will Be Presented to Bulgarian Peace Mission on Saturday

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The supreme council has decided to present the peace treaty with Bulgaria to the Bulgarian peace mission on next Saturday.

The council today decided on the terms of the note to be sent to Germany concerning the suppression of Article 61 of the German constitution, relating to Austrian representation in the German parliament. The note will be communicated to the German peace delegation at Versailles this evening.

To Settle Dispute

PARIS, Sept. 11.—A plan for the settlement of the question of the Teschen mining district in dispute between Poland and Czechoslovakia, was adopted

by the supreme council today. It was agreed that a plebiscite be taken as jointly proposed by the Polish and Czechoslovak delegates.

ONLY LEGISLATURE CAN PROCLAIM MARTIAL LAW

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Various reports were current yesterday that martial law had been proclaimed in Boston. This was a mistake. In Massachusetts only the legislature may proclaim martial law.

According to Adj. Gen. Jesse F. Stevens, there is no such thing as martial law in Massachusetts unless it is especially proclaimed by the legislature. In the present instance such troops as may be called to service in Boston are to be placed there at the request of Mayor Peters, sanctioned by the authority of the governor. All commanding officers will be under the orders of the mayor, who may request them to keep clear of that territory, and they will proceed to do so, but the mayor may not tell the officers how to proceed to fulfill his order.

If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything, see Sun want ad.

Cured His Rupture

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope of cure was an operation. Trusses did me no good. Finally I got hold of something that quickly and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, although I am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no operation, no lost time, no trouble. I have nothing to sell, but will give full information about how you may find a complete cure without operation, if you write to me, Eugene M. Pullen, carpenter, 1235 Starcelius avenue, Manassas, N. J. Better cut out this notice and show it to any others who are ruptured—you may save a life or at least stop the misery of rupture and the worry and danger of an operation.—Adv.

For the Sanitary Home—Fresh Air — Sunlight and

CREOLIN-PEARSON

Wherever it touches it purifies.

CREOLIN-PEARSON has a wide range of usefulness in your home, on the farm, in stable and factory. It is both antiseptic and disinfectant.

CREOLIN-PEARSON has a Carbolic Acid Coefficient of 9 to 10, which is clearly marked on the label for your protection. CREOLIN-PEARSON always makes a milky solution with water. This and its slight odor are characteristic.

CREOLIN-PEARSON is safe to handle as directed; it is neither caustic nor corrosive.

At Your Druggist's 25c, 50c and \$1.00 Bottles

FAIRBANK'S GOLD DUST Washing Powder

5c

With the cost of everything going up, aren't you glad to know you can still get **GOLD DUST** for 5 cents?

SINGLES FAIRBANK COMPANY





"ME NEXT!" CRY KIDS AT FOOD SALE

NEW ORLEANS.—No lagging of sales when the city of New Orleans offered food at cost. Firemen acted as sellers and these children are holding out their money and each begging to be served next.

JIM REED'S WRONG, SAY HOME TOWN PEOPLE

BY A. E. GELDHOFF
N.E.A. Staff Correspondent

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 11.—If Kansas City is a good standard for the rest of the state, Missouri is for the League of Nations, despite the strenuous efforts of Senator James A. Reed in opposition to it.

This is Senator Reed's home town. He made his reputation as a brilliant lawyer here, and was elected to the senate here. He has always been Kansas City's favorite son.

But the people of his own home town—not the politicians, but the people—are sorrowfully shaking their heads and declaring:

"Jim Reed's wrong"—everybody calls him Jim here—"Jim's fighting the League of Nations just because he had a personal scrap with President Wilson over the local postmaster'ship. The people are not behind him."

The politicians—both democratic and republican—are against the League of Nations. The vast majority of the people are for it.

I came to Kansas City the day before President Wilson arrived, and interviewed people on the street, in the stores and restaurants—anywhere the opportunity presented itself, on their sentiments regarding the league.

I remained after the president left, and again I interviewed a score or more of people.

I kept away from the politicians. I talked to the man in the street—representative of the mass of the American people.

And this is what I found: People are absolutely ignorant of what the League of Nations is and of what it means. They are not thinking about it. They are not discussing it. They are not reading the reports of the senate debates.

But after the president delivers his message, not only are they interested in it, but they are in favor of it.

Before Wilson Talked

Here's one concrete instance of it:

I stopped Adolph Remdan, a contractor, on the street the night before President Wilson spoke, and asked him what he thought about the league.

"I haven't made up my mind," he

The Hon. J. A. Reed says:

"He (President Wilson) talks much of the 'duty of sacrificing,' but even while he speaks he at government expense rides on special trains; sails upon magnificent ships fitted with special glass pavilions; lives as the palmer of princes; receives presents from foreign nobility worth hundreds of thousands of dollars; commands hotels, summons armies of retainers."

That "argument" against the League of Nations as proposed in the peace treaty, was advanced by Senator James A. Reed of Missouri in a speech at Akron, O., at the time when the senator's home town (Kansas City, Mo.) constituents were saying:

"Jim Reed's wrong!"

said. "I'm going to hear what the president has to say about it, and then decide."

"All right," I replied. "I'm going to call you up tomorrow afternoon and ask you what you decided."

"I did so. Here is his reply: 'The president has convinced me. After what he said, I don't see how anybody who heard him can be against the league.'"

I talked with dozens of men, laborers, men in overalls, even negroes, who gave me the stereotyped answer: "Don't know nothing about it."

Most of this class said they wouldn't be able to hear the president—the very men who needed, most to hear him.

But here are a few of the interviews I had before Mr. Wilson arrived in Kansas City:

Chas. E. Taylor, proprietor of a 24 per beer saloon at 311 East 12th st.—"I haven't thought much about the League of Nations. The men who come in here don't talk much about it. What's the use? The people haven't any say about it anyway."

H. S. Elder, life insurance salesman: "I'm opposed to the league, and most of the men in my office are against it. This country has no business interfering in European affairs. No, I'm not going to hear the president speak."

W. T. Kemper, chairman of the board of directors of two of the city's largest banks: "The League of Nations is one of the greatest documents that the world has seen. I think most peo-

ple in this part of the country are in favor of it, and opposed to the tactics of the senate."

E. C. Messervy, prominent republican attorney: "I favor the league with reservations, as long as the reservations are strong enough. I think that is the sentiment of the majority of the people of Kansas City. They insist that our national interests must be safeguarded."

William Groneweg, auto truck son and driver: "I've given a lot of thought standing of the league; if so I shall

to it, but I can't decide whether this country ought to join it or not. There's too much controversy over it; it even the great men in Washington are divided, how can the common people decide?"

Dr. S. T. Carl, physician: "I am for the league of nations to prevent war, and I am opposed to Senator Reed's working against the country's interests. I will hear President Wilson's message, and see if I have a proper understanding. I've given a lot of thought standing of the league; if so I shall

favor it. Most of my patients and friends are for it; the opposition is entirely political."

Walter Hutchins, stockyard's employee: "I'm not sure it's the right thing to prevent war, but we haven't got anything better. I served in the Canadian army for a year, and I'm willing to try anything that will stop wars. My friends, many of them ex-soldiers, are about equally divided in sentiment."

R. J. Clark, millwright: "I haven't studied the league much, and I haven't made up my mind. I got all I wanted of war while I was in the army and I don't pay any attention to war or league of nations talk now."

A. R. Alinsky, proprietor of a Main street pawnshop: "I know nothing about the league. I sell my suitcases and let the politicians take care of politics. I'm a lifelong democrat, though."

Elmer Williamson, farmer from Berry, Kan., who came to town to see the president: "I haven't thought much about the league; I just want to see the president. Don't know's I'll try to get in to the meeting. People down my way ain't talkin' 'bout the league much; they don't know much about it."

There you have ten typical interviews with people in all walks of life, picked at random on the streets.

Six of them admit that either they are undecided, or they haven't given the question any thought. And only one of them was outspoken against the league.

After Wilson Talked

Here are some interviews I obtained after the president had spoken here and left town:

F. E. Alderdice, still in soldier's uniform, private in the 9th Regiment: "I heard President Wilson speak, and he brought out the good points of the League of Nations better than anything I have heard or read about it. I enlisted in this war, but I don't want to do it again. I think the president is right when he says the league will prevent war."

R. J. Hawkins, stone mason, interviewed at work: "I didn't hear the president, but I'm for him. I'm sore at Jim Reed. Everything Wilson is for, he's against. Same way with Lodge and the other fellows. Wilson certainly must be right some of the time."

J. C. Toner, mechanic: "Wilson convinced me on everything except the British vote in the league. I was stationed in England in the aviation ser-

While the White Sox play ball the "fans" drink



At the White Sox Park — Close-up going!

Ward's ORANGE-CRUSH

It sure was some compliment to the cooling orangey delightfulness of Orange-Crush that it should be chosen as the leading drink at the White Sox Field this Year!

You should see the fans enjoy it! Orange-Crush bats a thousand every time the White Sox play at home.

However, you don't have to go to the ball game to drink Orange-Crush. It is

for sale everywhere

Prepared by
ORANGE-CRUSH CO., CHICAGO
Laboratory, Los Angeles

COCOA COLA BOTTLING COMPANY

605 Merrimack St.

Telephone 1020 and 4230—Lowell

The fans are certain of what they're getting, too. They know Orange-Crush is absolutely pure and surprisingly delicious because it is made from the delicate oil pressed from oranges, skillfully combined by the exclusive Ward process with such other wholesome ingredients as pure granulated sugar, carbonated water and citric acid, which is the natural acid of the orange.

Here is shown a photo of the boys who sell Orange-Crush at the White Sox Ball Park, Chicago, grouped below the sign on the score-board.



At the White Sox Park — Close-up coming!

Don't ever cough

Take



They Stop the Tickle

In this climate with its sudden changes we are all liable to catch cold.

Briggs' Menthohated Hoarhound Cough Drops are a safeguard — It is good policy to have a box handy. They relieve the cough at once.

C. A. BRIGGS CO.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Makers of Briggs' Boston Wafers

VAR-NE-SIS CONQUERS RHEUMATISM

I am positive that Var-ne-sis will do for you what it has done for others. I have seen people who supposed they were crippled for life, restored to health and vigor, and as they say, able to enjoy life once more. E. P. Buss, Mail St., Lynn, Mass., was confined to his bed for months and had to be fed by others. Var-ne-sis conquered his rheumatism. Today he is a well man. Let me send proof of what Var-ne-sis has done. Var-ne-sis at druggist or direct; liquid or tablet \$1.25. W. A. Varney, Lynn, Mass.

Almost the sole source from which sweet, UNSALTED BUTTER may be obtained in Lowell is directly from, or some food store here, which is supplied by the

Gordon Dairy Company

It goes without saying that this butter, made from cream actually produced in a dairy within a few miles of Lowell, is the best and purest of its kind. It is sold by the GORDON DAIRY COMPANY, is salted and sweetened, and is of the highest quality of butter obtainable here, with the added fact that its creamery is located in the ONLY PLACE in the city where you can see and have your butter put up for you, TAKING DIRECTLY FROM THE CUBS.

We are also a purveyor of BUTTER, CREAM, and other dairy products. We are also a purveyor of BUTTER, CREAM, and other dairy products. We are also a purveyor of BUTTER, CREAM, and other dairy products.

Creamery, 502 Worthen St.

Phone 2530

"MADE IN MIDDLESEX"

speeches, and I agree with him. I meet many people, but very few of them know anything about the treaty or have even read it. The soldiers I meet are about the only ones interested. They seem mostly undecided."

ANOTHER ARMY FOOD SALE HERE

In accordance with the suggestions embodied in a telegram received late yesterday from Mayor Perry D. Thompson, who is in Philadelphia, by his secretary, George P. Toye, the local authorities ordered another carload of army surplus food to be sold through Red Cross channels as were the two previous carloads bought by the city. The food will be placed on sale in the Red Cross workroom in Market street as soon as it arrives but when it will get here is uncertain. The order sent yesterday includes: 8000 pounds of canned peas, 10,000 pounds of canned corn, 11,000 pounds of canned tomatoes and 4000 pounds of stringless beans.

HAY FEVER
Melt VapoRub in a spoon and inhale the vapors.
VICK'S VAPORUB
"YOUR BODYGUARD" — 30¢, 60¢, \$1.20

25¢ Can Enough for 40 Washings



Grocery Stores Drug Stores General Stores Everywhere
A Package Makes Two Gallons Washing Fluid

OPPOSE RATIFICATION

Republican Members of Senate Committee Report on Treaty and League

The majority report of the senate foreign relations committee on the German peace treaty opposing ratification in the form submitted by President Wilson, was presented to the senate yesterday by Senator Lodge. It contained 15 amendments to the treaty and four reservations. A synopsis of the report appeared in yesterday's edition. Below is given the explanation of the amendments and reservations as included in the report:

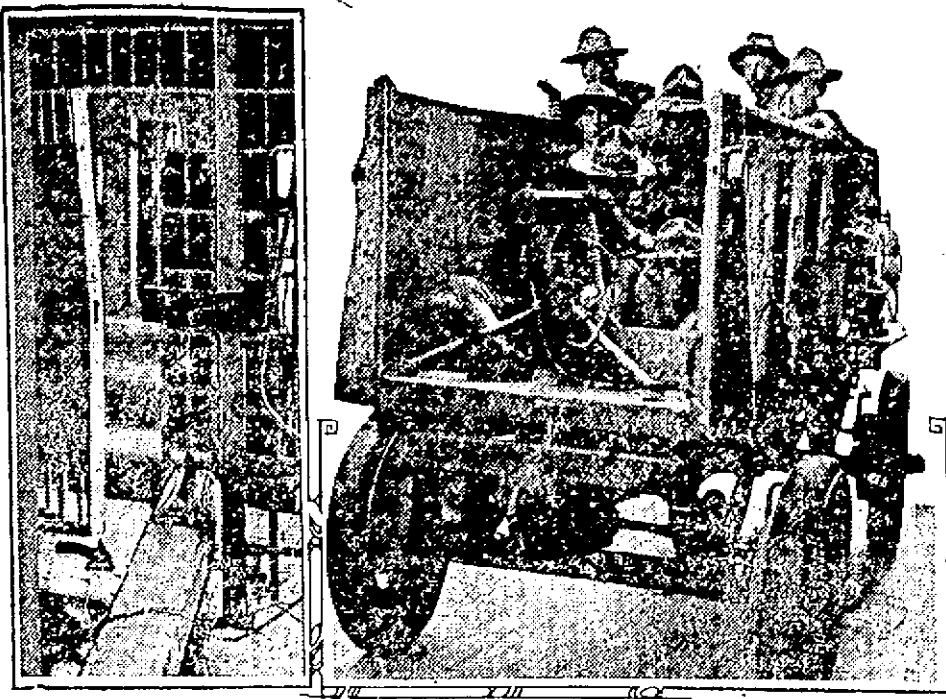
At the outset the majority report deals at length with criticisms of delay and points out that whereas the peace conference took six months to agree on the treaty, the senate foreign relations committee has had 17 working days. Demands for speed "in the most important subject that ever came before the senate of the United States," the report says, were "largely the work of the administration and its newspaper organs."

A second "artificial" demand for haste, the report says, came from "certain great banking firms, which had a direct pecuniary interest in securing an early opportunity to reap the harvest" in the adjustment of financial obligations of the warring countries. The third was in the "unthinking outcry of many excellent people, who desired early action and for the most part had never read the treaty or never got beyond the words 'League of Nations' which they believed to mean the establishment of eternal peace."

"To yield helplessly to this clamor," declares the report, "was impossible to those to whom was intrusted the performance of a solemn public duty."

Senate's Responsibility

Recalling the senate's responsibility as equal with the president's, the report



START AND FINISH OF KNOXVILLE RACE RIOTS

KNOXVILLE, TENN.—Race riots in which seven were killed started in Knoxville when a mob battered down the jail door at the left in search of a negro charged with murder of a white woman. (Arrow points to timber used as battering ram.) They ended when 500 militiamen were detailed to patrol the streets and the businesslike machine gun at the right was driven up and down the streets in the armored truck with a gun crew ready for action. The negro was removed to Chattanooga by the Knoxville sheriff, but 16 prisoners escaped when the mob searched the jail.

port recounts at some length the difficulties the foreign relations committee experienced in getting information on the treaty, being obliged to send to Paris for maps, being compelled to get "imperfect information from press reports" and having at its disposal few official documents. Collateral treaties having a bearing, the report says, the committee was unable to get. Of the sum of information received in conferences with President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, the report remarks: "The people themselves know how much information in regard to the treaty was received by the committee upon those two occasions."

Other Nations Haven't Acted

While criticism for delay has been aimed at the foreign relations committee, the report points out no action has been taken by France, Japan or Italy. The argument that the treaty should be ratified that trading with Germany might begin, the report dismisses as "rather facetious," and declares the United States has been trading with Germany in increasing volume since the signing of the armistice. The statement that trade cannot be resumed until the treaty is ratified, is characterized as a "mere illusion."

"Before leaving this subject," says the report, "it may not be amiss to

remark that Mr. Lloyd George has recently made two important speeches expressing grave apprehensions as to the social and political unrest and the economic troubles now prevalent in England. He seems to have failed to point out, however, that the ratification of the covenant of the League of Nations by Great Britain had relieved the situation which he had described. He was equally remiss apparently in omitting to suggest that prompt action by the senate of the United States in adopting the covenant of the League of Nations would lower immediately the price of beef."

Equal Power With Britain

Concerning one proposed amendment to the league covenant the report says:

"It is proposed to amend the text so as to secure for the United States a vote in the assembly of the league equal to that of any other power. Great Britain now has under the name of the British empire one vote in the council of the league. She has four additional votes in the assembly of the league for her self-governing dominions and colonies, which are most properly members of the league, and signatories to the treaty. She also has the vote of India, which is neither a self-governing dominion nor a colony, but merely a part of the empire and

which apparently was simply put in as a signatory and member of the league by the peace conference because Great Britain desired it. Great Britain also will control the votes of the Kingdom of Hejaz and of Persia. With these last two, of course, we have nothing to do. But if Great Britain has six votes in the league assembly, no reason has occurred to this committee and no argument had been made to show why the United States should not have an equal number."

"If other countries like the present arrangement that is not our affair; but the committee failed to see why the United States should have but one vote in the assembly of the league when the British empire has six."

Shouting to China

"Amendments 33 to 41, inclusive, transfer to China the German lease and rights, if they exist, in the Chinese province of Shantung, which are given by the treaty to Japan. The majority of the committee were not willing to have their votes recorded at any stage in the proceedings in favor of the consummation of what they consider a great wrong. They cannot assent to taking the property of a faithful ally and handing it over to another ally in fulfillment of a bargain made by other powers in a secret treaty. It is a record which they

THIS BLOOD-BUILDER AIDS APPETITE AND PROMOTES DIGESTION

Many People Who Have Been Helped Now Recommend a Reliable Remedy to Those Who Suffer.

There is only one way to build up a run-down system if the blood is pale and thin. Many diseases are caused by this blood. Other diseases such as rheumatism and influenza come from the blood. The blood is the life of the body. It is the blood that carries the food and oxygen to the cells of the body. If the blood is poor, the body is weak. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is the only remedy that builds up the blood and restores the body to its normal condition.

Pallor, nervousness, indigestion, sleeplessness, headaches, dizzy spells, shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart, these are a few of the symptoms of a run-down system. If you are suffering from any of these symptoms, you need Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They will build up your blood and restore your health. They will give you the strength and energy that you need to live a normal life.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been used for years as a blood-making tonic and system builder with such good results that in every community there are many people who are recommending this remedy to their friends and to others who are afflicted.

Connecticut Woman's Experience
One such person was Mrs. E. J. Murphy, of No. 173 William street, Bridgeport, Conn., who says:

"I suffered from a general breakdown as a result of overwork and worry. I was weak and tired and my appetite was poor. I was unable to do my work and I was losing weight. I was very nervous and could not sleep. I was becoming very discouraged and was about ready to give up hope of regaining my health. I heard about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began the treatment. Within a very short time I began to pick up strength and I was able to eat a hearty meal without distress. My nerves gradually grew stronger and I was able to sleep soundly. I no longer have dizzy spells and feel better in every way."

are not willing to present to their fellow citizens or leave behind them for contemplation of their children."

"Amendment No. 2 is simply to provide that where a member of the league has self-governing dominions and colonies which are also members of the league, the exclusion of the dominions under the league rules shall cover the aggregate vote of the member of the league and its self-governing dominions and parts of empire combined if anyone of them is involved in the controversy."

many of my friends as an ideal tonic."

Had Nervous Indigestion
Another grateful user of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is Mrs. Nettie Jawett, of No. 516 Main street, Clinton, Mass.

"If everyone in need of a tonic would try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," says Mrs. Jawett, "I am certain that they would join me in recommending the remedy. I was in such a badly run-down condition that I was always tired and nervous and suffered from frequent nervous spells which robbed me of much-needed sleep. My digestion was disturbed and nothing that I ate agreed with me."

"When I had become discouraged and was about ready to give up hope of regaining my health I heard about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began the treatment. Within a very short time I began to pick up strength and I was able to eat a hearty meal without distress. My nerves gradually grew stronger and I was able to sleep soundly. I no longer have dizzy spells and feel better in every way."

Do not become discouraged if your case has not been benefited by other treatment but try the tonic pills that have accomplished such wonderful results under the same condition."

Write for This Health Book

A little book "Building Up the Blood" will be sent free to any address upon request. It contains a large amount of useful information. Address the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or will be mailed, postpaid, by the company on receipt of price, 50 cents per box or six boxes for \$2.50. There has been no increase in the price of this remedy.

such commissioner of the United States cannot, except in the case of shipping where the interests of the United States are directly involved, deal with or vote upon any other questions before that commission except under instructions from the government of the United States."

"The committee proposes four reservations to be made a part of the resolution of ratification when it is offered. The committee reserves of course the right to offer other reservations if they shall so determine. The four reservations are: 1. That the United States shall have a member of the reparations commission but that

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ELECTRIC CLEANER

Cleans
by Air
Alone

Costs only two cents for electricity to operate

DECIDE NOW!

PURCHASE A ROYAL ELECTRIC CLEANER THIS MONTH AND SAVE \$5.00

Eventually you will own a ROYAL ELECTRIC CLEANER—the cleaner that cleans by air alone—needs no brush or other frictional device. The ROYAL is by far the most efficient cleaner ever devised—gets into every nook and corner—the inaccessible places that other cleaners cannot reach. It gets all the dirt, threads and lint that's in or on the rug, leaving your floor coverings fresh and new, and it does all this without wear, by air alone.

Although the selling price of ROYAL Cleaners has been advanced by the manufacturers we are offering our customers the opportunity of purchasing at the old price providing the order is placed sometime this month. This offer applies also to the ROYAL attachments, the price of which has also been advanced. Here is a splendid chance to secure the best cleaner made at a price considerably lower than it will probably ever be offered for sale again. And remember every purchaser of a ROYAL is furnished with a binding guarantee providing absolute protection against any defect in material or workmanship.



Connects to any electric socket

The ROYAL does everything any other cleaner will do and in addition does many things other cleaners cannot do. It has many individual features not found on other cleaners, such as a fourteen inch cleaning nozzle, protection of breakable parts, etc. The ROYAL cleans not only rugs and carpets but walls, tapestries, mouldings, upholstered furniture, mattresses, etc., in fact almost any article of furniture in the home.

Telephone 821 now and arrange for a free demonstration in your own home. You will be under no obligation and will not be pressed to buy. If you decide after seeing the ROYAL that you wish to purchase you pay

ONLY \$5.00 DOWN. Balance in easy monthly installments with your lighting bill

There are no interest charges on your money. You get the cleaner at exactly the same price as though you had paid spot cash.

AND REMEMBER YOU SAVE \$5.00 BY BUYING THIS MONTH

The LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORPORATION

29-31
MARKET ST.

ENORMOUS DESTRUCTION WROUGHT BY HURICANE

KEY WEST, Fla., Sept. 11.—With daylight today the people of Key West and surrounding territory were able for the first time to survey the destruction wrought by the hurricane that was swept through here Tuesday night. Not a house in the city had escaped damage and many were wrecked. The harbor presented a tangled mass of drifting vessels and other small craft but latest reports failed to show deaths other than those on the dredge Grampus.

Of the 14 men on this craft, 12 were rescued last night. One body was recovered and three are missing. The British tanker Tonawanda had to be scuttled to save the liner Connel, after that vessel had broken her moorings and gone aground. The steamer St. George also broke loose.

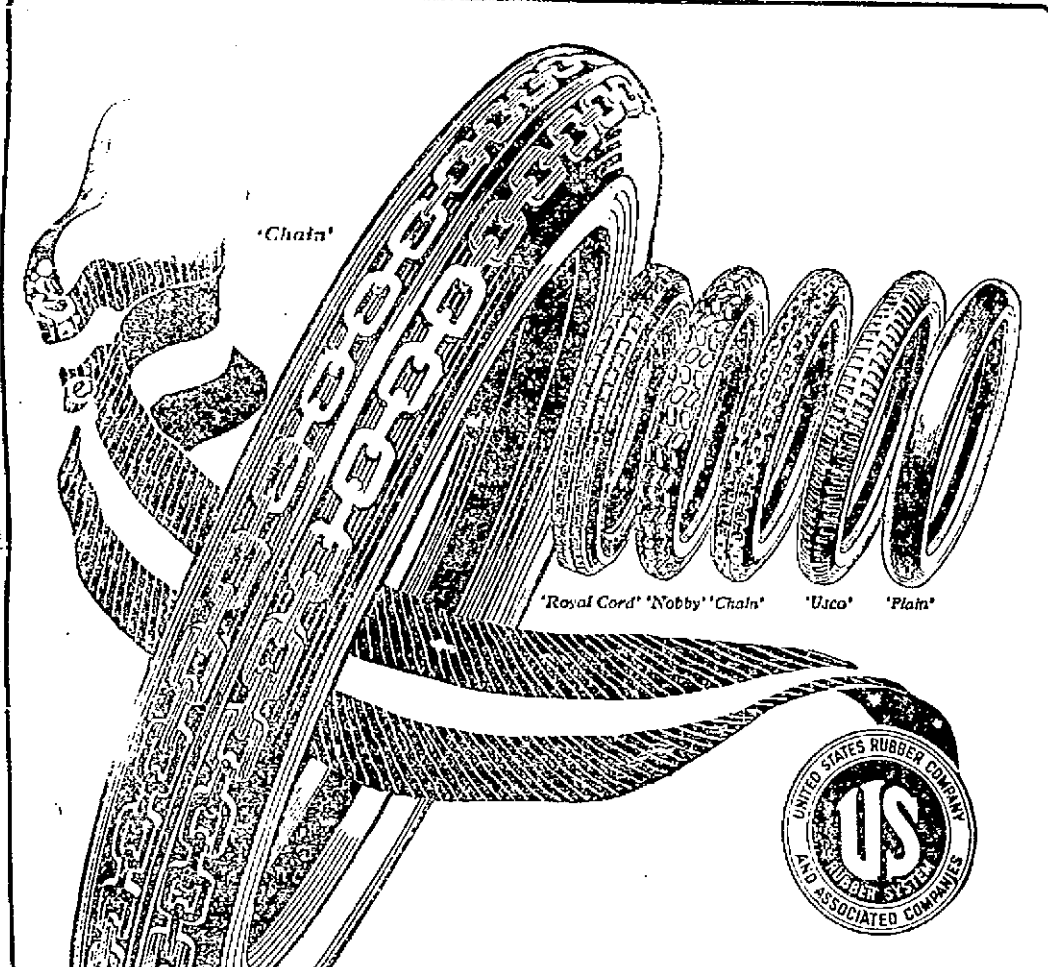
No vessels had left port early today, nor had any trains come in over the Florida East Coast railway. In addition to the temporary stoppage of gas and electricity, the telephone service was suspended and newspapers were forced to suspend publication. Some business places, all of which were closed yesterday, including restaurants, reopened today.

The Beauty of The Lily can be yours. Its wonderfully pure, soft, pearly white appearance, free from all blemishes, will be comparable to the perfect beauty of your skin and complexion if you use



Oriental Cream

MADE IN JAPAN



Many Extra Miles

We can show you—and prove to you—that there is a genuine money saving in the use of United States Tires.

The extra miles they give mean just so many extra dollars counted in real money.

And there are further actual economies in the saving of gas, oil, repairs and depreciation.

The reason of all this is in the tires themselves—their liveliness, ruggedness and sturdiness.

There are five United States Tires—a type for every make of car.

United States Tires are Good Tires

WE KNOW UNITED STATES TIRES ARE GOOD TIRES. THAT'S WHY WE SELL THEM

Anderson, T. S. & Co., W. Anderson, Geo. F. White, Hasbrouck & Blaisdell, John T. Donohue, Wilton Garage, Allen Auto Co., Billewicz, Reading Garage, H. R. Johnson, Reading, H. Louis Farmer, Tewksbury, H. H. H. Garage, Middleville, S. R. McIntosh, Waltham, A. H. Kenney, Reading.

Oppose Ratification

Continued
vations now presented are as follows:
Right to Withdraw
"1.—The United States reserves to itself the unconditional right to withdraw from the League of Nations upon the notice provided in Article 1 of said treaty of peace with Germany."
"The provision in the league covenant for withdrawal declares that any member may withdraw provided it has fulfilled all its international obligations and all its obligations under the covenant. There has been much dispute as to who would decide if the question of the fulfillment of obligations was raised, and it is very generally thought that this question would be settled by the council of the League of Nations. The best that can be said about it is that the question of decision is clouded with doubt. On such a point as this there must be no doubt. The United States, which has never broken an international obligation, cannot permit all its existing treaties to be reviewed and its conduct and honor questioned by other nations. The same may be said in regard to the fulfillment of the obligations to the league. It must be made perfectly clear that the United States alone is to determine as to the fulfillment of its obligations, and its right of withdrawal must therefore be unconditional as provided in the reservation.

Amendment to Article 10
"2.—The United States declines to assume under the provisions of Article 10, or under any other article, any obligation to preserve the territorial integrity or political independence of any other country or to interfere in controversies between other nations, members of the league or not, or to employ the military or naval forces of the United States in such controversies or to adopt economic measures for the protection of any other country, whether a member of the league or not, against external aggression or for the purpose of overruling any other country, or for the purpose of intervention

A LIFETIME OF SUFFERING

Prevented by "Fruit-a-lives"
The Wonderful Fruit Medicine

33 MAISONNEUVE ST., HOLL.
"In my opinion, no other medicine is so good as 'Fruit-a-lives' for Indigestion and Constipation.
For years, I suffered with these dreaded diseases, trying all kinds of treatments until I was told I was incurable.
One day a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-lives' (or Fruit Liver Tablets). To my surprise, I found this medicine gave immediate relief, and in a short time I was all right again."
DONAT LALONDE
Box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.
At dealers or from FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

In the internal conflicts or other controversies which may arise in any other country, and no mandate shall be accepted by the United States under Article 22, part one, of the treaty of peace with Germany, except by action of the congress of the United States.
Congress Alone Has Power
"This reservation is intended to meet the most vital objection to the league covenant as it stands. Under no circumstances, must there be any legal or moral obligation upon the United States to enter into war or to send its army and navy abroad or without the unfettered action of congress to impose economic boycotts on other countries. Under the constitution of the United States, the congress alone has the power to declare war, and all bills to raise revenue or affecting



MAGEE NATIONAL

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THE MOST PERFECT COMBINATION OF CONVENIENCE, EFFICIENCY, AND TIME-SAVING WHICH THE HOUSEWIFE HAS EVER KNOWN

GAS OVEN, COAL OVEN, IN ONE

COAL, wood or gas may be used, or either of the first, combined with gas, to secure any required degree of heat. The oven is always ready; can be heated to the desired temperature at once; food is beautifully done — on time; there are no complicated parts — no guesswork — no trouble. Simply one push of the lever does it all. Truly a miracle of helpfulness to the modern housewife. Send for the new illustrated booklet.

The Magee National is very compact [only 46 inches over all]; It is exceptionally handsome, easily kept in order and cleanly to operate. Trimmed throughout in white enamel. — Glass or plain iron oven doors if desired.

"One Oven Does It All"

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GOOKIN FURNITURE CO.
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LOWELL
MASS.

the revenue in any way, must originate in the house of representatives, be passed by the senate, and receive the signature of the president. These constitutional rights of congress must not be impaired by any agreements such as are presented in this treaty, nor can any opportunity of charging the United States with bad faith be permitted. No American soldiers or sailors must be sent to fight in other lands at the bidding of a League of Nations. American lives must not be sacrificed except by the will and command of the American people, acting through their constitutional representatives in congress.

"This reservation also covers the subject of mandates. According to the provisions of the covenant of the league, the acceptance of a mandate by any member is voluntary, but as to who shall have authority to refuse to accept a mandate for any country the covenant of the league is silent.

"The decision as to accepting a mandate must rest exclusively within the control of the congress of the United States, as the reservation provides, and must not be delegated, even by inference, to any personal agent or to any delegate or commissioner.

Domestic Questions
"3.—The United States reserves to itself exclusively the right to decide what questions are within its domestic jurisdiction and to settle them by all domestic and political questions relating to its affairs, including immigration, coastwise trade, the tariff, commerce and all other domestic affairs, are solely within the jurisdiction of the United States and are not under the treaty submitted in any way (directly or indirectly) to the consideration of the council or of the assembly of the League of Nations, or to the decision

amendments and reservations alike are governed by a single purpose and that is to guard American rights and American sovereignty, the invasion of which would stimulate breaches of faith, encourage conflicts and generate wars. The United States can serve the cause of peace best, as she has served it in the past, and do more to secure liberty and civilization throughout the world by proceeding along the path she has always followed and by not permitting herself to be fettered by the dictates of other nations or immersed and entangled in all the broils and conflicts of Europe.

"We have heard it frequently said that the United States 'must' do this and do that in regard to this League of Nations and the terms of the German peace. There is no 'must' about it. 'Must' is not a word to be used by foreign nations or domestic officials to the American people or their representatives. Equally unfitting is the attempt to frighten the unthinking by suggesting that if the senate adopts amendments or reservations the United States may be excluded from the league. This is the one thing that certainly will not happen. The other nations know well that there is no threat of retaliation possible with the United States, because we have asked nothing for ourselves and have received nothing. We seek no guarantees, no territories, no commercial benefits or advantages. The other nations will take us on our own terms, for without us their league is a wreck, and all their gains from a victorious peace are imperilled. We exact nothing selfish for our service, but we insist that we shall be the judges, and the only judges, as to the preservation of our rights, our sovereignty, our safety and our independence.

"At this moment the United States is free from any entanglements or obligations which legally or in the name of honor would compel her to do anything contrary to the dictates of conscience or to the freedom and the interests of the American people. This is the hour when we can say precisely what we will do and exactly what we will not do, and no man can ever question our good faith if we speak now. When we are once caught in the meshes of a treaty of alliance or a League of Nations composed of 26 other powers our freedom of action is gone. To preserve American independence and American sovereignty and thereby best serve the welfare of mankind the committee propose these amendments and reservations."

Presenting the majority report, Chairman Lodge announced that next Monday he would ask the senate to take up the treaty adding:

"I shall endeavor to keep it before the senate until disposed of."

It was announced that the minority report written by Senator Hitchcock, would be filed tomorrow.

HERE'S THE SECRET OF DAINY DISHES FOR THE TABLE

Dress Desserts with Miss Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme for a Few Cents

Some women seem to have the "know how" of making dainty dishes that tickle the palate. They have something new all the time and each dish seems to be more tempting than the other. Here's the secret. They have learned about Miss Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme—the creme that never goes.

It is really amazing how many desserts can be made from this delicious Marshmallow Creme. You can use it as a sauce for puddings, cakes, fruits, cereals, griddle cakes, corn cakes, or in the coffee the same as cream.

Snowflake Marshmallow Creme improves the taste of fruits. Try it on oranges, pineapples, strawberries, bananas, jellies and custards.

Anyone can make the most delicious, tempting dishes for the whole family at a cost of a few cents—and best of all, it never sours even in the warmest weather. Can be thinned with water—a delight for the "kiddies."

Miss Curtis' Snowflake Marshmallow Creme is now being demonstrated at Paterson's market and Sausage market. See her and learn how to make delicious desserts, or get a 15 cent can from any grocer.

Hair Under Arms

DeMiracle

For removing hair from under the arms there is nothing as satisfactory as DeMiracle, the original liquid. It is ready for instant use and is the quickest and most convenient to apply. DeMiracle is equally efficacious for removing hair from face, neck, arms or limbs.

Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At all toilet counters is 50c, 81 and 92 sizes, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price.

FREE book mailed in plain sealed envelope on request. DeMiracle, Park Ave. and 120th St., New York.

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UNSOLVED MYSTERY

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7 Wall Street
NEW YORK

PRINCIPAL BIXBY RESIGNS

Headmaster of Lowell High School Accepts Position in Cleveland, Ohio

Herbert D. Bixby, for the past two years headmaster of the Lowell high school and for nine years previous principal of the Bartlett grammar school, has resigned to accept a position as headmaster of the East Technical high school of Cleveland, Ohio. Although his resignation is in the hands of the school committee, no action has been taken upon it. Mr. Bixby said this morning that he plans to leave the city within a month.

A larger field of opportunity and a material increase in salary will be his in his new position. The East Technical high has approximately 2500 pupils and is considered a splendidly equipped educational plant. The preliminary offer was first made to Mr.



HERBERT D. BIXBY

Bixby a week or so ago in New York city, when he conferred with P. E. Spaulding, superintendent of Cleveland schools, although the formal opportunity did not come until Tuesday of this week.

The members of the school committee learned of Mr. Bixby's intention with a great deal of regret. He is recognized as an able teacher, organizer and leader and has enjoyed unequalled success at the high school. Only recently it has been said the harmonious atmosphere apparent within the school and embracing faculty and pupils alike, is largely due to Mr. Bixby's cohesive methods of organization and direction. The teachers of the school while holding a feeling of sincere loss in Mr. Bixby's departure, nevertheless, are glad with him for this chance of entering into a larger sphere of educational work.

Mr. Bixby was graduated from Tufts college with the degree of A. B. and from Harvard university with the degree of A. M. He later was graduated from the State Normal school in this city. His first teaching assignment was at a grammar school in Norwood. He spent nine years as principal of the Bartlett school, one year as principal of the evening high school and went to the day high as head master after the death of Cyrus W. Irish in the fall of 1917.

As is to be expected there is considerable local discussion as to his successor at the high school, but for the present names have been mentioned only informally. Among them are Frederick N. Woodward, for many years a member of the faculty and at present sub-master of the school, and Henry H. Harris, principal of the Varnum grammar school.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing, Tobin's Associate bids Lydon for best catering, Lot. 434.

J. F. Denchou, 233 Hildroth Bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.

Mrs. M. A. Callahan and family of Pleasant street have returned from Salisbury beach accompanied by Mrs. Callahan's little grand-daughter.

Commissioners Dennis A. Murphy and Charles J. Morse returned today from New York where they witnessed the big parade in which General Pershing took part yesterday. The commissioners were fortunate in securing an excellent position in front of St. Patrick's cathedral in Fifth avenue from which to view the marchers. They report that New York is crowded and that it is almost impossible to secure accommodations there.

Slit or fabric gloves are suitable for wear with a muff, and kid or leather gloves are proper for street wear. The washable kid or chambray row made prove satisfactory. They should be washed on the hands in a tepid lather of mild soap.

BY J. E. CONANT & CO. Auctioneers OFFICE LOWELL, MASSACHUSETTS

THE MELENDY BOX SHOP PLANT

OF NASHUA NEW HAMPSHIRE

has been set forth in detail by picture plan and word in catalogue form, and all the real estate and all the personal property of said plant is included in the catalogue. The public sale should be very attractive and profitable. Every bit of this is now offered to the highest bidder at public auction. The catalogue is for sale to suit purchasers who comply with the terms and conditions of sale. The public sale should be very attractive and profitable. Every bit of this is now offered to the highest bidder at public auction. The catalogue is for sale to suit purchasers who comply with the terms and conditions of sale. The public sale should be very attractive and profitable. Every bit of this is now offered to the highest bidder at public auction. The catalogue is for sale to suit purchasers who comply with the terms and conditions of sale.

DEATHS

MOOREHEAD—Mrs. Sarah Keen Moorehead, a former resident of this city, died yesterday at Warrenton, Ore. Deceased leaves two daughters, Mrs. Morton M. Walker of this city and a daughter in Maine.

RODIE—Henry Rodie, an old resident of Warrenton, died last night at his home on Princeton Boulevard, North Chelmsford, Mass. He has been for many years an attendant of St. John's church. He is survived by his wife, Annie M., and two daughters, Mrs. Clarence Smith of New Haven, Conn.; Mrs. John Hayes of Pasadena, Cal.; four sons, Fremont of Boston, N. Y.; Walter of Boston, Mass.; the Rev. Joseph Rodie of Jamestown, N. H.; and Harry of North Chelmsford, Mass.

VERVILLE—Marie, aged four days, infant daughter of Anestor and Celina Verville, died this morning at the home of her parents, 188 Perkins street. Burial took place at 2 o'clock this afternoon in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Joseph Adler.

HILL—Virginia B., aged 5 years, 8 months and 11 days, infant daughter of Alfred E. and Nellie B. (Keefe) Hill, died this morning at the home of her parents, 188 Perkins street. Burial took place at 2 o'clock this afternoon in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Joseph Adler.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of James W. McPherson, who died Sept. 16, 1918. There will be an anniversary high mass for the repose of his soul at St. Peter's church, Warrenton, on Sept. 16, 8 o'clock. Friends invited.

HIS MOTHER.

FUNERAL NOTICES

RODIE—The funeral of Henry Rodie will take place on Saturday morning at 8 o'clock from his home on Princeton Boulevard, North Chelmsford, Mass. Burial will take place in St. Joseph's cemetery, Warrenton, Ore. Undertakers, M. H. McDonough Sons in charge.

HILL—The funeral of Virginia B. Hill will take place on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of her parents, Alfred E. and Nellie B. (Keefe) Hill, 188 Perkins street. Burial will take place in St. Joseph's cemetery, Warrenton, Ore. Undertakers, C. H. Molloy & Sons in charge.

FUNERALS

THUMM—The funeral of Gottlieb Philip Thumm took place yesterday afternoon from 574 Chelmsford street, and was largely attended. A delegation composed of R. T. Robinson, E. K. C. Fred Gilmore, P. E. J. J. Sullivan, M. J. Donnelly, J. J. Burns and John Farrell, P. E. J. represented the Lowell Lodge of Elks, of which deceased was a prominent member. The services were held at the German Evangelical Lutheran church. There was a wealth of beautiful floral tributes. The bearers were M. J. Markham, P. E. J. Donnelly, John Regan, P. E. Cox, Thomas Casey and Henry Garrity, all members of Lowell Lodge of Elks. Burial took place in the family lot in Westwood cemetery, where the committal services were read by Rev. Mr. Berg. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers William Saunders. On Tuesday evening, William Mahan, exalted ruler, R. T. Robinson, E. K. C. Fred Gilmore, acting E. K. C. John Durkin, E. K. C. Eugene V. Brown, chaplain, and a large number of other officers, esquire and John Farley, P. E. R. officers of Lowell Lodge of Elks, assisted by a large delegation of friends, gathered at the home and exemplified the service of the order. The Lyric Glee club of Lawrence sang beautiful selections.

GOLAN—The funeral of the late Andrew Golan took place this morning at 8 o'clock from his home, 184 Vermont avenue, Dracut Centre, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to St. Patrick's church, where at 9 o'clock a funeral mass was sung by Rev. Francis Mullin. The choir under the direction of Mr. Thomas P. Boulger rendered the Gregorian mass, the solo being sustained by Miss Griffin and Mr. Boulger. Miss Ella M. Kelly presiding at the organ. There was a profusion of beautiful floral tributes and a splendid band of music. The bearers were William J. Pollard, George W. Bakke, Francis O'Neill, Herbert Harris, Oscar Gaulin and Thomas Bentley. At the grave Rev. Fr. Mullin read the prayer and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James P. O'Donnell & Sons.

AUTO CASES CONTINUED IN POLICE COURT

The cases of James McCarthy of Cambridge and Joseph La Farge of Ashmont, the two young men who were held in \$2000 and \$1500 respectively in Lowell police court on the charge of stealing an automobile, the property of Dr. John H. Donovan, last July, were called on continuance in police court today, and a further continuance ordered until Sept. 21. Both youths have been held in heavy bail in the Boston courts, and La Farge was yesterday sentenced to 18 months in the house of correction in Cambridge superior court for auto larceny.

Armand Menard, who was last week ordered to pay a fine of \$10 for stealing a pint of milk, failed to appear when his case was called today, and was defaulted.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

The following marriage intention was registered in Boston yesterday:

Raymond R. McLaughlin, 23, musician, 125 St. Paul street, and Lovell, 24, 45 Second st. Lowell.

COL. HOUSE IN PARIS

Returns to Resume His Place On American Peace Commission

PARIS, Sept. 11.—(Havas)—Colonel E. M. House arrived in Paris today from England, where he has been engaged in work in connection with the League of Nations. He is to resume his place as a member of the American peace commission.

TO REGAIN CONFIDENCE OF FORMER ENEMIES

GENEVA, Wednesday, Sept. 10.—Matthias Erzberger, German vice premier and minister of finance, who has been visiting in Zurich, has written a letter to the Geneva Journal, saying Germany "will do her utmost to fulfill the conditions of the peace treaty, and by hard work will try to regain the confidence and good will of her former enemies."

Boston Police Strike

Continued

at all. The mayor's position was made known when he was reminded that delegates to the American Federation of Labor convention at Greenfield would be in town this afternoon.

Asks For Navy Forces

Governor Coolidge today asked the secretary of the navy to have naval forces in readiness if they were required. In his telegram to the secretary, the governor said: "The entire state guard of Massachusetts has been called out. At the present time, the city is orderly. There are rumors of a very general strike. I wish that you would hold yourself in readiness to render assistance from forces under your command immediately upon application which I may be compelled to make of the president."

Urges Martial Law

Brig. Gen. Parker in command of the state guard, expressed the opinion that the city ought to be placed under martial law. The mayor, however, decided that this step would not be necessary at present. The six regiments of state guards totaling between 6000 and 8000 now mobilized are all that the state has available. The guards are under orders to restore lawful conditions to the point of using ball ammunition with which they were provided, if necessary. If further force is required it will be, it is expected, of a federal character.

Fear Firemen Will Strike

The suggestion of federal aid is due to the fear that certain unions affiliated with the striking policemen will carry out their threat to call sympathetic strikes. Before everything else in point of seriousness is the danger that the firemen's union will strike. Such action is viewed as leading possibly to a catastrophe unless stern measures are adopted to meet the new situation. This feature was receiving the very serious consideration of city and state officials and law-abiding citizens.

A. P. of L. Men Meet Mayor

Later in the day the mayor consented to see President O'Donnell and Business Agent Jennings of the Central Labor union who were present at the A. P. of L. convention at Greenfield when resolutions were adopted calling upon other union organizations in Boston to meet tonight and vote on the question of going out in support of the striking policemen. It was expected that the action of the convention would be discussed with the mayor or by his callers. Along with the announcement that the mayor would receive the labor leaders, it was made known that Faneuil hall, now occupied by members of the state guard, had been taken over by the mayor for use as barracks for one month. This was accepted by some as indicating that the mayor was prepared for a fight to the finish.

It was known that many business and professional men of the city had urged him to stand firm and promised him support to the end in the fight to determine whether the authorities of the mobs shall rule in Boston.

Identify Victim

The man who was shot and killed in Howard street last night was identified as Arthur E. McGill, an employee in the shipping room of Page & Shaw. According to his friends, he had no share in the disturbances and was one of the inevitable victims of curiosity.

Striking Policemen Arrested

Two striking policemen are under arrest. One is charged with drunkenness and the other with robbery. A third striking policeman is in the hospital with a bullet wound in his abdomen and is likely to die.

He first claimed that he was shot by Sergeant John D. McDonald, but later absolved the sergeant. The wounded striker whose name is Richard J. Remita, was shot, the police say, by a storekeeper who thought his place was about to be looted. This afternoon Mayor Peters issued a statement in which he claimed that more than 800 policemen had remained loyal to the city. He said:

Claims 600 Policemen Loyal

"In the difficult crisis through which we are passing, it is well that the community should remember the great organization which it owes to those of the police force who have remained true to their oath of office and who have continued to assist in the preservation of law and order. There are over 600 of these men, ranking from captains and lieutenants to patrolmen. They have faced not only physical danger but what is harder to bear—life-time associations that they have not stood by them, and they have done this without any hope or prospect of reward, except what comes from consciousness that they have done their duty and from the respect

NAVY PROTEST GUARD

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Acting Secretary Roosevelt today instructed the commandant of the Boston navy yard to establish a naval protest guard during the police strike. The guard will be charged with keeping order among the naval personnel, but will not have any police authority so far as civilians are concerned.

Favors Ireland's Cause

Continued

slack of Little Falls, N. Y., who spoke of conditions in the leather industry of his district; Edwin P. Fisher of Bethel, Vt., who reported the doings of Local 7, which he represents at the convention; William L. Lawrence and Joseph Nadeau of Manchester, N. H., who spoke at length on what their local has accomplished and D. A. Cameron of Ayer, who entertained with interesting remarks concerning the organization of his home local, which he said is the only local in membership, but the flat in action. Others who addressed the convention were John Turner, president of the Woburn local and Richard Sexton of Peabody.

James T. Burke and Joseph Hayes, both of Peabody; Joseph Moran of this city and Edward Athey of Lynn spoke interestingly in behalf of their locals and they outlined a program for the organization, that was well received.

The following resolutions furthering the cause of Irish freedom were unanimously adopted:

"Whereas, the people of Ireland, in conformity with the principles of self-determination, have expressed themselves as to the form of government under which they wish to live and have organized their republic, which is prevented from functioning by a powerful army of occupation, and

Whereas, we, individually and as a nation, have encouraged the growth of liberty and championed the cause of the oppressed, at all times, and

Whereas, to deny or to ignore the right of the Irish people to complete liberty and independence would be a plain contravention of the principles for which we entered the war. Therefore, be it

Resolved, that we, delegates of the United Leather Workers' International Union of America, in convention assembled, place ourselves on record in favor of Irish independence, and that we respectfully urge executive and congressional action on the part of our government, favoring recognition of the government of the people of Ireland. Be it

Resolved, that copies of these resolutions be forwarded to President Wilson, Vice President Marshall and to Senators Lodge and Walsh of Massachusetts.

LOWELL BOYS' CLUB IS CHARACTER BUILDER

A seething, kaleidoscopic, shifting mass of boys, ranging in age from five to 20; an ever-changing, always moving, happy, noisy crowd of youngsters, of all creeds and nationalities; a beehive of activity, through which may be seen moving the calm unruffled figure of Major Walter E. Jeyes—this is what one finds on the floor of the gymnasium of the Lowell Boys' club six evenings a week, a club of 1300 members from all sections of the city, whose purpose is to help the boy to help himself and whose only membership requirement is that the boy possess a clear tongue and a boy's heart.

Not that the gym is the only attraction which nightly draws its quota of from 100 to 1000 Lowell youngsters to the club building on Dutton street; far from it. The pool room, the library, the "game" room—where every form of game imaginable, from dominoes to blind man's bluff can be played, the shower baths, all are a magnet which appeals mightily to the boys. And all is free.

And so they gather during the early evening hours at the club, forget the heart aches and troubles of this world where all is not sunshine, and throw themselves with energy unbought into the nightly program of athletic events and games, community singing, physical training work, and just plain, honest-to-goodness fun which constitutes the yearly program mapped out by Supt. Jeyes, who still carries with him the heart of a boy.

There are also movies, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings are movie nights at the club, which means that the boys gather in the game room which can be transformed in a few brief minutes into a first class picture show, while "Charlie" Chaplin and big "Bill" Hart and other stars famous for their veracity or funmaking attributes fill across the screen. Educational pictures, too, dealing with many and varied subjects are a feature of the programs.

But it is the gym with which we are mostly concerned, for there it is that the boy of today really finds his true element. Basket ball, hand ball, wrestling contests, boxing matches, punching the bag, dumb bell and parallel bar work—these are but a few of the events on tap throughout the evening hours.

And the running track which circles the floor—that too, is never deserted. One must imagine that the 500 youngsters who fill the spacious floor were running wild—and so they are at times, although the strange thing is that some unseemly word, one unfair action, and presto, the offender sees Major Jeyes' eye upon him, and has his attention called to the fact that he is violating the ethics of the organization.

"Were all ready for a busy season," explained the major, in discussing his plans for the fall and winter. "It's almost time to organize our basketball team and physical training class, and if everything goes well I hope to stage an amateur night every week. We'll offer small cash prizes to the boys who compete, and I expect that this event is going to bring out more talent than we ever knew we possessed."

The physical director for the classes hasn't been appointed yet but soon will be. A talk on hygiene will be given every evening as in the past. Community singing, which we usually hold on the nights that we show moving picture shows, will be continued this season, and we find that we've got some mighty fine singers among the boys. Cross country hikes, in groups of 20 to 30 boys, will soon be underway. We will make trips throughout the suburbs, and possibly farther.

"Card playing and smoking are absolutely tabooed. Every form of healthful amusement and sport is here for the boys, and there are no strings attached to membership. Every boy in the city, no matter what race, nationality, creed or color, is welcome at all times, and the privileges are as free to him as the boys who wish to even up as bona-fide members. All we require is that he keeps his language clean, and plays the part of a gentleman."

"Yes, I'm the superintendent, I suppose," smilingly continued the major. "But the boys own the club. It's their home, and they know it. And it is their co-operation that has made the organization what it is—a real home for boys, who can find amusement and recreation here that they cannot find on the street corners."

"Busy, yes, we're busy. But if we

BIG DECLINES IN STEEL

Announcement of Proposed Strike of Steel Workers Causes Heavy Selling

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Announcement of the proposed strike of steel workers caused heavy selling and violent declines among leading industrial stocks at the opening of today's stock market.

Trading in United States Steel was so exciting and confusing that the first quotation for that stock did not appear until 10:15 o'clock.

Steel common opened with a block of 12,000 shares at 101 to 102 1/2, followed by smaller offerings at 102 3/4 and 103 1/4, as compared with Tuesday's final price of 103 1/2.

Crucible Steel made initial decline of 11 points, Bethlehem dropped almost 8 and Republic Iron 4. Other active stocks, including Mexican Petroleum and similar speculative favorites opened at reactions of 2 to 6 points.

There were vigorous rallies in the first hour. Substantial support was shown at the lower levels, after which the market settled down to comparative dullness.

United States Steel rallied 2 points, Bethlehem 4, Crucible 6, and Mexican Petroleum 1. In a few cases, notably Baldwin Locomotive, U. S. Rubber and American International, the recovery reduced losses to nominal proportions.

Why do so many Women suffer with Anaemia?

THE answer to this, is they do not realize that they have Anaemia. WOMEN who work in factories, think they are "only tired" or "run-down" when they lose their appetite; do not sleep well; and get discouraged because they can't do more work. They have Anaemia.

OTHERS are pale and thin and hollow-eyed. They suffer with headaches and backaches, and their nerves are all mustrung. They have Anaemia and need RED PILLS.

STILL others are troubled with fainting, dizziness, exhaustion, and should be taking RED PILLS for Anaemia.

NOW, why are RED PILLS equally good for all these troubles? Because they are all the result of Anaemia or poor blood. Anaemia means that the blood does not contain enough of certain substances to properly nourish and rebuild the body. RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women are food for the blood. They supply the elements which the blood requires to keep the whole system in perfect health.

AFTER a few weeks' treatment with RED PILLS, you notice a difference in yourself. You feel brighter and happier. You can do more work. You work easier. Headaches and backaches disappear. Nerves are forgotten. You eat and sleep better. And day by day, the improvement goes on as RED PILLS feed the blood, until—before you realize it—you are a well, happy, contented woman.

IF you now know that you are suffering from Anaemia, don't let the trouble develop into something more serious. Stop it now—get well—by taking RED PILLS for pale and weak women, the infallible prescription for Anaemia.

MRS. I. ROULEAU, 44 Main Street, Northbridge, Mass., says: "Working in the factory had weakened me to such a point that I was quite discouraged, and I thought I was a very sick woman. This excessive weakness was bringing on to me all kinds of pains, troubles and sufferings. RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women brought me back to health in no time. A few boxes made all the difference in the world to me. Not only have they helped me, but they have also proved very helpful to my young daughter who was fifteen years of age, and who was having a great deal of trouble at this critical period of her life. Now we both take them now and again, when we feel depressed, or when we feel weak, and they have always done for us the good we are looking for."

CAUTION:—The formula of RED PILLS for Pale and Weak Women was first discovered in Paris, in the year of 1870, by a famous French specialist. They have been largely used in France by French women ever since. American women are now using them with gratifying results for the treatment of Anaemia and general debility.

Limit on the signature: — "CIE CHIMIQUE FRANCO AMERICAINE", and the serial number on each box. 50 cents, or six boxes for \$2.50 at dealers or by mail. Franco-American Chemical Company Limited, 212 Mill Street, Boston, Mass.

Lowell men who saw the worst there was to be seen in the world war and came out of it with his body pretty well shattered. He was a member of Co. K of the old Sixth regiment, but during the war, known as the 191th. He went to France in the summer of 1917 with the other members of the unit and took part in practically every campaign in which the company was engaged. He returned to Lowell last spring and is now employed in the supply office at Camp Devens.

At the battle of Chateau Thierry in the summer of 1918 one of Sgt. McNerney's companions was wounded and unable to move without assistance. Without hesitation the Lowell soldier went to his assistance through a machine gun barrage and dragged him to safety. He was later wounded himself in the same campaign and compelled to go to a base hospital. In the fall he insisted on joining his unit again in the Argonne forests, although his wounds were not fully healed.

His home is at 1115 Middlesex street and he is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McNerney.

Sergt. McNerney Honored

Continued

of the highest honors at their command.

The United States government has awarded Sergt. McNerney the American Distinguished Service cross and the French government the croix de guerre.

The distinguished service cross was received at the local arm recruiting station last Monday noon and Sergt. McNerney was later notified to appear at the army station in Merrimack street where Major C. F. Elysey made the formal presentation.

Later in the week or perhaps early next week Sergt. McNerney will be called to Boston where he will be presented the croix de guerre by his former commander, General Clarence R. Edwards. Surmounting the emblem will be a gilt star denoting the fact that the Lowell hero has also been awarded a citation for bravery by the sister republic.

Sergt. McNerney was one of the

CITY OF LOWELL TO GENERAL CONTRACTORS

The Memorial Public Building Commission invite sealed proposals to erect and complete a Memorial Auditorium on the property bounded by East Merrimack street, Brown street and the Concord river, Lowell, Mass. All proposals must be on the form hereto contained, and addressed to the Commission. The Commission will be in open public session at 11 o'clock in the forenoon on Wednesday the 15th day of October, 1919, at the Aldermanic Chamber, City Hall, Lowell, Mass. Bids will be received on said day from 11 a. m. to 11:30 a. m. and all bids will be opened by the Commission at 11:30 a. m. at which time the proposals will be publicly read. Each bid must be made out in duplicate and delivered to the Commission while it is in session at the aforementioned time, the bid may be delivered in person or by attorney or agent and there must be enclosed a certified check for THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS (\$3,000), payable to the City of Lowell. The Commission reserves the right to reject any or all bids, to cause the contract to be offered to any bidder and accepted by him, all the certified checks will be returned to the bidders except the successful one. When the contract is executed and the bond signed, but in case any contractor who offered the contract declines to make it, his check shall be forfeited to the City. Plans and specifications will be ready for examination by September 15, 1919. One set of plans and specifications can be consulted at the office of Mr. Harry Prescott Graves, in Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass. Another set can be consulted at the office of the Architect, Blackall, Clark & Battlemore, 29 Braxton street, Boston, Mass. Contractors desiring to order such plans and specifications to take away must be required to pay the net cost of same and are requested to order such plans and specifications of R. L. Makiopeter, 332 Washington street, Boston, Mass., who will furnish blueprints of all drawings and specifications when so ordered by the Commission, and there must be enclosed a check for the number of the drawings which he wishes, the Commission, however, according to no responsibility for the delivery of these drawings and the City of Lowell left with the Commission. Plans and specifications will be ready for examination by September 15, 1919. One set of plans and specifications can be consulted at the office of Mr. Harry Prescott Graves, in Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass. Another set can be consulted at the office of the Architect, Blackall, Clark & Battlemore, 29 Braxton street, Boston, Mass. Contractors desiring to order such plans and specifications to take away must be required to pay the net cost of same and are requested to order such plans and specifications of R. L. Makiopeter, 332 Washington street, Boston, Mass., who will furnish blueprints of all drawings and specifications when so ordered by the Commission, and there must be enclosed a check for the number of the drawings which he wishes, the Commission, however, according to no responsibility for the delivery of these drawings and the City of Lowell left with the Commission.

otherwise before the opening of the session above mentioned as no member of said Commission will receive any such bid or be in any way responsible for its custody.

THE MEMORIAL PUBLIC BUILDING COMMISSION

By JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Chairman.

FORM OF PROPOSAL

To the Memorial Public Building Commission:

(a) The undersigned represents that the proposal is made in good faith, without fraud, collusion or connection of any kind with any other bidder for the same work; that he is competing in his own interest and in his own behalf; that he is not acting as an agent for any undisclosed person, and that no other person has any interest in the profits of the contract; that he has informed himself fully in regard to all conditions pertaining to the work and in regard to the place where it is to be done, made his own examinations and estimates and from them makes this proposal.

(b) The undersigned proposes to furnish all labor and materials required to erect and complete a Memorial Auditorium in accordance with plans furnished by Blackall, Clark & Battlemore, Architect, for the sum specified below, subject to additions and deductions according to the specifications, and in all respects according to the terms thereof.

(c) The undersigned agrees that if, within twenty days from the day named for leaving this proposal, notice that the proposal is accepted by the City shall be mailed to him at the business address given below, or shall be delivered to him, he will, at 12 m. of some day of the six week days next following, appear at the City Hall, at the office of the Commission, and deliver for the City a contract and bond properly executed, with such conditions as may be required, and which shall have been made prior to the time named for leaving his proposal; the contract to be in triplicate, and the bond to be of such an amount and with such conditions as may be required by the Commission, and said contract and bond to be subject to the approval of the City Solicitor of the City of Lowell.

(d) The undersigned further agrees that the certified check payable to the City of Lowell left with the Commission herewith is the property of the City, and the amount thereof is the amount of damages which the City will, before the bids are submitted, be liable to pay to the City, if the undersigned, or if the undersigned executes, who is not an individual or firm, and delivers said contract and bond, the check, or its amount, is to be paid to him upon execution of the contract.

(e) The undersigned further agrees to complete all the work covered by the drawings and specifications, ready bids to the Commission by mail, or for occupancy, on or before